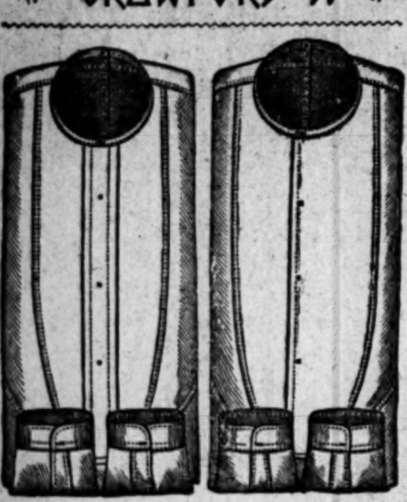
Foreign News ONE DAY EARLIER IN THE POST-DISPATCH

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

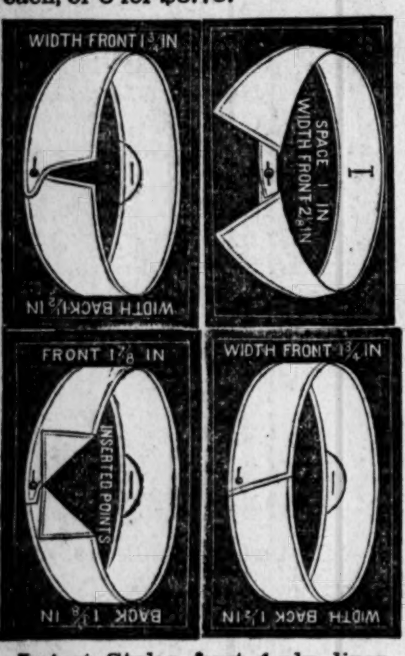
LOCAL NEWS ONE DAY EARLIER IN THE POST-DISPATCH

VOL. 38.—NO. 252. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 23, 1888. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK

CRAWFORD'S.



Either style, made of the best-wearing muslin manufactured, 1900 linen bosoms, lined with heavy butcher linen, full reinforced, faced sleeves and back, double flat felled throughout, perfect fitting; with cuffs or bands, unlaundered, 75c, or 6 for $4.25; laundered, $1 each, or 6 for $5.75.



Latest Styles, best 4-ply linen, 10c each.

W. D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Dr. OWEN'S ELECTRO Galvanic Body Belt

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE.

Patented August 16th, 1887.

No. 4 Gents' Belt.

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Belt and Suspensory will Cure the following diseases and all others of a nervous character: Rheumatism of any kind, Sciatica, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Spinal Diseases, St. Vitus Dance, Brights Disease, Piles, Heart Disease, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Wasting of the body, all diseases caused from Indiscretion in Youth or Married Life, Nervous Prostration, Personal Weakness or Exhaustion, Female Complaints, in fact all nervous diseases pertaining to Male or Female.

We challenge the world to produce a belt that will compare with it. The current is under control of the wearer and can be made mild or strong to suit any complaint; this cannot be done with any other belt. The suspensory for weakness of men is connected directly to the Battery, the disks are so adjusted that by means of our Appliances the Electricity can be carried to any part of the body or wherever the disease is located. This is the latest and greatest improvement ever made in applying Electricity to the body for the cure of disease or as a remedial agent. This Electro-Galvanic Body Belt has just been patented August 16, 1887, and is superior to all others. Every buyer of a belt wants the best, and thus he will find the Owen Belt to be. It differs from all others. It is a Battery Belt containing 10 Galvanic cells with 10 degrees of strength, except our No. 4 full power Guarantee Belt which contains two Batteries and twenty Galvanic Cells, with twenty degrees of strength, has a positive and negative current, and the current can be reversed.

The Owen Belt is not a chain, wire, or Voltaic belt or a Pad, Shield, Girdle or Corset of any description. It will cure all complaints curable by by Electricity or by a galvanic battery. The Electric current can be tested by any one before it is applied to the body and is worn only from 6 to 10 hours day or night. After examining this belt you will buy no other as it is light and easily worn and is superior to all others offered for sale. To show the entire confidence we have in our Electro-Galvanic Belt and appliances we will send our full power No. 4 Belt complete to responsible parties on 30 days trial and if it does not prove to be and do what we represent you can return it to us after 30 days. Physicians endorse the Owen Belt as the best. Send 4 cents postage for our free illustrated pamphlet of 1[illegible] pages written by a physician of over 40 years experience, which will be sent you with our book of testimonials in sealed envelope, giving full instructions how to treat yourself with Electricity without the aid of a physician or the use of medicine. Send also for a pair of Dr. Owen's Electric Insoles, which will cure you of Rheumatism, Gout, Chilblains, Cramps in feet or legs or cold feet.

Do not waste your money on belts patented years ago. We have private consultation rooms for ladies as well as gents, and all who call or write us can rest assured they will receive an honest opinion, and if the belt is not adapted to their case they will be so advised. Open at all [illegible]—days, nights and Sundays—call or write doctor. Consultation at office or by mail. [illegible]ow to obtain trial belt see 1[illegible] page pam[illegible]

[illegible] Electric Belt & Appliance Co. [illegible] St., Incorporated June 16, 18[illegible]

(Mention this Paper.)

OPENING

—AND—

GRAND DISPLAY

OF IMPORTED

PATTERN HATS AND BONNETS!

And Exposition of Parisian Novelties in Millinery and Fancy Goods,

To-Day and To-Morrow,

To which we cordially invite every lady in this city and vicinity.

FAMOUS MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS DEPARTM'T

BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

TAKE NOTICE.

D. H. Booth Decorative Co.

HAVE A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF

NEW SPRING STYLE WALL PAPERS.

All the Modern Styles of Fresco Work in Oil and Distemper. | Agents for the New Lacquer Papers, Lusterines, etc.

216.......NORTH BROADWAY.......216

SPRING STYLES

BEST $5 HAT IN THE CITY.

E. GOEDDE,

104 N. BROADWAY, 1816 FRANKLIN AV.

BOYS' HATS

In great variety at PRICES BELOW ALL COMPETITION.

Important Notice

We respectfully notify the public that we have NO BRANCH STORE, but are still at our old store, 1128 and 1130 Olive st., and are the ONLY successors to the old firm of NATHAN, STERN & CO.

H. J. Nathan & Bro.,
1128, 1130 Olive St.

ASK For this — Your GROCER Brand.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

OUR HAMS and BREAKFAST BACON are selected and cured in this city with the greatest care and attention, and we guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your grocer does not keep our BRAND OF HAMS notify us, and we will give you the address of one that does. See that the above BRAND is on the HAM.

COX & GORDON,

(Telephone 2209. [illegible] South Third [illegible]

Spring Oversacks.

The clothing for Spring falls into line behind the nobby Overcoat.

What is it to be like? That claims first notice.

You'll get a full object-lesson at Wanamaker's. On the variety of designs in the goods first. Don't stop there. In the easy stairway of prices we give your dollars. Don't stop there. There's more beyond.

There's style! Style isn't everything in the Spring Oversack. We mustn't say that. But, it lords it over everything. Study Wanamaker's styles.

Get the long soft roll if you would have the latest in tailoring.

See that the garment isn't too long. Ours are right.

With these determined, you'll revel in what elegance can be put into your Spring Overcoat, silk-lined throughout, if you like: or silk-faced to the edge; or silk-faced to the button-holes: or without any of these adornments with silk, yet fully as stylish.

Such garments *Wanamaker's* show in plenty.

The Spring Suit to be made to measure. Give that early thought. Nearly 1000 styles of goods here to select.

We always turn back to the practical conclusion: What are we merchants for? To make money by fair prices.

Wanamaker's fair prices'll save you money.

Wanamaker & Brown,
210 and 212 N. Broadway.

LATEST EDITION

MORRISON R. WAITE.

DEATH OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

A Slight Chill Which Developed Into a Serious Malady Terminating Fatally at 6 O'Clock This Morning—The Chief Justice's Attendance at the Supreme Court Session Monday Believed to Have Aggravated His Trouble—Mrs. Waite in California—The President Shocked by the News—Adjournment of the United States Supreme Court and Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Chief Justice Waite of the United States Supreme Court died at his residence in this city at 6:10 o'clock this morning. The Chief Justice was in his usual health, though exhausted by his recent severe labors, until Saturday night, when on returning from Senator Hearst's, where with his daughter he attended a reception, he complained of a chill. This feeling passed off during the night, but he r[illegible]mained in bed throughout Sunday, and until [illegible] time for him to go to the court on Monda[illegible], [illegible]ing then from malaria and vague indisposition, he did not read the opinion in the telephone case, but sat through its reading and then returned to his home. He was wakeful Monday night and on Tuesday morning symptoms of acute bronchitis appeared, accompanied by insomnia and great restlessness. His condition Tuesday was not alarming, but on Wednesday circumscribed pneumonia showed itself. During Thursday night he was comfortable and no particular alarm was felt, but at 6 o'clock this morning failure of the heart's action was observed, and at 6:10 he passed away. His daughter, Miss Mary F. Waite, and his son, Mr. C. C. Waite, Vice-President of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad, were with him when he died. Drs. Caroline B. Winslow and Frank A. Gardner were in attendance. Mrs. Waite left Washington for California about a week ago and is supposed now to be in Los Angeles.

THE FATAL ILLNESS.

The following are the full particulars of Justice Waite's last and fatal illness: The Chief Justice dined out on Saturday evening, and on his return home he became so ill that his family physician, Dr. Winslow, was sent for. He was confined to his bed on Sunday, and on Monday he insisted upon going to the Supreme Court to be present when the decision in the telephone suits was rendered. The weather was mild and the doctor yielded to his request, every precaution being taken to prevent any ill effects from the journey. The telephone decision had been written by the Chief Justice, but he was too ill to read it from the bench and that duty was therefore performed by Justice Blatchford. Special care was taken that no evidence of the Chief Justice's illness should appear, and none of the throng that heard the decision read suspected the real reason why it was announced by Justice Blatchford. As soon as possible after the reading, Justice Waite left the bench and was hurriedly driven home. It is admitted that the trip to the Capitol was far from prudent in Justice Waite's condition, but it is asserted that no serious consequence can be ascribed to it. The Chief Justice was determined to go and

THE DOCTOR HAD TO YIELD.

He went back to bed and since then had been a very sick man. Miss Waite was the only member of the family at home, her mother being on the Pacific coast and her brother and sister-in-law in Cincinnati. The Chief Justice's son was telegraphed for, and he and his wife reached Washington yesterday. In the afternoon a consultation of physicians was held in the sick chamber. None of the Supreme Court Justices had any information to give to inquirers, and extraordinary efforts were made by all having knowledge of the facts to keep the Chief Justice's illness a secret. Arrangements have been made for the speedy return of Mrs. Waite.

FORMER ILLNESS.

Justice Waite's illness was [illegible] to trouble with his liver and spleen, c[illegible]plicated with very painful stomach disorders. Justice Waite had a very serious fit of sickness just at the close of the administration of President Arthur. He was confined to his house for several weeks with an attack of erysipelas that threatened at one time to have a fatal termination. The serious character of his illness at that time was not generally known until after the crisis had been passed and it was not until he became well enough to be up and about his house on I street that newspaper paragraphs appeared reporting him to be in danger. The Justice was a hale man to look at, but he had a stroke of paralysis some years ago and his friends have been solicitous about him on that account, fearing a recurrence of old symptoms. After his recovery from this illness he traveled and sought recreation by prolonged abstention from the duties of the Supreme Court.

Arrangements for the funeral have not as yet been made. The Chief Justice will be buried in Toledo, O.

THE SUPREME COURT ADJOURNS.

Associate Justice Miller, the senior member of the court, after leaving the residence of the late Chief Justice sent invitations to his fellow members to meet him at the consultation room of the court, where they all assembled at 11 o'clock, remaining closeted together until noon. The Attorney-General and leading members of the bar were present in the courtroom when the court assembled and the seats outside the rail were filled with spectators. The chair of the Chief Justice was simply draped with crape, but in no other respect did the appearance of the chamber give any indication of the mournful nature of the occasion. When the court entered the chamber the Marshal announced "The Honorable Associate Justice of the Supreme Court," varying the usual formula by the omission of the title of the deceased. When the court and the assemblage were seated, Justice Miller in a low broken voice said:

"It is my painful duty to announce to the bar of this court that its honored Chief Justice departed this life this morning at 6:30 o'clock. This is not the occasion to make any extended observance on the subject, which will be done in due time. The court will adjourn until 12 o'clock on Monday, April 2."

Thereupon the court and the assemblage retired.

THE PRESIDENT NOTIFIED.

The President was informed of the death of the Chief Justice by Col. Lamont. The latter was at his residence preparing to go to the White House, when a messenger arrived with a note from Mr. C. C. Waite, son of the Chief Justice, saying that his father died this morning and requesting him to notify the President. He also received a letter from Dr. Ruth of the navy giving him the same information and adding a few details as to the cause of death. Col. Lamont proceeded at once to the White House and found the President in the library opening his mail. The President was very much shocked at the intelligence. He was aware that the Chief Justice had been in bad health for a time but he was not prepared to hear of his death. Quite an intimacy had sprung up between the two officials since the President's term began, and the latter has often been heard to express himself in terms of the highest praise of the Chief Justice's character and ability. The President immediately wrote a letter to Mrs. Waite, expressing his deep sympathy for her in her sad bereavement, which he said was not only a personal loss to himself but a great loss to the public service.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

2:15 p. m.—The following official notice of the death of Chief Justice Waite has just been issued by the Department of State:

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES:

The painful duty devolves on the President to announce the death at an early hour this morning at his residence, in this city, of Morrison R. Waite, Chief Justice of the United States, which exalted position he had filled since March 4, 1874, with honor to himself and high usefulness to his country.

In testimony of respect to the memory of the honored dead, it is ordered that the Executive offices in Washington be closed on the day of the funeral and be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that the national flags be displayed at half-mast on the buildings and on all the national vessels the day of the funeral.

By the President: T. F. BAYARD, Secretary of State.

Washington, March 23, 1888.

THE SENATE MOURNERS.

President Pro tem Ingalls has appointed Senators Sherman, Hoar, Wilson (Iowa), Pugh and George as the committee to represent the Senate at the funeral of Chief Justice Waite. Senator Edmunds was selected as the first member of the committee, but was excused on account of ill health.

ACTION BY THE SENATE.

When the Senate convened this morning, the clerk proceeded to read the journal of yesterday, when Mr. Edmunds rose and moved that its further reading be dispensed with. That order having been taken, the presiding officer laid before the Senate a communication from Mr. Justice Miller, notifying the Senate (by the direction of the Supreme Court of the United States) that the Chief Justice died at his residence this morning at 6:30.

Mr. Edmunds then rose and said (the Senate chamber being unusually hushed): "Mr. President, on the 21st of January, 1874, Chief Justice Waite received his commission and took his seat as presiding officer of that great tribunal, and for now more than fourteen years, partially in times of great excitement and difficulty and struggle, and through a career in that court and out of it, embracing questions of the widest importance to human rights, both of liberty and property, the Chief Justice has been the conspicuous figure in the jurisprudence of this nation, and perhaps not less conspicuous in respect of the jurisprudence of the whole world. His career is ended for this life. It has been touched in these fourteen years, by no stain, by no reproach, by no fault or failing, either official or personal. Upright, brave, even-minded, impartial, patient, affectionate, kindly, as a citizen, and in every walk of private life he has filled his career with honor, great honor, to himself and with infinite benefit to his country. I move, Mr. President, that the chair appoint a committee of five Senators to take such action as may be expedient in respect to attending the funeral of the Chief Justice, and to other matters concerning it. (Agreed to.) I now move that, as a further mark of respect, the Senate do now adjourn till Monday next."

The motion was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned till Monday.

ACTION IN THE HOUSE.

When the House convened this morning, on motion of Mr. Matson of Indiana the consideration of the Logan and Blair pension bills was postponed until Monday next. The Speaker laid before the House a communication from Justice Miller of the Supreme Court, announcing the death of the Chief Justice.

E. B. Taylor of Ohio said: "It seems that the great office that was occupied yesterday by Mr. Morrison R. Waite is vacant to-day. It is second in dignity to none that I know of in the whole civilized world. It has been occupied by him for many years with an ability, an industry, a disposition to conscientiously discharge his whole duty in such a way that to-day the whole nation is in mourning for his decease. This is not a time for an eulogy, nor in fact for any extended remarks, but for the purpose of exhibiting the fact that this House has a respect for his memory, I ask the clerk to read and the House to adopt the following resolution:

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives has heard of the death of Chief Justice Waite of the Supreme Court of the United States which occurred this morning at 7 o'clock, with feelings of deep and sincere sorrow.

Resolved, That while the nation mourns the loss of one of its most illustrious sons, it is fitting that the House, representing the people, express its deepest sympathy with the family of the deceased in their affliction.

Resolved, That the House will attend in a body the funeral of the late Chief Justice, and the Speaker is requested to appoint a committee consisting of nine members to act as such a committee of the Senate in any necessary action relating to the funeral.

Resolved, That as an additional mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the House do now adjourn.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the House at 12:25 o'clock adjourned until to-morrow.

The committee appointed by the Speaker to represent the House is as follows: William D. Kelley of Pennsylvania, G. E. Seney of Ohio, Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio, W. C. P. Breckenridge of Kentucky, John W. Stewart of Vermont, H. H. Carlton of Georgia, Jos. G. Cannon of Illinois, A. R. Anderson of Iowa, and C. A. Russell of Connecticut.

The News in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—The announcement of the death of Chief Justice Waite comes with peculiar sadness to many people in Cincinnati. Aside from what is known of him as a public man by all, he has been the honored acquaintance and friend of a large circle of citizens, by reason of his residence here in 1873, when he was President of the Ohio Constitutional Convention, and also by the fact of his frequent visits to his son, Mr. C. C. Waite, Vice-President of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad. To all who knew him the news of his death is most unwelcome.

The *Times-Star* says editorially: "Few men have won and kept the friendship of all associates as a private citizen and the respect of all parties as a public official so long and thoroughly as M. R. Waite. No one has left a more enviable record as a practitioner and jurist, and the death of no public man in the country would be more widely or sincerely mourned. His honors came as the rewards of merit and not as the fruits of self-seeking. It is no secret that he has been named for the highest honor in the gift of the nation, and that he has discouraged such talk, believing that political ambition should never sully judicial robes. His sudden death leaves an unexpired and most important vacancy to be filled by appointment of the President, and it is one of the indecencies of modern politics that the same dispatches which announce the Chief Justice's death are accompanied by others canvassing the chances of his possible successor."

In this connection it may be said that in the first haste to suggest a successor here the general voice gives the name of Hon. Wm. S. Groesbeck. Of course there is no such thing as a "movement" in that direction, but that is the common talk of the street, as men in private discuss the news and the possibilities.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MEETING.

President Goodal called the Chamber of Commerce to order at 1 o'clock this afternoon and announced the death of Chief Justice Waite. He said that although the deceased was not a member of this body, yet it was fitting that such announcement as this should be made in consideration of the fact that the late Chief Justice was a distinguished citizen of Ohio. On motion of Chaplain C. N. Holloway, a committee of eleven was appointed to report a proper memorial.

At His Early Home.

TOLEDO, March 23.—The announcement of the death of Chief Justice Waite caused a profound impression in this, his early home. Flags are flying at half mast at 9 o'clock this morning.

THE DEAD CHIEF JUSTICE.

Mr. Waite's Appointment to the Position He Occupied a Compromise.

The striking events of his life are few, and his elevation to the position he occupied at the time of his death was the result of a compromise. Caleb Cushing was nominated to be Chief Justice by President Grant, but there developed such intense opposition to his confirmation that his name was withdrawn. Mr. Cushing was then sent to Spain as Minister. George H. Williams, who was Attorney-General in President Grant's Cabinet, was nominated for the place, but his name had also to be withdrawn. The Bar Association of New York adopted strong resolutions against Williams, and it became evident he would not be confirmed. Then the name of Morrison Remick Waite of Ohio was nominated. The following is the comment made on the nomination by the *Nation:* "The President in selecting Mr. Waite for the Chief Justiceship has, with remarkable skill, avoided choosing any first-rate man. Mr. Waite stands in the front rank of second-rate lawyers. He is little known in his own State and would not be known at all if he had not been one of the counsel at Geneva, a position which he owed, it is said, to the recommendation of Mr. Delano." However it was generally conceded that Mr. Waite was an honest man, and he was confirmed by a practically unanimous vote of the Senate, sixty-three members voting for confirmation and nine not voting or absent. He took the oath of office on March 4, 1874.

Mr. Waite was born at Lyme, Conn., November 29, 1816. Justice Miller of the Supreme bench was born in April of the same year. Henry Matson Waite his father, was Judge of the Connecticut Supreme Court of Errors. The late Chief Justice was sent to Yale, where he graduated in 1837. He studied law under his father for a year and then removed to Ohio, where he placed himself under Samuel M. Young of Maumee City. In 1839 he was admitted to the bar and practiced in Maumee City and Toledo until 1874 with small interruptions. His brother, Richard Waite, was associated with him for the last eighteen years of the time. He was elected to the Ohio Legislature in 1849, and served one term, but having no taste for politics did not again attempt to win election. He was sent to Geneva as one of the counsel for the United States before the arbitration tribunal in 1871, and on his return was by the unanimous choice of both political parties elected to be a member of the Constitutional Convention of Ohio. That body made him its presiding officer.

Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase was Mr. Waite's predecessor on the Supreme Bench, and died in Washington, May 7, 1871. President Grant did not make any nomination to fill the vacancy until 1873 and it was not until March 4, 1874, that Mr. Waite took the oath of the office. His life after that date was not marked by any events of importance. In 1875 he wrote a letter declining to allow his name to be used in connection with the Presidency, which was regarded as an able effort, though his chances for securing the nomination were at all times small. Mr. Waite's wife and one daughter survive him.

A TERRIBLE COLLISION.

Burned to a Crisp—Killed by a Falling Tree—Casualties.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—Two passenger trains on the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad collided near Wampum, Pa., forty miles from Pittsburg, about 8 o'clock this morning, and were badly wrecked. One man was instantly killed and several others seriously injured. Their names were: S. P. Gray, baggagemaster, killed; Wm. Harkness, fireman train No. 1, cut about the head and shoulders, probably fatally injured; Geo. Orr, engineer No. 1, slightly hurt; Thomas B. Roe, fireman No. 6, both feet mashed and arm broken; Charles Bowman, conductor, not badly injured. Four passengers were also injured, but their names could not be learned, as they were taken to their homes at Beaver Falls.

The accident is supposed to have been caused by a mistake in orders. It appears that passenger train No. 1, going west, had orders to pass No. 6, going east, at Wampum, and that No. 6 was ordered to go on to Beaver Falls. Both trains started at the same time, and as No. 1 was a few minutes late the engineer tried to make it up. About three miles from Beaver Falls he saw No. 6 coming around the curve at a terrible rate of speed. He reversed the lever of the engine and then jumped. An instant later the two trains came together with a frightful crash and the cars of both trains were piled up in a heap. Both engineers and firemen were badly injured and the baggage-master was killed. A number of passengers were bruised, but none of them seriously hurt. Their escape, however, was remarkable, as both trains were badly wrecked. The seriously injured were taken to Wampum, and everything possible done to alleviate their sufferings. The body of Baggagemaster Gray was found beneath the wreck terribly mangled. He was still living when taken from the ruins, but died in a few minutes. The wreck delayed trains East and West several hours. The responsibility for the accident has not yet been placed.

Burned to a Crisp.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CLINTON, Mo., March 23.—Dr. C. H. Watkins of Montrose this morning brought information of the horrible death of the little 5-year-old son of Mr. Van Brown, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mr. Van Brown is a farmer, and resides two miles east of Montrose. The circumstances are as follows: The little boy went to the field where his brothers were burning brush. On his return toward the house it is thought he stopped to play with the fire, his clothes catching and burning his body to a crisp from feet to chin. A brother who heard his screams ran to him, but was too late to save him.

Accidentally Killed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WICHITA, Kan., March 23.—J. W. Kirwin, a Metropolitan policeman, accidentally shot and killed himself this morning. He was in a second hand store examining a revolver he wanted to trade for the one he had, when in handing his own to the storekeeper it was discharged, and the bullet entered Kirwin's breast, passing into the base of the heart. He exclaimed, "Oh, my God!" and dropped dead. The officer leaves a wife and eight children and was in high standing on the police force. He came here from Chicago one year ago.

A Steamer in Distress.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., March 23.—The steamer Aguan, which was reported in distress off Highlands light, was taken in tow at 10 o'clock last night by a tug, which tried to tow her to port, but a northwest gale came on about midnight, parting them. The steamer is anchored outside at present. The United States revenue cutter Gallatin has gone from Boston to the steamer's assistance. The wind is blowing a gale.

Killed While Felling a Tree.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MOBERLY, Mo., March 23.—News has just reached here of a fatal accident which occurred six miles south of this city. Oscar E. Burton was out felling a tree, and when it was nearly down, the wind blew it over upon him, killing him instantly. He was 23 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

A Head End Collision.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

POPLAR BLUFF, Mo., March 23.—There was a head end collision between two freights at Neelyville last night, doing considerable damage to the engines and cars, but no one was hurt.

FIRES.

A Schooner Wrecked and Burned—Residence Destroyed—Destructive Blaze.

CHATHAM, Mass., March 23.—The schooner Ella, Capt. Hart, from Rockland for New York, with lime, came ashore on the Chatham bar during a thick snow and gale last night. She was boarded by the life-saving crew with difficulty. The vessel was found to have been abandoned and the cargo was on fire. She lies head to the sea, with jib up and foresail hanging. It is feared her crew has been lost.

Residence Burned.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

OLATHE, Kan., March 23.—The residence of John B. Wight, at the corner of Water and Lulu streets, burned this morning. It was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson, who was away from home at the time. His three children, who are sick, had a narrow escape from perishing in the flames. The roads were so bad that the firemen could not reach the fire until it had gained such headway that it was beyond their power to check it when they arrived. The loss is about $4,000; partly covered by insurance.

A Disastrous Fire.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Ill., March 23.—Fire yesterday evening totally destroyed the residence of Judge John Akins in this city. Through the splendid work of our fire department the adjoining frame buildings were saved. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $800.

The Delaware Falling.

EASTON, Pa., March 23.—The Delaware River continued rising until 4 o'clock this morning, when it had reached 21 feet. Since that time it has been falling at the rate of about a foot an hour.

A BIG HOME-RULE PLA[N]

THE TRUE CHARACTER OF RITCHI[E'S] LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL.

The Government of Counties Taken Out [of] the Hands of Parliament and the Crow[n] and Placed in the People—Press Com[ments] Concerning the Measure—Mr. Wil[fred] Blunt and Mr. Balfour—Foreig[n] News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, March 23.—The local Government bill, as it is legally entitled, continues to be the chief subject of discussion in the press of the entire kingdom. It begins to be seen that there is a big home-rule plan behind it; in fact, it is frankly stated by the advocates of the bill that the extension of the system t[o] Scotland and Ireland is merely a matter [of] time. Should the proposed change prove i[n] its test as valuable as it appears to be in the[o]ry, the policy of the opposition wi[ll] be to make few, if any, amend[ments], so as not to delay the progress [of] the measure. The most surprising feature of the whole matter is the fact that the most radical change in the English Government plan known in modern times meets with

LITTLE OR NO OPPOSITION

from any direction. The newspapers, Radical and Conservative, unite in indorsing the measure and heaping encomiums on Mr. Ritchie. This can be explained only by the fact that the far-reaching results of the change proposed are not grasped. When the city of London, for instance, is made a county by itself and turned over to the people to govern, the change from the present system of things, when nearly all the responsible officials are appointive, can be imagined. When the control of the police, of the licensing of al[l] public privileges, those pertaining to railwa[ys,] corporations included, etc., is taken aw[ay] from Parliament and the Crown, and pla[ced] directly in the hands of the people, to be [ad]ministered by those whom they choos[e to] elect, London will be placed almost exact[ly on] the basis of an American city. So many questions are involved in the bill tha[t it is] scarcely possible anything can be done w[ith it] at this session. It has come to stay, how[ever,] and will keep statesmen busy for a long to come.

England.

BLUNT AND BALFOUR.

LONDON, March 23.—Mr. Wilfrid Blunt h[as] written a letter to the *Times* recounting in d[e]tail the date and hour and the words tha[t] passed between himself and Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, when the latter stated that the home-rule movement was supported by half a dozen men, whom he named, and would collapse if, as he expected, they through fear of prison fled the country. If they were imprisoned, he said, they would get such severe hard labor that those without strong health would be unable to stand it. Mr. Balfour said he was sorry for Mr. Dillon, as there was some good about him. But he would get six months at hard labor, and as he was in bad health the punishment would kill him. Mr. Blunt says he understood the Chief Secretary's words to be intended somewhat as a warning to himsel[f] and through him to the Parnellites. He again challenges Mr. Balfour to say whether his statement is correct, and declares that if he again denies the language attributed to him he will bring the testimony to corroborate it.

THE TATE DEFALCATION.

Action by the Legislature to Investigate All State Officers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 23.—This morning the two houses of the Kentucky Legislature suspended the rules and passed the resolution agreed upon at the Democratic caucus calling for an immediate and full investigation of all of the State offices. At a secret c[aucus] of the Democratic members of the two [houses] a resolution was adopted directi[ng a] committee to call upon Gov. Buc[kner] and ask of him that he stop [Au]ditor Hewitt from taking further part [in] the investigation of Treasurer Tate's affai[rs] and the status of the State Treasury. Th[is] was done and the Governor promised th[e] committee that the Auditor should be kep[t] from the Treasurer's office. Those who attended made no effort to conceal the fact that a great deal of feeling has been aroused

AGAINST THE STATE AUDITOR.

There is every indication that trouble is brewing, but no one ventures to make specific charges against any one except the missing State Treasurer. There was no hesitation on the part of the assembled Legislature in declaring that Auditor Hewitt's actions had impeded the investigation of Treasurer Tate's acts. This was the sense of the meeting, and each movement of the Auditor in the affair was discussed at length. The expressed opinion that the examination of the defaulting Treasurer's accounts had bee[n] purposely retarded by Auditor Hewitt was not contradicted, and some went so far as to implicate the Auditor in the defalcation. It was the almost unanimous opinion of the caucus that an investigation will develop more rottenness than has yet seen the light.

The Joint Legislative Committee will convene at 2 p. m. to-day, and proceed to the investigation of Treasurer Tate's private papers, etc., now under seal in the treasury vault.

THE COAL HILL OUTRAGES.

Developments in the Official Investigation at the Convict Camp.

COAL HILL, Ark., March 23.—The Board of Penitentiary Commissioners yesterday afternoon commenced the investigation of the treatment of the convicts employed in the mines. The convicts were examined behind locked doors and they declined to testify until they were assured that their names would n[ot] be given out. Dr. Cantrell examined t[he] backs of some of the whipped convicts and found marks of the most brutal treatment. It was stated that Frank Tolbert, who had been repeatedly whipped for failing to dig sufficient coal, declined one evening to come out of the mine and a pit boss was instructed to go down and shoot him. The order was carried out and Tolbert was killed. One convict testified that the wardens administered 100 lashes to every man who failed to dig tw[o] tons of coal daily.

STARTLING TESTIMONY.

The Trial of the Bald Knobbers Progressing at Ozark.

OZARK, Mo., March 23.—The trial of John A. Matthews, the Bald Knobber, commenced yesterday afternoon. His wife and children were in court. Chas. Graves gave some new testimony concerning the Edens-Greene tragedy. He was present at the meeting after the murder and heard David Walker say, i[n] the presence of Matthews, that if some one would take his son to Douglas County he would go back with the band, kill the woman and children and burn the house.

Sent to Quarantine.

Eliza Gibbs, colored, aged 40 years, living at No. 1005 Lucas avenue, was removed to Quarantine Hospital to-day as she was discovered suffering from small-pox. As she was living with her two children in a crowded locality great care was taken in fumigating the premises.

IN SOCIETY.

OF INTEREST ABOUT PERSONS WELL KNOWN IN ST. LOUIS.

. Alfred Carr, Assisted by Her Daughter, Entertains Her Friends—Marriage of Mr. Harry Finlay and Miss Carrie Van Court —Society Notes, Personals and Chat.

Irs. Alfred Carr, assisted by her daughter, s Lottie Carr, entertained Miss Isabel Carr sterday evening at her residence on Pine eet. There were thirty-six guests and nine bles, at each of which a different game of rds was played, "old maid," muggins, apjack, plain euchre, whistling euchre, blind chre, etc. Pretty tally cards were furnished r the keeping of the games, and upon each ble was placed flowers, roses for the ladies nd heliotrope for the gentlemen. The prizes ere very handsome. The first ladies' prize, a atsuma Easter egg, was won by Miss aur Green; the second prize, an oxy-ized silver bonbonniere, was won y Miss Neal. The first gentleman's rize, an oxydized silver inkstand, was won y Mr. Robert Whittemore, and the booby rize, a Chinese doll, was won by Mr. Will ohnson. Supper was served on small tables ter the game was over—oyster pates, sal-s, cakes and ices, strawberries and cream. Irs. Carr wore orange-colored satin, cov-d with black thread lace, the low-cut bodice rn under a pardessus of the lace. Miss Lottie Carr wore a pretty combination cream and black tarletan with black bodice orn over a guimp of cream-colored tarletan. Miss Isabel Carr wore white satin duchess and surah combined, the low-cut bodice trimmed with poufs of pearl dotted tulle. Miss Neal, lavender faille, made short and draped with white lace, the corsage made decollete and sleeveless and finished with the tulle about the shoulders. Miss Celeste Speck, pearl-colored cashmere, self-draped, with full Fedora vest of cream-colored surah. Miss Marie Puegnet, plum-colored velvet, with brocaded lavender front, the corsage made high with vest of the lavender brocade; diamond ornaments. Miss Hebe Wise, white silk, made short and veiled with white Brussels net; bodice made with long points and cut in deep V's back and front; no sleeves. Miss Lucy Chadbourne, white silk, covered with tulle; the long-pointed bodice of silk made decollete and sleeveless. Miss Laura Green, pale Nile green faille, draped with tulle of the same delicate shade; pointed bodice, cut en V and sleeveless. Miss Virginia Kimball, crimson gros grain a pink pleated panels of pale rose-colored e, the sleeves and corsage vandyked and with puffs of pink silk. s Nettie Wherry, rose pink faille, the r of brocaded satin of the same shade, inted bodice decollete and sleeveless. Daisy Billon, dark ecru satin, with a -work around the bottom of ribbons same shade, deep pointed bodice of ed satin with brown ground; decollete eeveless. Mamie Tenant, cardinal satin, draped fine black Chantilly lace, the low-pointed e worn under a guimp of the lace. ong the gentlemen were Messrs. Peyton , Rob Whittemore, Harry Newington, d Lewis, Percy Woerner, Al Shapleigh, at Shallcross, Gus Jones, Edgar Floyd-es, Monroe Tyler, Frank Kimball, Breck mens, Mr. Terry and Mr. Whittemore.

Finlay—Van Court.

On Wednesday last Mr. Harry Finlay of the Waters—Pierce Oil Company of this city was married to Miss Carrie Van Court of O'Fallon, Ill. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents, with a large party of friends from St. Louis and Kirkwood in attendance. The bride was attended by Miss Emma Finlay and the groomsman was Mr. William Finlay.

The bride wore an elegant gown of white satin duchess over a petticoat veiled with lace draped high on the left side. The long-pointed corsage was cut en V and overlaid by he lace; demi sleeves, and long kid gloves. n her hand she carried a bunch of lilies of he valley and the same delicate flowers con-ned her veil of tulle to her hair.

Miss Finlay wore white moire, made short, nd finished around the bottom with a heavy ord. Over it was draped in artistic folds white China crepe with long-pointed corsage f the crepe, with square cut vest of the moire, filled with tulle to the throat; long white gloves and a large bunch of American beauties in her hand. Mrs. Finlay, mother of the groom, wore black gros grain richly trimmed with thread lace and jet.

Miss May Finlay, white nun's veiling, made dancing length with soft full draperies and long pointed corsage, with sash and garniture of scarlet ribbons.

Miss Nellie Worth of Iowa, a cousin of the groom, wore a crimson albatross cloth, made short with full draperies, and pompadour corsage filled with white lace.

Miss May Pozonin, white nun's veiling made dancing length, full draped, with square cut, pointed bodice, and sash and garniture of pale blue ribbons.

Hallie Poindexter, sister of the bride, ...ck gros grain, with panels and corsage rimmed with jet, slightly open at the , and filled with duchess lace. After the ...ony elaborate refreshments were served, ...oon after the bridal party and guests re-ed to St. Louis, where the groom has fit-up a beautiful home for his bride at 2910 ...kson street. Among other handsome gifts waiting the bride at her home, was a hand-me piano from Mrs. Finlay, and an elegant arlor suit from the Waters, Pierce Oil Company.

Chat.

Mrs. Shickle has gone to California to join er husband.

Mrs. Agnes Elliott is in Florida for the spring months.

Miss Lucy Hedgeman has returned from a visit to Miss McCord at St. Joseph.

Mrs. George Mills has been spending the past two or three weeks in Pine street.

Mrs. George K. Eaton is spending a month n the South, and will be home in a few days.

Wedding invitations, latest styles, lowest prices. LONGSTRETH—DOWNING CO., 612 Olive.

Miss Hattie Richards has returned to Chicago after a pleasant visit to friends on Lucas avenue.

Miss Mamie Hubbard of Fulton, Mo., has returned home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. J. J. Railey.

Miss Glosser, who has been visiting Mrs. Samuel J. Petitt, has returned to her home at Atchison.

Miss Brewer, daughter of Judge Brewer of Leavenworth Kan., is visiting Miss Neely of 2910 Pine st.

Miss Sargent, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. S. Yarnell, has returned to her home at Rome, Ga.

Miss Kate Fisher is at home again after spending a month in Florida, and visiting other Southern points.

Mrs. Stettinius and Mrs. Judge Morrison of San Francisco are expected home from Pass Christian early in April.

Mrs. Patriarche, who has been visiting Dr. Mrs. Edward Berkley at their country ..., has returned to her home in Chicago.

Miss Julia Maxwell, who came up from Eureka Springs to attend the burial of her mother, will return to her home there in a few days.

Mrs. Howard Blossom and Miss Lulu Murphy, who have been spending the past few weeks in the South, are expected home next week.

Memorial services were held in the Episcopal Church at Kirkwood for the late Bishop Dunlap, and the church will remain draped with black and purple for thirty days.

Mr. Mermod left for Europe on the 19th. Miss Clara Hopkins and Miss Peydon go over under his care. At Paris he will be joined by Miss Alice Job of Alton, who will return with the party.

WE only charge $1.50 for 100 finest Visiting Cards and finely-engraved Copper Plate. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Fourth and Locust. *We execute the most elegant wedding invitations.*

Miss Stella Unsell of Kirkwood, will be married April 11, to Mr. George Bakewell of Quincy, Ill. The wedding will be a quiet affair at the residence of the bride's mother, and the happy pair will leave at once for Quincy, Ill., where they will reside.

Easter Cards, 5 cents to $5.
Handsomest stock ever shown, see them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.
Cor. 4th and Locust.
Wedding and Visiting Cards elegantly executed.

The fifth party of the season of the Nemo will be given at Hotel Beers this (Friday) evening.

THE THIRD DAY.

Proceedings of the Methodist Episcopal Conference at Sedalia, Mo.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 23.—The third day of the Conference of the M. E. Church met at 8:30 this morning, Bishop Walden presiding. After devotional exercises, led by Rev. Hughey of Carthage, reports were called for on benevolent claims and the following chairmen reported: A. M. Hackney, Appleton City; A. H. Hamlen, Clinton; James Pine, Clinton; A. L. Walker, Malta Bend; J. M. Galbreath, Rockville; J. H. Gillespie and A. Jump, Sedalia; W. Stephens, Smithton; M. B. Wood, Tipton; L. A. Markham, Warrensburg; J. B. Daniels, Windsor.

J. B. Vanvetton, Professor in Clavarac College, New York, who was formerly a member of this Conference, asked to be kept in relation with it.

The following having been examined as deacons by the committee were approved by the conference: W. T. Piles, Knobnoster; Henry A. Toland, Montrose; E. F. S. Darly, Dadesville; G. A. Glenn, Cuba; W. T. Wright, Carterville; A. M. Hammond, Oronoga.

Bishop Walden then gave a brief statement of the duties devolving upon the minority and the fact that the church is working for preachers. He said that Christian character was one of the first elements; a preacher must be a converted man of a clear experience, devoted wholly to God and his work; a preacher who can take the word of God and expound it, so it will express the power of God and his salvation. The work of the conference is progressing satisfactorily. The appointments to the different churches will be made on Monday morning.

The loveliest of Cut Glass
is now being opened by the
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.
Cor. 4th and Locust.
If you want to buy a Wedding present see this elegant stock.

BEFORE JUDGE NOONAN.

A Number of Cases of Interest Which Were Disposed of This Morning.

Seward McKenzie was tried before Judge Noonan to-day on a charge of stealing $10 from M. Schwab, was convicted and sentenced to three months in the Work-house.

Pat Hurley received sixty days in the Workhouse for stealing $2 worth of coal from the Lafayette Brewery.

Thirty days in the Work-house is what John Haley received for stealing a pair of shoes valed at $3 from H. T. Mott.

For embezzling $4 from Henry C. Hoffmeister, Frank Anderson was sent to jail for five days.

Nolle prosequies were entered in the cases of Dan F. Rainey, charged with fraud, and James Fahey, charged with petit larceny.

Larry Manion, William Gleason, John Donahue and James Garvin were examined on a charge of highway robbery and were discharged.

James Powers, charged with assault and battery, was tried and discharged.

The case of assault to kill against William Joggi was dismissed for want of prosecution.

The case of Edward Toole, charged with petit larceny, and William Burns and John Finnigan, charged with assault and battery, were continued generally.

Dr. J. W. Gully, who is charged with enticing away from home for immoral purposes a girl under age, took a continuance for a week.

Bankrupt Furniture Sale.

The immense stock of fine and medium furniture of the bankrupt Guernsey Furniture Company is now being sold at the old stand, 304, 306 and 308 Locust street, at prices far less than factory cost. See advertisement, third page.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Which Coroner Frazer and the Police Are Trying Hard to Solve.

Coroner Frazer and the police are investigating a peculiar case. Last Wedesday at 4:30 p. m., while William O'Connell, an employe of the Water Department, was hunting for a leak in a water pipe he happened to look into the sewer inlet at the Southwest corner of Eleventh and Sidney streets. There he found the body of a white male infant. He notified Officer Flesh, who had the body taken to the Morgue. It was the body of a child at least 9 or 10 day old and did not appear to have been dead longer than thirty-six hours. The body was entirely nude, which is strange, considering the age of the child. There were no marks of violence on it and it is not yet known whether it died a natural death and was placed there by its mother to avoid the expense of a burial or whether it was murdered by being thrown in there and smothering. The police have been inquiring about the neighborhood to learn if any child recently died and was not buried, but so far have been unable to learn anything. The inquest will be kept open for some time in hopes of learning something.

Long Drawn Out.

A case on which considerable time was expended was tried yesterday before Justice Manning, the contestants being R. C. Hitaffer, a carpenter, and Dr. P. D. Davidson, a resident of Rinkelville, in which Hitaffer sued Davidson for $119 for work done on Davidson's house. The defendant claimed that the charges were exorbitant, and therefore, contested the claim. Numerous witnesses were introduced and about nine hours' time was consumed in hearing the evidence, the trial ending at 8 o'clock last night. The decision was reserved until to-morrow.

THOSE great $4.75 woven cassimere suits for men (no shoddy) are selling like hot cakes at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Illinois Corporations.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 23.—The Secretary of State to-day issued licenses of incorporation to the following companies: The Sherman Mountain Mining Company, East St. Louis, capital stock $3,000,000; incorporators, T. H. Strong, H. H. Wheeler and Roger Walsh. The Keystone Gold and Silver Mining Company, at East St. Louis, capital stock, $2,000,000; incorporators, Elisha Seymour, John C. Nial, W. J Hegel and David Cox.

Bound, Gagged and Robbed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 23.—The *Journal's* Eau Claire (Wis.) special says: "This morning at 7 o'clock John Bagley, agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad at the suburban station of Porterville, was found gagged and tied with cords to the cot in his station, where he sleeps. He had been bound at midnight by three masked men, who prevented resistance by covering him with revolvers. They took $150, a gold watch and two revolvers. No clew."

A Missing Man.

William Redpath, aged 57 years, has not been seen or heard from since the 16th inst., and his family, residing at No. 2606 North Ninth street, are very anxious to receive some tidings of him. He is described as low-set, stout build, light complexioned, blue eyes, red hair and red, smooth face, and wore a dark suit and old black overcoat.

Released on Bail.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 23.—Henry Winters was held by the Grand-jury in $3,500 for killing John O'Neill the 4th.

City Hall Notes.

Both branches of the Municipal Assembly will meet this evening.

The bill giving the Union Depot Railroad Company the Southwestern franchise over the Tayon Avenue bridge will come up in the Council to-night.

This afternoon the Railroad Committee of the House of Delegates met to consider the bill to grant the Benton & Bellefontaine Street Railroad Company an extension of time in which to change its motor power.

The residents and property-owners on the Lindell boulevard will make another effort to get the Board of Public Improvements to recommend an ordinance compelling all property-holders on that street to put down granitoid sidewalks of the same kind. The ordinance failed to pass the board when it was last considered.

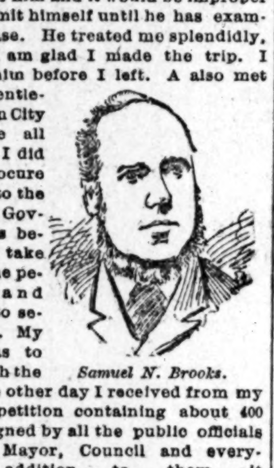
"MAXWELL'S" FATHER

CALLS ON THE GOVERNOR AND IS MUCH PLEASED WITH HIS VISIT.

The Old Man Leaves for Home To-Night Well Satisfied With "Hugh's Chances"—Members of Parliament and Other English Dignitaries Are Working for His Son and Influence Is Being Brought to Bear Even on the United States Supreme Court—The Long Petition Hugh's Brother Sent Over From Hyde.

THIS morning Samuel N. Brooks, father of Hugh Mottram Brooks, alias Maxwell, returned from a trip to Jefferson City, whither he went to have an interview with the Governor. To-night Mr. Brooks will take the train for New York, from which place he sails for home early Wednesday morning on the Britannica. As was stated the other day, he is compelled to leave so as to be in attendance at an important examination to be held in the schools of Hyde, England, of which he is superintendent.

"I was very much pleased with my trip to Jefferson City," remarked the old gentleman this morning. "A very nice man indeed is Gov. Morehouse. I had a pleasant talk with him. The Governor spoke very nicely, but of course would make no promises as to commuting Hugh's sentence, as the matter is not yet before him and it would be improper for him to commit himself until he has examined into the case. He treated me splendidly, however, and I am glad I made the trip. I wanted to see him before I left. A also met several other gentlemen in Jefferson City and they were all most kind. As I did not go to procure any signatures to the petition to the Governor in Hugh's behalf, I did not take any copies of the petition along and made no effort to secure signatures. My only object was to see and talk with the Governor. The other day I received from my son in Hyde a petition containing about 400 names. It is signed by all the public officials in Hyde, the Mayor, Council and everybody. In addition to them it bears the signatures of the Roman Catholic priest of the city, all the Protestant clergy and every prominent citizen of the place.



Samuel N. Brooks.

I TOLD MY SON

to only get the names of the leading citizens, and not to make any attempt to get others. If he had sought the names of what is known as the working classes he could have gotten thousands of names, but I desired the signatures of people whom I thought would have some weight. He has procured the doctors, lawyers and professional men of all kinds, merchants, men who are at the head of manufacturing establishments, bank cashiers and managers of big institutions. There are some very heavy manufacturing concerns in Hyde, and the petition contains the names of all the heads of these establishments. I have gone over the list carefully, and there is not a professional man or prominent citizen in the place who has not signed the petition. When I wrote my son to get it up I gave him no instructions as to how to prepare it, and it is in different form from the petitions got up here, but reads very nicely. Then I have received another petition from England. It is from the man under whom Hugh studied law in Stockport, Mr. Richard Brown. I should say it contained about one hundred names. All the solicitors and court attaches of the place, the people with whom Hugh came in contact and was acquainted with, signed it. I think these petitions will have some weight as they are signed by men of standing in the community. Some of the men who signed it in Hyde employ as many as 500 or 600 men. There are some very large manufacturing concerns there. I would have left before this only I wanted to wait until the United States Supreme Court had passed on the motion for a rehearing in the case. I supposed they would do it last Monday but they did not, and now I expect they will do it next Monday. If they do it will be before I have left the country. But there is no telling when they will pass upon it.

THEY MAY DELAY

the matter for a long time. As it is so uncertain when the question will be passed upon I have concluded not to wait any longer, particularly as my services are needed at home. Still I am glad the court is taking its time about this matter, as I have some influences at work on them and the more time they have to work the better. Just what these influences are I do not care to state, but there are some of the most prominent men of England interceding for Hugh. There are some members of Parliament among them. I do not care to mention any names, because I have applied to a number, and possibly I may fail to secure the aid of some, and it would be unpleasant to mention their names and then not have their assistance. Everything seems to look very bright, and I am feeling quite good over the outlook. I have been very successful in my work of securing signatures here to

THE PETITIONS

and have been very fairly and kindly treated by the people of St. Louis. I feel very thankful to them for the manner in which they have acted toward me. My daughter is making some articles for the Roman Catholic Church festival in Hyde. I told her she must do so, because Rev. Father Teehan and the Roman Catholics have been very kind to Hugh here. I believe in people being liberal in their views and I dislike bigotry."

Kangaroo Shoes
A specialty,
for gents only.
Brolaski,
205 North Broadway.

North St. Louis.

St. Louis Park is being improved and beautified in various ways.

Elder J. J. Haley will preach on Sunday morning and evening at Crystal City.

Mrs. R. C. Younge, 2226 Wright street gave a luncheon Wednesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. B. C. Merritt of San Francisco.

Carpenters' Union, No. 257, will have an open meeting to-morrow night at 2801 Franklin avenue, and there will be music, speeches and refreshments.

The funeral of Mrs. James B. McQuillen, who died yesterday afternoon, will take place to-morrow from the family residence, No. 2528 Howard street, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

The Hyde Park Congregational Church has a Congregational Club which meets monthly at the Mercantile Club to discuss matters of interest to the church's progress. A banquet follows each meeting.

Capt. Charles Ischer, the manager of the Broadway street-car line, will put a large force of men at work next Monday laying the roadway with granite, from Franklin avenue north to Grand avenue.

The Union Labor Club is not having that degree of success in the Sixth Ward that its friends had hoped it would. The meeting Tuesday night was poorly attended, not more than eight or ten being present.

There were only eight cases for trial this morning in the Second District Police Court and they were quickly disposed of. John Wade was fined $5 for disturbing the peace, and $10 for resisting arrest; Blarster Dolman was assessed $10 for idling; Joe Watson, $10 for trespassing, and Emma Johnson, $10 for being drunk on the street. Blarster Dolman, Joe Watson and Emma Johnson were sent to the Work-house.

Muffins are so nice when made of flap-jack flour.

PLAIN TALK.

BISHOP C. H. FOWLER ADDRESSES THE CANDIDATES FOR ORDERS.

Dissertations of Divines at the Central Missouri Conference at Wesley Chapel—Methodist Episcopalians Urged to Study the English Language—More Ideas and Fewer Big Words Wanted.

The session of the Central Missouri Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was opened at Wesley Chapel this morning with Bishop C. H. Fowler in the chair. Local preachers for orders were called. One response was made from North Missouri District and two from Rolla, when the credentials of G. A. Mastor of Ironton, who was represented by his pastor and presiding elder, being read, he was elected. Rev. Dr. Cranston of the Western Methodist Book Concern and Dr. Stone next made addresses, whereupon the candidates for orders were addressed by the Bishop in a plain talk that alternately excited laugh ter and fervent amens. He said that he would, above all, urge upon them the necessity of good English, without which it was impossible to succeed or to be respected. Good English was a great deal better than poor Greek, and this could not be understood any too well. This was the day of education, and while their children were learning let they themselves remember that if they failed to study the cars would be in danger of running over the locomotive. It should not be forgotten that singular verbs were governed by singular nouns, though a good many of the brethren did forget this to their sorrow. For all the preacher knew the newspapers took advantage of this and made sport of the mistakes in order to amuse their readers, though to be sure he never read the report and could not be sure of this.

EDUCATIONAL NECESSITIES.

Nor was the necessity of good writing less urgent, writing at least that the writer could read himself. During the conference a letter had been received from a brother who had tendered his withdrawal by letter, and the letter would have made a monkey laugh. He would speak to them also of the matter of sermons. When they saw a preacher whose preaching appeared to interest the people let them see wherein he pleased and imitate him. But they mustn't use big words. To be sure, many syllables astonished and puzzled some auditors, but they accomplish nothing more. Ideas were what the people wanted and not words, which rattled around in a sad fashion when confined in little thoughts. Let them not elaborate, then, and see how far they could string out a line of thought, but prune things down. If it was necessary to take eight hours a day for a whole week to write out one sermon, let them take it, for he had never seen a congregation that was not willing to hear better sermons than were preached to them. If they would study and preach and watch, then in five years they would be in demand throughout the state. But let them fail to study and content themselves with chattering a little of a Sunday, and it would be only a question of time when congregations would be complaining and the young people would not put up with the old ignoramuses. And if they must get up more than one sermon a week, why let them cock their guns and fire off their wads; probably just as much noise would be made as if they were loaded. Let them talk extemporaneously, then, and some one would be bound to come up and say it was the very best that had ever been preached in that church. But, take care! These were only pious souls who were trying to brace them up.

WHERE DANGER LIES.

Nor should the pastoral visits be forgotten. Let every preacher get to work at 7 o'clock in the morning, just as a grocery clerk would if he expected to earn his wages. But the visits should be pastoral, not social, and fearful should they be lest any action of theirs performed bring the blush of shame to their cheek. Let them remember that they entered these houses as Methodist preachers; in any other capacity they would be kicked out, and they knew it.

To which the devout brethren answered "Amen."

Continuing the bishop dwelt on the feeding of the lambs, reminding his auditors to gauge the nourishment according to the age of the flock and remember that they were lambs and not giraffes. Children he admired, together with all those who had grown up in the faith, but for sinners he could not say as much. "These old converted sinners," explained the bishop, "remind me of the tavern-keeper who had for a sign over his name the likeness of a bear. After a time he grew weary of the sign and wished to change it, so he took some fresh paint and applied it to both name and bear, afterwards making a new design. This was all right till a hard rain came and washed the paint. Then the bear could be seen faintly appearing through the new coat. And this is just the way it is with an old sinner.

SINNERS AS CONVERTS.

"His conversion is a good thing for him, but not nearly so good for the church. He likes the novelty at first, but pretty soon comes a hard rain, and then you see the bear."

This amused the Bishop's auditors very much, as did similar tales and ancedotes with which the speaker diversified his remarks. When he had concluded the candidates before him arose, and were put through a series a questions, such as, "Are you resolved to devote yourself wholly to God and his works?" "Do you believe the doctrines of our church are in harmony with the holy scripture?" "Do you preach and maintain them?"

It was different when the question was put: "Do you wholly abstain from the use of tobacco?" and as a dead silence followed on the part of the candidates a suppressed guffaw went round the church. The names of these candidates were as follows:

J. W. Thomas, J. P. Bishop, Dennis Payton, R. Crosby, Wm. A. Smith, F. Sales, J. W. Baker, C. J. Lawton of the Methodist Episcopal Church; T. S. Johnson of the Central Methodist Episcopal, B. F. McDonald of the African Methodist Episcopal and J. B. Bell of the Zion Methodist Episcopal Church.

The examination was interrupted and deferred to a later time in order to enable Dr. Chas. Payne of the Ohio Wesleyan University and Dr. J. W. Cox of the Sunday School Union to make addresses. The former moved his auditors by referring to the wonderful growth of Methodism, and to the days of slavery, while the latter spoke on the importance of the Sunday-school. Other addresses were made, the talks consuming so much time that the election of delegates to the General Conference, and the choosing of the location for the next session of Central Missouri Conference could not be accomplished. It was after 12:30 when the meeting adjourned, Miss Jennie Beck of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society being annouuced to speak this afternoon.

Smuggled Opium.

DETROIT, Mich., March 23.—Four trunks, containing $16,000 worth of smuggled opium, were stopped by the customs officers at Windsor yesterday. The trunks were checked from British Columbia and were claimed by a Hebrew, who had them shipped back to the Canadian interior.

Longoardi Sentenced.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Guiseppe Longoardi, who was convicted on Wednesday last of manslaughter in the first degree for the killing of young John Barrett on October 16, last, was to-day sentenced in the Court of General Sessions to twenty years in State prison.

Twenty years was the full penalty prescribed by the law for the offense of which Longoardi was convicted. He received his sentence stoically. Young Barrett's father, Officer John Barrett, was in court, and with an open penknife in his hand after the sentence was administered, made towards his son's slayer, but was intercepted and disarmed. It is believed that he intended to use the weapon on Longoardi, as he has often threatened to take his life. This affair created quite a stir in the court-room.

Spring Styles
Gents' shoes.
Brolaski,
205 North Broadway.

A Fugitive Forger Captured.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GREENVILLE, Ill., March 23.—Vernia Williams, the escaped forger, was captured last night while attempting to board an eastbound train, and again lodged in jail. He laid in the woods near by until night and then tried to escape.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

SPECIAL LINES

FOR

SATURDAY, MARCH 24

In addition to our FULL LINES of Attractive Goods, THAT HAVE NO EQUAL, we desire every stranger in St. Louis, as well as all citizens, to learn the leading governing principle on which we conduct our business,

WHICH IS,

BETTER VALUES FOR THE SAME MONEY than you can get elsewhere. This great fact has become almost universally recognized.

Hosiery Department.

Children's Genuine English Derby Ribbed Cotton Hose, with white split feet, in dark navy, seal and cardinal; this is a number we have used for several seasons; the quality is excellent and the colors good. Having just secured a great job in price, we give our customers the full benefit of it.

Sizes	6	6½	7	7½	8	8½
Prices	23c	25c	27c	29c	31c	33c
Formerly	60c	60c	65c	65c	70c	70c

Boys' extra heavy, four-thread, 2x2 Ribbed Bicycle Hose, made extra length, full fashioned and double heels and toes; we will sell this week a 75-dozen lot of this number at

Sizes	6, 6½, 7, 7½,	8, 8½,	9, 9½
Prices	25c	30c	35c

Ladies' fancy striped Cotton Hose, unbleached ground with navy, seal and cardinal cluster stripes, we have a 50-dozen lot of these goods; they are full regular made, double heels and toes. The price of this quality has been 35c; we will sell the lot........At 21c per pair

Ladies' extra fine, medium and light-weight fancy striped Cotton Hose; this is a mixed lot, consisting of 7 styles; they have not been sold for less than 50c in this city. We will sell the lot..............At 33c per pair

Men's fancy striped and unbleached Half Hose; these are full regular made and finished with the English foot; the unbleached have the French foot, double heels and toes. They are worth 25c per pair; we will sell the lot.........At 18c per pair

Men's Unbleached Balbriggan Half-Hose, made of fine Balbriggan yarn, full fashioned, double heels and toes and silk clocked. Our price has been 35c per pair; we will sell the lot.............At 25c per pair

Ladies' Real French Jersey Ribbed Balbriggan Vests, low neck, no sleeves, in white and cream, sizes 2, 3 and 4.................At 50c each

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Real French Lisle-thread Vest, low neck, no sleeves, silk ribbon in neck and arms; colors white, cream, pink and sky; sizes 2, 3 and 4....At 68c each

GLOVES

FOR

EASTER!

New Shades and Paris Novelties!

Have opened our full line

Dressed Kid and Suede Gloves

Of every length, shade, tone, and size for

Ladies, Gentlemen and Misses.

All our well-known brands at particularly low prices:

4-Button, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75

And longer gloves proportionately as cheap.

We Fit and Guarantee Every Pair!

The Genuine "FOSTER" make of Gloves sold in St. Louis only by us.

Easter Novelties

On exhibition in Fancy Goods Department.

Ribbon Dep't.

Full lines of every width, color and shade in Gros Grains and Moires, in Picot, Crown, Satin and Plain Edges, running from Nos. 2 to 80.

All the latest novelties in Stripes, Dots, Checks, Plaids, Ombre and Two-Tone Effects, and in widths from No. 12 to 80.

Special Job.

Secured a Special Drive in

Fancy Ribbons,

Embracing many colors and styles, which we will

Sell at 19 Cents Per Yard.

DOINGS IN THE COURTS.

JUDGE SEDDON DENIES A SPECIAL SETTING OF THE LANCASTER-GLOVER CASE.

An Opinion Setting Forth the Court's Views in the Matter—A Turn at the Default Divorce Mill To-Day—Cases of Matrimonial Misfit Presented—Damage Suits on Trial Before the Circuit Court—New Litigation.

Judge Seddon to-day refused to grant a special setting for the Lancaster-Glover libel suit. He handed down an opinion as follows: "An application is made by the defendant John M. Glover concurred in by the plaintiff for a special setting of the case. The Court has generally set itself rigidly against special settings for such applications are usually nothing more than applications to postpone the rights of others. Every litigant has the same right to have his case heard at its proper place on the docket, as he has to have justice done him. We have had intimation from both counsel that the trial of this case will consume from ten days to two weeks. We set thirty cases a week, not including the law docket. If this case is specially set, it will result in the court's usurping the places of sixty cases and the rights of at least 120 litigants.

"The case will be regularly reached about the 15th of May. It will be much more agreeable to try a case likely to be so protracted before the warm weather, but it cannot be done in justice to others. As a reason for a special setting, it is urged that the case is of public consequence and that the defendant is a public servant whose time will necessarily be taken from his duties. While the case involves the character of two public officials, the public really have no more interest in the issues involved than in any other case. It will settle no question of public right.

"It has not been suggested that the defendant's services will be less valuable to the public in May than in April. The application for a special setting will be denied."

The Default Divorce Docket.

Judge Seddon to-day took up the cases of default divorce in Court No. 2 for the term about to close, and disposed of them after hearing the law docket. The following samples of matrimonial misery were presented:

M'DONALD VS. M'DONALD.

Margaret J. McDonald asked for a decree of divorce from Frank McDonald. They were married in 1871 in this city, and they lived together until the 9th of January of the present year. Mrs. McDonald alleged that her husband neglected his family in a shameful manner, failing to furnish them with food and clothing. He spent his earnings in drink and dissipation, and at times was too lazy to work at all. After earning some money he would absent himself from home for days and squander his earnings among people of dissolute habits. Mrs. McDonald further alleged that her husband treated her in a cruel manner, insulted her with false accusations, threatened to kill her and called her vile names, rendering her condition intolerable.

WEHRMAN VS. WEHRMAN.

Wilhelmina Wehrman sought a decree of divorce from Henry Wehrman. They were married on the 5th of December, 1885, and they lived together until the 28th of January, 1887. Mrs. Wehrman alleged that her husband was intemperate in his habits and that he neglected his family, utterly failing to support them. There were three children by the marriage and they all died. The father failed to furnish the money for the burial. Mrs. Wehrman asked for restoration of her maiden name, Wilhelmine Gerlemann.

HUDSON VS. HUDSON.

Martha E. Hudson asked for a decree of divorce from William P. Hudson. They were married on the 11th of January, 1874, and they separated on the 25th of January, 1882. Mrs. Hudson alleged that she always treated her husband kindly and did her duty faithfully as a wife and that she was deserted by her husband without any cause.

BABURCK VS. BABURCK.

Mary Baburck petitioned the Court for a decree of divorce from Albert Baburck. They were married in this city on the 4th of January, 1875, and on the 26th of August, 1880, she alleged that her husband abandoned her without any cause. He failed for a long time to contribute to the support of his family. Mrs. Baburck asked for the custody of the children and for restoration of maiden name, Mary Clemens.

KEMPF VS. KEMPF.

Theresa Kempf applied for a decree of divorce from George Kempf. The marriage took place November 7, 1878, and they lived together until July 12, 1886. Mrs. Kempf alleged that her husband was guilty of improper relations with other women. She asked for the custody of the three children and for alimony.

Killed by the Elevator.

A jury was called into the box to-day in Judge Dillon's court for the trial of the Moran damage suit against the McLean estate and the St. Louis Shoe & Slipper Company. John and Bridget Moran sue for the loss of their daughter Annie, a girl of 15 years, who was killed by the elevator in a factory on Collins street. The property is owned by the McLean estate, and the Shoe and Slipper Company are tenants of the upper floors. The little girl was in the employ of the Slipper Company, and was injured in the head by the fall of the elevator, which was in a defective condition at the time. She died of her injuries on the 6th of last August.

Notes in Court.

Judge Valliant has granted an alternative writ in the proceeding of the Circuit Attorney at the instance of the State Insurance Department against the Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen returnable in court on Saturday, the 31st inst. Particulars of this suit were published exclusively in the POST-DISPATCH of Wednesday last. The ejectment suit of Hibbs against the Iron Mountain Railroad Company relative to the property on Main street, near Chouteau avenue, is still holding the attention of Judge Barclay and a jury.

Judge Dillon to-day granted an injunction at the petition of John H. Gundlach against John A. Wallace, Wm. H. Garland and E. G. Obear. Messrs. Wallace and Garland are enjoined from selling, transferring, or otherwise disposing of some notes executed by Mr. Gundlach in purchase of some lots in the Forest City addition until a prior lien encumbering the property has been removed.

An attachment suit has been filed in the Circuit Court by Wm. H. Kellogg, John H. Prentiss, Geo. Eckart, Geo. Sharp et al. against Frederick B. Severs to recover $678.21.

The will of Leonhardt Spindler was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the widow. Letters of administration were granted. The estate was valued at $2,000.

Bankrupt Furniture Sale.

The immense stock of fine and medium furniture of the bankrupt Guernsey Furniture Company is now being sold at the old stand, 304, 306 and 308 Locust street, at prices far less than factory cost. See advertisement, third page.

COME

QUICK. ONLY 17 DAYS MORE. *Everything we have in stock goes at about* FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. *Clothe your boys now, mothers,* AND SAVE DOLLARS.

St. LOUIS CLOTHING CO

Open till 9 every night.

LATE COURT NOTES.

A Perpetual Injunction by Consent—Proceedings in the Federal Courts.

Perpetual injunction by consent was entered this afternoon in the Circuit Court in the suit of the city against the Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad Company. It is agreed that the order of the old County Court in 1876 authorizing construction of tracks to the Union Depot has expired by limitation, and the company is enjoined from proceeding under that order.

The trial of the suit on plea in abatement of attachment proceedings of the Pacific Express Company against Foreman, Ostrander and Guyal, with reference to the silver brick steal, is still before a jury in Judge Lubke's court. The particulars of the case have already been published. Foreman having completed his testimony was taken back to jail. The criminal cases will be tried in about ten days.

The suit of the Commercial Manufacturing Company against Homan Brown was dismissed to-day in the Federal Court for want of prosecution.

The return docket will be called on Monday next in the United States Circuit Court, and the jury waived docket on Monday, April 9.

The following judgments were rendered this afternoon in the Circuit Court: Francis H. Krenning & Son vs. Antoine Luecke; final judgment against property for $437.58; John McGovern et al. vs. St. Louis Ore & Steel Company; judgment against defendant for $5,000 damages.

The trial of the insurance suit of Emily Unsel against the Hartford Life & Annuity Insurance Company is still engaging the attention of the jury in the Federal Court.

The Federal Court to-day confirmed the report of the Master in the Wabash case on the intervening petition of George Hamilton, having reference to a railroad fencing claim.

The law docket will be called in Judge Valliant's court, No. 5, to-morrow morning.

The following appeals were granted this afternoon from the Circuit Court: Warren vs. Cavanagh, and Drosten vs. Muller et al.

A nonsuit was taken to-day in Judge Dillon's court in the case of Joseph Duffy against C. K. Jones and another.

The following cases were dismissed this afternoon in the Circuit Court: Kriepe vs. Kriepe; City vs. Missouri Pacific Railway Company; Frazier et al. vs. Burnes et al.; Thias vs. Sellner.

The Kimpel Wagon Manufacturing Company was incorporated this afternoon with a capital stock of $20,000, all paid. The shares are held by Henry Zeigenheim, E. Kimpel, Wm. Hahn, Adam Zeigenheim and John Kimpel.

Smith—Spencer.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

VANDALIA, Mo., March 23.—Mr. Char... Smith of Frankford, Pike County, a... Ellen Spencer of Ralls County were ... the residence of Rev. Alexander S... miles northeast of here, by Rev... of this city last night.

WITH JEALOUS EYE

THE HENDRICKS ASSOCIATION REGARDS THE VEST DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

A Suspicion That the Club Is a Disguised Silk Stocking Movement—Testing the Halls—Democratic Census Taking—Ward Club Organizations—Organization of the St. Louis Republicans—State Clubs to Be Formed—Political Notes.

A spirit of rivalry has sprung up between the Hendricks Association and the Vest Club, the two Democratic organizations which are looked to by the voting herd to to direct the fight in the coming campaign. A suspicion has crept into the hearts of the Hendricks Association managers that it is the intention of the Vest Club to gradually get the control of the party in St. Louis. In its organization the Vest Club has shown no kinship with the Hendricks Association. Comptroller Campbell, who was blackballed in the association, was honored, during his absence from the meeting, with the Treasurership of the new organization. The ward managers of the association have also come to the conclusion that it is the intention of the club to get up a silk-stocking advisory organization and to exclude the workers, who were welcomed into the Hendricks Association. It is reported that some of the Hendricks members who contemplated applying to the club for admission have been quietly advised not to present their claims for recognition. The jealousy between the organizations is already marked. The Association members fears that the inter organization is aimed to gather the high-toned Democrats into its ranks under the guise of doing honor to "Missouri's little giant," and then to make the Association play second fiddle in the campaign.

Testing the Halls.

This morning Messrs. Francis, Galennie, Rainwater, Prather and Ellerbe of the Sub-Committee on Halls visited the Exposition Building to test the acoustic arrangements of the halls. Under the direction of Mr. Leopold Methudy and the Directors of the National Saengerfest, Architect Kledus is preparing the north nave. The display cases and platforms have been removed preparatory to fitting out the nave for the festival. Standing at one end of the hall a speaker can easily make himself distinctly heard at the other end without any great effort. Music Hall was also visited. This of course would require very few changes to prepare it for the reception of the National Convention. The committee did not intend to fix positively on either hall, but proposed rather by actual test to post themselves on the advantages, so that they would be able to advise with the National Sub-Committee. Both halls are considered suitable for a convention.

Democratic Census-Taking.

The Campaign Committee of the Nineteenth Ward Democratic Club is now engaged hunting up Democratic voters who have failed to secure registration or transfers, and are accordingly not on the Recorder's books or entitled to vote. The Nineteenth Ward is now in better condition to conduct its primaries, whatever the outcome of the pol-took dispute may be, than any other ward in the city. The campaign committee has already made a thorough canvass of the ward, and with little difficulty can prepare a precinct registration. The old books of this ward are missing, having disappeared during the primaries of October, 1886.

The Tenth Ward Club.

The Tenth Ward Democratic League, which promises to become one of the strong organizations of the campaign, held a meeting last evening at No. 1450 North Thirteenth street. The committee on constitution and by laws reported. The report was accepted. Under the constitution none but Democrats are eligible for membership, and each member is pledged to support no candidate for office except Democratic aspirants. Secretary Pocock reported 128 names on the club rolls. Six new members were admitted and several applications for admission were received. A committee was appointed to select a suitable hall for the club and to report at the next meeting.

Republican Organization.

The St. Louis Republican Club was organized last evening at the Lindell Hotel. The club is organized on the plan of the New York League Club. The meeting was called to order by Chairman A. C. Widdicombe, in response to whose invitation the Republicans met last evening. Speeches were made by E. O. Stanard, D. P. Grier, R. C. Kerens and E. S. Rowse. D. D. Fisher was elected Temporary Chairman, W. W. Woolcock, Secretary and E. S. Rowse, Treasurer. It was decided that the dues should not exceed $10. A subscription was then taken up, and within half an hour $3,800 was raised. The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the Chair.

Chairman Widdicombe of the State Central Committee will proceed to organize similar clubs in Hannibal, St. Joseph and Kansas City, and will follow up this work by establishing smaller organizations at different points throughout the State.

The Parties in Lafayette County.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LEXINGTON, Mo., March 23.—Notice has been issued by the Chairman of that body that the term of its office as the Democratic Executive Committee of this (Lafayette) county expires April 10, and requesting the Democratic voters to meet at their respective precincts to elect a member from each township to such committee on April 7, and the members so chosen to meet in this city the following Monday for organization.

David Gray, the Republican committeeman for Lexington Township, has issued a call for a meeting of the Republicans of this (Lexington) township to be held Thursday evening in this city for the purpose of organizing a club. One township Republican club in Sniabar Township has already been organized.

A Straight Democratic Ticket.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CARTHAGE, Mo., March 23.—The Democrats of this city held a meeting last night at the W. C. T. U. rooms, to decide their course of action in regard to the city election. After spirited discussion it was resolved to put a straight Democratic ticket in the field. Upon the election of School Board Directors the determination is that unless two Democrats are allowed upon it, the Democrats, as a whole, will not vote for any appropriations for nine months' school nor for building purposes. If the School Board be made a party fight and the tax be defeated the forty cents allowed by law would only provide for three months' school. The fight is likely to be a bitter one, as both parties are loaded for bear, looking to the fall campaign.

Judge Stratton's Candidacy.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 23.—Judge Daniel P. Stratton of Nevada is in the city. The Judge is a candidate for the nomination for Supreme Judge, and speaks quite hopefully of his prospects. His friends claim that he will carry the solid Thirteenth Congressional District and fully half of the Sixth and Twelfth Districts and of the Fourteenth. Judge Stratton has for many years been a member of the State Central Committee, and has numerous friends throughout the State.

Hon. Joseph Reese of Nodaway arrived today to accept the position of private clerk to Gov. Morehouse.

Political Notes.

Mayor Francis has returned from Macon, Mo., where he had a conference with some of his constituents.

The Young Democrats of the Twenty-fourth Ward are taking a census of their ward and testing the Democrats.

Ed Butler will shortly leave the First Ward to take up his residence in his new house at Twenty-third and Pine streets. This will put him in the Nineteenth Ward, the Democrats of which had a sample of his political powers two years ago, when he swooped down on the primaries in that ward.

A WARRANT for wife abandonment was issued to-day against John Derioch.

THE RAILROADS.

The Cattle Transportation Question—Democratic Rates—Negro Immigration.

An article in a morning paper makes it appear that the Western roads are on the eve of another war in live-stock rates. It is state that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road is using Burton palace stock cars, and is charging for them the same rate that is charged for common cars, thus making a practical cut in the rate, and it is further stated that Manager Hays of the Wabash Western is beginning to feel the shoe pinch, and has telegraphed Chairman Midgely that if this thing is not stopped he'll make a rate which will stop it. Altogether it is argued there is a great live stock war in prospect. It is asserted also that the St. Paul's revenue had been doubled.

There are so many absurdities in the article that the railroad men smiled when they read it. In the first place the St. Paul does not use the Burton palace car, but has leased a couple of hundred Street stable cars for use at Kansas City and the Rock Island uses the Burton car. Again, the St. Paul's revenue must have been exuremely small to be doubled, as only about 1/2 of these loaded cars have been run out of Kansas City, and this, too, at the same rate as the old cars and with an additional mileage to pay to the car company for their use. The Wabash or any other road can secure them for the same terms, but in the opinion of many railroad men they do not pay.

The fact is there has been for some time past trouble with regard to the palace cars because they carry more cattle than the common cars, and have arrangements for feeding and watering the stock without laying over. All the roads not using them with the possible exception of the Alton have protested against making the same rate for them, as they carry more cattle, and have urged that there should be a fair differential on them, but the Wabash Western, while protesting, is hardly in a position to lead the fight on them, as the road does not do a heavy live stock business, and a cut would simply be jumping into the fire.

Manager Hays said he had, of course, protested with the other roads, but that he had no idea of cutting, especially as he had signed the agreement to advance rates on the 26th, and proposed to work under reasonable rates for awhile. He said he was not throwing down any gauntlets just now, but there would be an attempt to settle the matter amicably. If any road should kick it is the Chicago & Alton, which carries the bulk of the live stock traffic, yet it is not doing any cutting. The chief reason the St. Paul & Rock Island adopted the improved car was for its length, as their cars were only twenty-nine feet and the new cars are 36 feet. But the Alton's common cars are 37 feet. It is claimed that the users of the new cars are amenable to the law which provides that cattle shall not be kept standing or without food and water for more than twenty-eight hours and in no case there is no room for the cattle to lie down.

As a matter of fact the real revolution is promised in the cattle traffic next month, when the Alton will put on a cattle train between Kansas City and Chicago, cutting down the time to twenty-six hours and running through without stoppage. The present time, by mutual agreement, is thirty-six hours, giving time to stop and feed, water and rest. The Alton proposes to use its large, common cars, start from Kansas City at 4 o'clock in the morning and reach Chicago at 6 o'clock the following morning. This will revolutionize the cattle transportation business, and will make the roads hump themselves to keep ap with the procession.

Democratic Convention Rates.

A telegram received to-day from Chairman Fink of the Trunk Lines Association states that that association has agreed to give one-fare limited tickets for the round trip to and from the National Democratic Convention in St. Louis, June 5. The Central Traffic Association and the Western and Southern Associations have made the same rate.

A Negro Immigrant Train.

Something unique in immigrant trains will roll into Union Depot to-morrow. It will be a train load of plantation negroes from North and South Carolina destined for Southern California. There will be 150 negroes altogether, filling three cars. The negroes are being transported to Southern California under engagement to planters there who want them to work on their plantations. The negroes will be in charge of Mr. A. A. Gallagher, the Southern Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific, and they will be transferred to the Missouri Pacific and will be taken via that road, and the Texas & Pacific to the West. The planters think that the negroes can be made very useful to them for field labor in Southern California, and this is the first real movement in the direction of securing them in sufficient numbers.

No Settlement in Sight.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 23.—The Central Traffic Association's Committee on Relations with Western roads has adjourned after a two days' session without having been able to come to an agreement regarding the proposed change in the proportions of through rates. All efforts made to bring about an equitable arrangement failed, owing to the opposition of the East and West cross lines, which do not like to give up the advantage the arrangement recently made gives them.

5,000 CONFIRMATION SUITS from $3.50 up to the finest. A saving of 25 per cent guaranteed.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Wedding Will Not Take Place.

Miss Mamie O'Neill of 1316 South Ninth street, in a note to the POST-DISPATCH to-day, said: "I deem it necessary to announce that my engagement to Mr. Eugene F. Sailor of California, which has been announced, and my marriage, which was to take place, are now, for reasons, broken entirely off." The request concluded by asking a publication of the above, the words "for reasons" being heavily underscored. Miss O'Neill was called upon, but the family stated that, after consultation, they had decided to say nothing save what the note above mentioned contained.

Switchmen Strike.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., March 23.—The switchmen in the Erie Railroad yard at this city went on a strike this morning. It is reported that the grievances are low wages and an objectionable yardmaster.

Carondelet Jottings.

Rev. C. W. Brough left for Sedalia, Mo., yesterday.

Mr. Frank Reber departed for a brief visit to Hot Springs.

The Missouri Iron-works will resume operations on the 1st prox.

Ex-Gov. Chas. P. Johnson will lecture on "Temperance" to-morrow evening at Temperance Hall.

The steamer Gem City is still at the docks, undergoing repairs. Business at this place is, at the present, very dull.

The ladies of the M. E. Church will give a "O" social at Temperance Hall immediately after the close of the Lenten season.

The Mineral wool manufactory suspended work for a couple of days owing to the crowded condition of its ware-rooms.

The members of the Washington Literary Club gave a social at the residence of Miss Mamie Richardson on Virginia avenue last evening. The club is composed of a number of young ladies and gentlemen and is becoming quite popular in this locality.

The river is rising very rapidly at this place, especially around Ellwood street, where the ground is very low. A number of "squatters" who, for the winter, have had their homes in boats on the bank, are making preparations to move further up on the dry soil so as to be out of harm's way in case there should be a big rise.

At the close of the Lenten season a number of entertainments will be given by the various churches and societies as follows: At Turner Hall, Catholic Benevolent Legion, April 2; Episcopal Church, April 6; L. A. M. Club, April 7, and the Public School Library, April 17. At St. Boniface Hall, Council 212 Knights of Labor.

Judge Conger Wins.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MT. VERNON, Ill., March 23.—In the Democratic Judicial Convention here, Judge Conger was nominated on the 276th ballot at about 10 a. m. to-day.

Most of the delegates who live east of here went home on the 1:30 train this morning. Appropriate speeches were made after the nomination was made by Judge Wall and others.

"Royal Sect" Hart arrived in the city this morning and is at the Southern.

WILL BURN THEM.

The Bell Company Collecting Telephones for a Bonfire.

At 1 o'clock to-day Vice-President J. H. Terry of the Pan Telephone Company, Franklin Ferris and Edmond A. B. Garesche of the same company met Henry Hitchcock in the latter's office by appointment. Mr. Hitchcock represents the American Bell Telephone Company. Mr. Terry wanted to make a proposition looking to a settlement of the local difficulty between the two telephone companies, but Mr. Hitchcock gave his visitors to understand he had no authority to receive a proposition. He had instructions from the American Bell Telephone Company which he was carrying out, and beyond that he could not go. On this Mr. Terry and his associates retired. The Pan directors met again this afternoon and discussed the situation.

The Pan Exchange at Fourth street and Washington avenue stopped business last December except on private line business. The private lines which pass through the exchange are connected, and no one need mind the switch board. Some of the private lines are owned absolutely by the persons who use them. The following lines are owned by the persons and companies named:

Consolidated Coal Company, four instruments, Fourth and Chestnut streets to Broadway and Angelrodt; same to Eighteenth street and Clark avenue.

Dr. Papin, two instruments, from Grand and Olive to his residence.

Cramer Dry Plate Works, two instruments, from Broadway and Chouteau avenue to works.

Laclede Gas Light Company, two instruments, from office to works.

All of the remaining sixty-four private lines controlled by the Pan Company are owned by the company. The subscribers to these have been notified by the Bell Company's attorneys that if they will surrender their instruments all claim against them for infringements on the Bell patents will be waived. The subscribers say the instruments do not belong to them, and they cannot turn over without committing larceny. To this the Bell people only respond that they have made a liberal offer. The subscribers are then placed in this position, they must either surrender the instruments they do not own and trust to having no settlement to make with the Pan Company, or they must buy the instruments of the Pan Company and turn them over, or they must stand suit for damages with the prospect of certain defeat and loss.

Of the owners of private lines the following have so far turned the infringing instruments over to the Bell Company. The St. Louis Improved Sprinkling Company, two instruments; Sprague & Sons, four instruments; Dr. Papin, two instruments; Wrought Iron Range Company, two instruments, and Scarritt Furniture Company, two instruments. When all the instruments are in they will be burned. The term in which the instruments can be turned over and suits for damages avoided expires in a large number of cases to-morrow.

WATERY WASTES.

Trains on the New York Central Delayed—Bad Washouts.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.—On account of the washout on the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad trains on that road from the East are five hours late this morning.

Surrounded by Ice and Water.

CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., March 23.—The cold wave has materially reduced the rush of water to the Mohawk River, and may prevent any more immediate damage. Train No. 3, which left New York on the Central road at 11:30 o'clock yesterday, was surrounded by water and ice for three hours near Amsterdam. Trains are running very irregularly on the Central road. The flood is the worst near Fonda, Fultonville and Fort Hunter. The damage to the broom factories at the latter place is very heavy.

Tracks Under Water.

INDEPENDENCE, Io., March 23.—The water in the Wapsi River is higher at this place than it has been for eighty years. Part of the ice went out yesterday, tearing down some buildings near the river. The ice formed a gorge above the bridge of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern Railway, the track for half a mile being under water. Freight business on that road is temporarily suspended and passengers are transferred nearly two miles.

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CENTRALIA, Mo., March 23.—Mrs. Alfred Willis, a highly-esteemed lady, aged 56 years, died at her home here last evening at 5 o'clock of pneumonia after a brief illness. The funeral will be on Saturday at 10 a. m. at the residence; services by Elder McGhee of Martinsburg.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 23.—John W. Bragg died at 2:30 o'clock this morning. He was quite well known in Richmond, Va., one of the wealthiest men in this town. He was a promising young man, aged 27 years, and leaves a wife and one child.

KANSAS CITY BASE BALL.

The Wrangle Between the Two Rival Associations Getting Lively.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 23.—The ball players of the Western and American Association Clubs are arriving in the city. Manager Dave Rowe was asked to-day: "When will the Association team play the Western Club?"

"Never," replied the Captain emphatically. "There will be no such thing as a Western Association League. We will see that Mr. Menges does not play ball and you can rely on it. The injunction has not been given up and will be served at the proper time. The matter is in the hands of an attorney and he will see that the Western team does not play ball here. The injunction will be served probably the first time it attempts to play. We have a case against it now, you mark my words."

"Can the courts handle this question after the Board of Arbitration has decided that Mr. Menges is right?"

"They certainly can. The decision of the Arbitration Committee will not be considered when the injunction is served, as that body was prejudiced in favor of Mr. Menges."

Mr. Menges laughs at the question of an injunction, and says that his club will play ball all through the season without being interfered with.

Mrs. Lamb Seriously Injured.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Mrs. Martha J. Lamb, the editress of the *Magazine of American History*, and the author of the well-known history of New York, was run down by a horse and wagon this forenoon at Astor place, Broadway, while crossing the street and seriously injured. The driver of the wagon was arrested and Mrs. Lamb removed to her home.

Belleville.

The Waugh nail mill has been shut down for want of iron.

John Donahue, a workman at Falling Springs, was badly injured by a fall of rock yesterday.

William Warner, a blacksmith at Schureman's mine, was kicked by a mule in the abdomen yesterday, and seriously, probably fatally injured.

Peter Armbruster and John Bauer, Jr., will play a match game of pool for the championship of Belleville at Evering's, Sunday. A handsome silver cup will be the prize.

Much regret was expressed here over Judge Snyder's failure to secure the nomination for Judge of the Supreme Court, but general satisfaction was expressed over the announcement in the *Post's* extra that the St. Clair delegation had remained steadfast to the end.

In the Circuit Court this morning hearing of arguments on the application for the appointment of a receiver for the Western Nail Mill Company was postponed until Tuesday. The damage cases of George E. Voice and Patrick O'Neil against Mr. Frank B. Bowman and Detective Furlong for malicious prosecution of them for the Bowman murder, were dismissed for want prosecution.

Mrs. Rose C. Bailey of Indianapolis, Ind., wife of the United States District-Attorney of that section of the Hoosier State, has written a piece of music called the Mrs. Cleveland March. Mrs. Bailey is well known in St. Louis, having taken part in concerts here.

BUYERS OF FURNITURE

IN SEARCH OF BARGAINS SHOULD EXAMINE THE IMMENSE STOCK OF THE

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO

NOW BEING SOLD AT

BANKRUPT SALE

AT 306, 308 and 310 LOCUST STREET.

The Goods are FIRST-CLASS, the Styles the Latest, the Designs ARTISTIC and the Prices CHEAP.
Goods stored till wanted without charge.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

REAL ESTATE.

More About the Christy Avenue Boom—Sales and Prices To-Day.

The Christy avenue boom continues to boom in defiance of the attempts of the morning papers to suppress it when they fail to get the news until after it has been published by the POST-DISPATCH. Yesterday afternoon a $14,000 sale on Christy avenue was reported in the POST-DISPATCH, and this morning the truth of the statement was confirmed by Thomas F. Farrelly, who says he purchased the property himself and gave the Citizens' Savings Bank his individual check for it. The premises as heretofore stated have a frontage of 56 by a depth of 105 feet on the north side of the avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, for which Mr. Farrelly paid $250 per front foot. Since then Mr. Farrelly says he has sold the property at a very handsome advance to a local firm whose name he does not care to divulge at present. As an evidence of the present urgent inquiry for Christy avenue sites, Mr. Farrelly alludes to the fact that there were no less than three buyers in the market, each of them anxious to get the property he bought.

A PROFITABLE SPECULATION.

Another illustration of the growing popularity of Christy avenue for business sites was afforded late this afternoon by the Anderson-Wade Real Estate Company, who realized a profit of $1,200 within thirty days on a $5,500 investment for one of their patrons, Robert McKittrick Jones. It has only been about a week since the deed to the premises No. 814 Christy avenue, which Mr. Jones purchased for $5,500, was recorded; nevertheless the property, which was bought through Anderson-Wade, was sold to-day by the same agency for $6,750 to Isaac Rusnack & Son, the clothiers. The site they have secured has a frontage of 22½x75 feet and now has an old two-story warehouse on it.

In the opinion of parties well posted on the commercial growth of the city these sales are simply indicative of others to follow on the same thoroughfare, as the property there is well adapted to wholesale business purposes, and cheap at the prices at which it has been selling.

SOLD UNDER THE HAMMER.

The two-story stone front residence and 90x140 feet of ground No. 3010 Easton avenue, the property of L. T. Bilt of New Orleans, which M. A. Wolff & Co. sold at auction yesterday afternoon, was purchased for $4,200 by J. W. Motte of the Famous, who it is said will alter the premises for business purposes. This property has heretofore been renting for $35 a month.

PREPARING TO REBUILD.

Keeley & Co. and Keferstein & Co., agents for the premises numbered 613, 615 and 617 and 619 Pine street have notified the tenants of the houses to vacate the quarters by the 1st of April, when the old buildings are to be torn down as originally stated in the POST-DISPATCH, to give place to a four-story building with an ornamental facade which will add very much to the appearance of the street, on which several other costly improvements are in contemplation for the near future.

FINNEY AVENUE IMPROVEMENTS.

Councilman Stone has informed some of the prominent property-owners on Finney avenue that the prospects are that their petition will be granted for the full improvement of the street between Vandeventer and Whittier, a distance equal to about five blocks. A discrepancy between the estimated cost of the work and the amount that can be appropriated to meet the expense is placed at $240 and it is said the prospect for raising this sum is quite favorable. In this connection it is also stated that Mr. Stone is interesting himself in a movement to have a street car line run out Finney avenue to Taylor, to return east on Cook. If this is accomplished it is predicted adjacent property will be greatly benefited, as transportation facilities are very much needed in that territory.

Notes.

B. F. Hammett will depart this evening for Washington, D. C., to visit his daughter, who is attending school there.

The committee canvassing for funds to meet the expenses of the National Convention has raised over $300 among real estate agents and expect to increase it to $600 or more before they have completed the rounds.

THOSE great $4.75 woven cassimere suits for men (no shoddy) are selling like hot cakes at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

MUST HAVE MORE MEN.

The Sub-Treasury Crippled in Force—Letter-Boxes—Signal Service Instruments.

Unusually large deposits are coming in to the Sub-Treasury from all over the country. To-day one Louisville bank requested the privilege of depositing $70,000 a day. These banks have been depositing at the Cincinnati Treasury heretofore. The heavy deposits from Chicago continue and the local force is much overworked and need an increase of force at once. Two men more are needed at present to handle the money. If the rush continue through the fiscal year it will be the largest year in the Sub-Treasury's history.

"I do not believe there is much rifling of letter-boxes by gummed sticks," said Postmaster Hyde this afternoon, "the present boxes cannot be changed till the box contract runs out, which will not be for a year and a half yet. The Government has a contract with a company for furnishing the present boxes and until that runs out the present kind will have to be used. When the contract expires the Government will adopt some one of the many boxes now patented. One very interesting kind has an electric connection with the city delivery, so that the superintendent can tell at once when the box is touched. I wonder if the average inventor knows that the Goverment reserves the right to use every patent, and the question of receiving compensation will be a very serious one."

Sergt. Chappel is so well pleased with his new barograph, or self-registering barometer, that he contemplates asking for a self-registering thermometer that will automatically register the fluctuations of the mercury during the day, and after awhile the self-registers will get down so fine that the observers will have nothing to do but make predictions. At present, however, they have plenty to keep them busy.

There Was.

From the Boston Courier.

She was a pretty salesgirl;
He asked for a kiss,
For he was the accepted
Of the fair and blushing miss.
She gave him one, and as she drew
Her rosy lips away,
"Is there?" she asked in trembling tones,
"Anything else to-day?"

A LADIES' gold watch and chain with a pearl set charm attached, all valued at $40, were stolen between 1 and 3 o'clock yesterday morning from the room of Ida Schoiten, an inmate of the disreputable house No. 613 Clark avenue. She suspects one of her visitors.

THE CHICAGO ANARCHISTS.

Startling Rumors Concerning the Reorganization of the Reds.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 23.—Referring to a vague threat made yesterday by Otto Reichel, who was arrested at the instance of the Socialistic Publishing Company on a charge of misappropriation of funds, that he would expose the secret meetings of the Anarchist groups in this city and their plans, the *Times* this morning says: "Reports have been circulated among people interested in the labor movement, particularly the conservative ones, within the last few weeks, to the effect that the Anarchists are reorganizing in this city and renewing their plotting against the life and property of its citizens. The rumors have become so general that they even reached the police department and the speeches made at a recent celebration of the Paris Commune were sufficiently violent to lend some color to the reports. An investigation shows that the rumors are in part true and in part exaggerated. The fact is that since the outbreak of May 4, 1886, the Anarchists have been compelled to hide their heads and the persons whose leadership they had assumed, by some sort of means, have been and are still returning to the association of those whom they left a few years ago when the Anarchist agitation in this city commenced. When the international Working People's Association was organized in this city five or six years ago it drew its membership from the Socialistic Labor party, which, since that time until within a recent period, became almost an empty name. The massacre on the Haymarket brought about a change. The "group" dispersed and the International disappeared. Recently, the Socialistic Labor party has been reorganizing and is once more quite a numerous body of men. The disintegrating influence of the Anarchists has made them an object of universal dislike among the Socialists who constituted the Socialist Labor party and the International in the early part of its existence. Of late, however, there has been an attempt made to rally the scattered members of that force that were scattered by the Haymarket riot and the execution of the leaders. The men who belonged to the groups at that time were for the most part not Anarchists. At all events, if they were they were

CURED OF THEIR FOLLY.

They do not want to admit their mistake by joining the Socialistic Labor party, which they once disrupted. But they want to reorganize and have hit upon a plan that has been worked out of the difficulty. There have been organized within the past two months a number of societies in different parts of the city called either debating societies or Working People's Educational Societies, or some similar name. These societies are devoted to the discussion of economic and social questions. The lectures and discussions are entirely Socialistic, or at least extremely radical. The object of reorganizing the members of the dispersed groups of the International in debating societies is explained by prominent Socialists as an additional step towards bringing them back to the Socialistic Labor party, and driving the fiends of dynamite and poison out of their heads. Even the name of Anarchists is avoided by those who used to glory in it, except a few who still believe in dynamite. The few extremists, although still able to create a deal of infectious enthusiasm by speeches such as were made at the Commune celebration, are not regarded with favor by the leaders in the new movement, who say such talk and actions spoil their work and retard the advancement of their cause. One of the most powerful causes that broke up Anarchism in this city is the political labor move, which developed considerable strength at some of the late elections. It is a remarkable feature of this movement that some of the most industrious workers for the party are those who formerly were the most rabid Anarchists."

Solid Silver Spoons and Forks.

Beautiful new patterns at low prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.
Cor. 4th and Locust.

Rich new pieces for Bridal Gifts.

Forty Years Ago.

From the Boston Herald.

The furniture, city houses especially, often costly enough, was almost without exception dreadful. The carpets of enormous patterns and discordant colors and the furniture of excessively varnished rosewood, of some like material and always in "sets," were things to shudder at. The costumes of the women were in keeping with the houses. Not only did the ladies wear long trousers of some white material that came so low that it was impossible for the wearers to walk without getting them in dust or mire, but the small girl-child was rigged out in the same preposterous garments, it being taught highly immoral for a tot of 6 to expose her ankles.

The ladies' boots, made usually of cloth, were heelless, laced at the side and came not quite to the ankle bone, while the one-button gloved left the wrist entirely bare. The wearer the female forehead reached to the back of the head the loveller, many even shaving the central portion to enhance their "beauty." Any hair that was golden or yellow was thought almost a deformity and a girl with sunny tresses was looked upon as hideous, was taunted as a "red-head" and generally used a lead comb or some wash to make her golden tresses conform as nearly as possible to the prevailing standard. All women plastered their hair in a hard, flat mass tight to the skull with bandoline or some other mucilaginous substance, as low down as the ears and then had it twisted in stiff, wire-like spirals or puffed out like blinders.

Lee Gong at the Bar.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

Lee Gong is an illiterate Chinese, but he worthily upholds the traditions of his race. He was before Judge Hornblower yesterday, charged with carrying a concealed weapon.

"What's your plea, Gong?" asked the clerk.

"Me got five dolls, no mole," answered the Mongol, at the same time holding out the money in his hand.

"No, no, John, this is not a $5 court; proceed with the case," said the Court.

An officer took the stand and said that he suspected the Chinese had a weapon in his possession and he went to take it away from him, but the man ran away. The officer followed and arrested him, but found nothing on him. He afterward found the weapon among the blankets on Gong's bed.

At this point Lee Gong became somewhat excited, advanced to the bench and held up his hands and cried: "No guilty; me no savvee."

"What! You plead not guilty after offering me $5. This is disgraceful, sir. You had better take care and not fool me," said the Judge very sternly.

"The pistol was not found concealed on his person, Your Honor," said the prosecuting Attorney, "and if he pleads not guilty we have nothing else to do but let him go and lose the $5."

This was what was ultimately done; the door was opened and Lee Gong departed with just a faint smile on his placid countenance.

Good Cassimere Suits, $4.75.

NO SHODDY GOODS, BUT WOOLEN CASSIMERES.

To-day and to-morrow will offer to the public 2000 Men's Cassimere Suits at $4.75. No shoddy goods as our competitors are advertising for that money, but as good as they are selling for $10. Finest of imported goods from $7.50 to $25.

Boys' Suits, from 4 to 14, all wool, at $1.75. Others from $1 to $5; thousands to select from. 5000 Confirmation Suits from $3.50 to $12.50.

See our great Men's $2.50 Calf Shoe in Bal., Button and Congress, warranted. See our Ladies' $2.00 Kid Button Shoe, every pair warranted. A new lot of those $1.25 Nobby Stiff Fur Hats just received; finer grades in proportion. A few more of those fine Reinforced Linen Bosom Shirts at 45c.

GLOBE,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 FRANKLIN AV.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m. Ball and bat free with every boy's hat.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

The Bears on Top—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

The market was dull to-day, the only noted feature being the sharp decline of several stocks.

* * *

Small Hopes was persistently and successfully raided. Opening with a sale of 200 shares at $1.40, the stock declined to $1.37½, 400 shares being disposed of; 200 sold for $1.35, after which the price rapidly declined to $1.20, 300 shares bringing this figure. The closing price was $1.15 bid. It was rumored on the street that work in the mine had been shut down. Col. J. O. Churchill stated that instructions had been telegraphed Superindent Donaldson to largely reduce expenses, and if necessary for reorganization of the working force, to temporarily suspend work. Mr. Donaldson may have stopped the mine in obedience to this telegram, but the officers of the company in this city had received no news to that effect. Any suspension of work would be only temporary. A mill return has just been received showing a product of $2,500 for the last run.

* * *

Pat Murphy opened with a sale of 500 shares at 57½, dropping to 56½ and closing at 55, 200 shares being disposed of at each figure.

* * *

Pilot, which opened at 20 bid, fell rapidly, the first sale being made at 15, 500 shares changing hands. It subsequently dropped to 12½, at which 1,000 shares were sold, and closed at 10 bid.

* * *

Concepcion also suffered a great shrinkage in value. Opening with offers at 15, it dropped to 7½, at which 800 shares were sold.

* * *

Five hundred shares of West Granite brought 48¾, 1,500 47½, and a small amount was sold at 46¾.

* * *

Rena opened at 17½, 300 shares changing hands, rose to 18¾, at which a sale of 200 shares was made, and with sales aggregating several hundred shares at 17½. A sale of 1,000 shares, seller 30, was made at 15, and a similar sale at 13½.

* * *

Golden Era was firm at $1.13½ bid, $1.15 asked, the sales aggregating but 300 shares. Black Oak was equally firm, 1,500 shares bringing 46¼. Golden Chicken was 35 bid, Queen of the West was offered at 10; no sale. Anderson was $1.25 bid, $1.27½ asked. Phillips was quoted at 28¾. Silver Age was offered at 21¾; 4 was bid for Grey Eagle. Jumbo was 30 bid. Cleveland was offered at 4.

* * *

Frisco was 72½ bid, 80 asked. The weekly report was received to-day, stating that the shaft was down 886 feet, and the east 200 foot level in 280 feet.

* * *

The Vice-President of the Golden Chicken states that Superintendent Gunnan has left for the mine, and will start the mill as soon as the roads are passable. So great, however, is the inconvenience arising from the rapidly melting snow, that the mill may not be able to start before May 1.

* * *

A telegram to the Secretary of the Chief Deposit Mining Company this morning says that the ore in the breast of the tunnel gives 473 ounces of silver per ton.

* * *

A meeting of the stockholders of the recently purchased Ontario-Elephant group of mines was held last night at the Lindell Hotel. It was determined to change the name of the mines, and the company will be incorporated under the name of the Wire Patch Gold Mining & Milling Company. It was reported that the subscriptions were nearly all in, and that everything was in a most flourishing condition. A meeting will be held at the Third National Bank at 3:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of electing officers.

Wagon-Makers' Strike Denied.

The report that the wagon-makers of the city are dissatisfied with the wages paid them and will shortly go out on a strike is emphatically denied. It is stated that the rumor is wholly without foundation, and that the wagon-makers have no cause of grievance of so serious a nature as to lead to a rupture between employers and employed.

Prohibition Congressional Candidate.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 23.—A special to the *Evening Times* from Harrodsburg, Ky., says: "The Prohibitionists of this, the Eighth Congressional District, have nominated the Hon. Green Clay Smith for Congress, to run against the present incumbent, Hon. James B. McCreary.

If there is a "grease spot" on your clothes, stop at the grocer's on your way home and get a cake of Ivory Soap. Apply it to the spot with a piece of flannel, wet with hot water; rub well, then wet a clean place on the flannel and rub again to remove the soap. If the spot is of long standing, use a nail brush. Ivory Soap may be safely used upon any cloth, for it will not impair its strength or change the color.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory'"; they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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The circulation of the DAILY POST-DISPATCH in the City of St. Louis is larger every week than that of any other newspaper in the City.

FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

ntertainment Hall—"Les Huguenots."
rand—Wilson and Rankin's Minstrels.
lympic—Emma Abbott.
eople's—Chas. A. Gardner in "The New Karl."
ope's—"Shadows of a Great City."
andard—Mignani—Seigrist Specialty Company.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

nd—Wilson and Rankin's Minstels.
mpic—Emma Abbott.
ple's—Chas. A. Gardner in "The New Karl."
e's—"Shadows of a Great City."
dard—Mignani—Seigrist Specialty Company.

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Fresh to brisk southerly winds; warmer, fair weather.

KANSAS CITY has succeeded in having s boom shrunk 50 per cent. It takes a ealthy boom to face the County Assessor.

OUR new Minister to Mexico has passed safely through the banquet ordeal, and the relations of the two republics are riendly.

IF a Democratic Congress does not succeed in passing a tariff-reduction bill the proceedings of the St. Louis Convention will be comparatively unimportant.

ARKANSAW'S convict camps are probably no worse than others. Any convict amp is bound to become a hotbed of horrors and a disgrace to the State that tolerates it.

THE promptness of the State Board of Equalization in equalizing the Kansas City assessment is in striking contrast with its slowness in equalizing the railroad assessments of the State.

THE House Judiciary Committee has finally agreed to increase the pay of the United States District Judges. This tardy recognition is better than nothing, but the increase is altogether insufficient.

THE contrast between the earnings of the Missouri Pacific and the quotations of the stock shows that it is easier for JAY GOULD to earn dividends than it is to get the public to invest in his enterprises.

WHEN Mayor HEWITT objected to "the wearing of the green," so far as the City Hall was concerned, on St. Patrick's Day, he had but three or four fresh rows on his hands and was just honing for another. He would not have taken anything for that opportunity to tread on St. Patrick's coat-tail.

SOME of the more prominent Republicans of St. Louis have organized a Republican Club which starts out under good conditions. Almost any organization ought to be able to defeat the soup-house combination which is trying to pass itself off on a disgusted public as the local Democratic party.

THE proceedings before the State Board of Equalization illustrate again the necessity for economy in running the city government of St. Louis. It is the drain of our city appropriations which keeps the assessment of the city at so high a notch. By the way, has the present city government done anything in the way of lessening the financial difficulties of the city?

THE assessment of 1886 rated Kansas City town lots at an average value of $576, and the County Assessor thought that two years of unprecedented town-lot booming should have doubled the value at least. But the State Board of Equalization fixes the valuation for this year at $612.45—an increase in two years of only 8 per cent per annum!

... the five State officers composing the Board of Equalization, Auditor WALKER is the only one who is not a candidate. When Boss CORRIGAN, who usually turns up at the head of Jackson County's Democratic delegations in nominating conventions, appeared before this board of candidates and demanded a reduction of $41,500,000 in Kansas City's real estate assessment and of nearly ... County's, he got it. ... four candidates who dared to vote with Auditor WALKER against the reduction. A reduction of eighty or one hundred millions was not asked for and obtained because Jackson County's real estate operators were afraid it would throw a damper on speculation.

WE accept without question the *Globe-Democrat's* statement that it "never undertook to keep Mr. GLOVER out of Congress." We were under the impression that it tried to secure the assistance of a gentleman named DYER in keeping him out of Congress, but we may have been mistaken. As for Mr. GLOVER'S race for Governor being "a joke, and no more," we do not observe any of his competitors indulging in boisterous merriment over the joke.

IT was easy to convince the State Board of Equalization that the alleged transactions which had guided the Jackson County Assessor were bogus and that he had put twice the actual value on Kansas City real estate, although he tried to keep far enough below the quoted prices of the real estate market. But there was no getting around his assessment of personal property at $12,725,750. There were recorded mortgages to show for that.

KANSAS CITY'S town-lot boom seems to have had a remarkable effect in reducing the value of real estate other than town lots in Jackson County. The County Assessor and the State Board of Equalization assessed such real estate in 1886 at an average valuation of $80.51 per acre. The County Assessor this year felt justified in raising it to $83.12 per acre, but the State Board has reduced it to $62.34 per acre, having been easily convinced that two years of Kansas City's booming has lowered the value that much!

THE unanimous report of the House Committee on Revision of the Laws in favor of amending the Constitution so as to provide for the election of Senators by the people is the first fruit of popular disgust with the system which puts so many railroad attorneys and millionaires in the Senate to represent there the money kings and the corporations rather than the States or the people. Senators elected directly by the people would be less apt to occupy purchased seats and wear a corporation collar, than Senators elected as STANFORD was, by undisguised purchase, if not by technical bribery.

PROF. ELISHA GRAY announces that he has perfected an invention called the telautograph, an electric instrument by which a reporter can, from any distance within 500 miles, reproduce instantly in the office of his journal an exact fac-simile of anything he writes or sketches with a pencil at the other end of the line. It is designed to supersede the telephone, or at least take its place more conveniently for a great many uses. But the public need not jump at the conclusion that it promises them cheaper communication. The Bell telephone monopoly will either get control of it or form a combination with its owners so as to keep rates as high as the law allows or the traffic will bear.

Poor Tom!

From the New York WORLD.

No death that has occurred in New York in years has been more pathetic than that of the blind newsdealer, Tom Donohue, which occurred last Saturday night—self-inflicted though it was. A good, honest workman, he lost his eyes nearly twenty years ago. To keep soul and body together he sold newspapers at a little stand at the corner of Fourth avenue and Thirty-second street. He could tell his newspapers by the feel, and the skill with which he made change was a marvel. When he felt sufficiently prosperous he wooed and won a girl who had been blind from birth. In their affliction they were happy and as contented, perhaps, as most people. A month ago the wife fell ill and was sent to the hospital. Blind Tom struggled on. He had saved about $200, which he hid in the stove-pipe in his room in Fourth avenue. Last week the blizzard worried and depressed him. Then somebody built a fire in his room when he was absent and the fortune in the stove-pipe vanished. Poor Tom, lonely, discouraged and aweary, took the strap which had so often served him in carrying his newspapers, tied it about his neck and suspending himself to a transom passed out into the darkness beyond the land of sorrow. A stricken wife and a poor little dog which used to lead him back and forth from his news-stand are disconsolate. Poor Tom!

Thackeray's Stepfather.

From an Exchange.

In the new Church of the Holy Trinity at Ayr, Scotland, is a brass mural tablet given by Mrs. Ritchie, the daughter of Thackeray. It is a memorial not only of her father's stepfather, but also of "Colonel Newcome." The following is the incription which she has written for it:

Sacred to the memory of
MAJOR HENRY WILLIAM CARMICHAEL SMYTH,
of the Bengal Engineers,
Who departed this life at Ayr, 9th September, 1861,
Aged 81 years.
"Adsum."

"And lo, he whose heart was as that of a little child had answered to his name and stood in the presence of the Master."—Newcomes, vol. iii., chap. 26.

On the rebuilding of the church his grave was brought within the walls. He was laid to rest immediately beneath this place by his stepson, William Makepeace Thackeray.

A Calm Boston View of Ingalls.

From the Boston Herald.

But the meanest feature of the whole is to inquire into the politics of any man who risked his life and shed his blood for his country, and to measure his patriotism by it. We say calmly, and with as little conscious disposition to exaggerate as in any line we have ever written, that it is difficult to conceive of a more infamous assault than that of Senator Ingalls upon the memory of Gen. Hancock. It would seem to be only necessary to refer to the history of our country to cause any right-minded man to agree with us. There should be no difference of opinion on such a point. Nothing but insignificance would shelter a cross-road stump-speaker or a seven-by-nine front- ... an attack of this character.

... by one of the highest officers under the Government, it should not pass without a rebuke to make the most brazen defamer quail and compel an apology to an insulted public at his hands.

Women and Night Travel.

From the Boston Herald.

We find the singular statement made that very few women are now found traveling in sleeping-cars. It will be a surprise, we imagine, to the ordinary traveler. If the statement had been that few women enjoy that kind of travel, it would have been nearer the truth, and, indeed, in more respects than one the comfort of the fairer sex is not so well cared for on the sleeping-car as that of the other. A Western railroad man suggests that women be employed as conductors on these cars. We doubt if much would be gained in this way, if it were practicable. What is most needed is privacy, and the new system of Mann boudoir cars comes nearer to affording this than the Pullman. By and by the railroads may provide a car exclusively for women, and then a woman conductor will be in order. We do not see why it should not be reasonable to afford such a car on the longer routes now.

In a Hole.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The fact of the matter is that Mr. Ingalls is in a hole, as the phrase goes, and explanations will not extricate him. Turn which way he will he can do nothing but prove himself to have been, in this matter, nothing but a fool or fanatic, a sorrowful plight for so "smart" a man. May all the Bourbons share his fate.

MEN OF MARK.

MR. W. H. H. MURRAY is going on a tour of exploration to the extreme north of British America.

OSCAR WILDE purchased Carlyle's bookcase in an auction room. It is a plain wooden structure.

THE King of the Yuma Indians, known to fame as Sweet Rot, has been killed in a drunken brawl at Fort Yuma, Ariz.

SENATOR CHACE of Rhode Island is the only member of the United States Senate who always wears a swallow-tailed coat.

MEN who have been arrested because they resembled Tascott, the Snell murderer, talk of forming a national organization with branches in Canada.

CHAIRMAN COOPER of the Pennsylvania Republican Committee announces that he is still for Blaine, and that he believes Blaine will be nominated and will accept.

THE Rev. Bartholomew Edwards, rector of Ashill, Norfolk, is the oldest clergyman in England. He has just completed his 100th year. He has been rector of Ashill just seventy-five years.

URBAIN OLIVIER, the Swiss novelist, who recently died at the age of 78, conscientiously produced one book a year and at the same time cultivated a farm. He was a very successful farmer.

NEWS of Louis Kossuth comes in a letter received in Boston from his sister, Mme. Ruttkay, who lives with him at Turin. He is past 85, but in good health, and takes his daily walk, whatever the weather.

JOE STANLEY, one of the wealthiest men in Denver and Vice-President of the Denver City National Bank, was a poor miner in Gilpin County, Colo., ten years ago. His wife took in washing to buy flour and bacon, while Joe dug his way through 700 feet of barren rock. When he did strike "pay dirt" he sold his claim for $1,000,000.

INVENTOR EDISON proposes to present the first half-dozen perfected phonographs to the crowned heads of Europe. He will make the presentation address here in America and when the instruments are delivered their royal recipients will have the pleasure of hearing the words of Mr. Edison through his wonderful machine.

P. B. EGAN hissed the name of Monsignor Preston at the dinner of the Irish Historical Society. He was expelled. Mr. Egan, who is founder of the Galway Association and Treasurer of the Bogtrotters' Association, says he always shall hiss the Monsignor's name, because he believes him the cause of Dr. McGlynn's excommunication.

SENATOR BOWEN went to Colorado from Arkansas ten years ago, broken in health and poor. One night he won $100 at poker and gave it to a prospector for a grub stake. As a result of this venture he gained the Little Annie and Golconda mines, which have paid him as $10,000 a day in hard cash. A conservative estimate places the ore in sight at $2,500,000.

A REAL live British peer in America is John Contee Fairfax, M. D., of Northampton, Md. According to "Debrett's Peerage" he is the eleventh Baron Fairfax, and last year he received from the Queen a formal invitation to be present with his fellow peers at her Jubilee in Westminster Abbey. This invitation he did not accept. He has now retired from the active practice of his profession and lives a quiet, simple life on his farm.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE American corset now embraces the waists of Persian ladies in job lots.

QUEEN MARGHERITA of Italy is a capital Hebrew scholar, and has a large library of Hebrew works.

MME. CARNOT, the wife of the President of the French Republic, has had seven dresses made of the new color, absinthe green.

MRS. GARFIELD has announced the engagement of her daughter Mollie to J. Stanley Brown, who was her late husband's private secretary.

MRS. SARAH ULRICH KELLY, the Bard of Shanty Hill, is a small woman, by no means ugly, who dresses completely in black and talks incessantly.

EX-QUEEN ISABELLA of Spain divides her time nowadays between sleeping, eating and knitting, having grown too stout to dabble in political intrigue.

MRS. ABBIE SAGE RICHARDSON, who several years ago was an incidental actor in a famous New York tragedy, is lecturing on Shakspeare in Western towns.

DR. MARY WALKER has been attempting to obtain an increase of pension from Congress. She now draws $8.50 a month from the Government—hardly enough to keep her in trousers and suspenders.

MISS SARA ELLIOTT, the story-writer, has returned to New Orleans, after spending a couple of years abroad. She is a daughter of the late Bishop Elliott of Texas, and is described as small, brown-haired and demure.

DR. ANNA KINGSFORD, author of "The Perfect Way" and other works, whose death has been recorded, was for sixteen years a strict vegetarian, and a total abstainer from all alcoholic drinks. She had a quite bloodless complexion.

IT is reported from Waverly, O., that on February 12, 1887, Lizzie Long, during a revival of religion, went into a trance and announced that she would die exactly one year later. On the 12th of last February, at the very hour specified, Lizzie Long died.

MLLE. ZUCCHI, formerly leading ballet-dancer at the Eden Theater, Paris, was recently married to Prince Basetchitkoff, and among the wedding presents were 120 silver drinking cups, each from a former admirer, and each fashioned like a dancing-slipper.

PRINCESS MIDAS is the sobriquet of Miss Cornwell of Australia, who owns the Midas Mine and turned it into a London joint-stock company, with a capital of $500,000. Miss Cornwell has gone into journalism and has purchased the *Sunday Times*, a literary weekly, long established in London.

MRS. ELIZABETH THOMPSON of Boston has an income of $50,000 a year, which she receives quarterly, and it is said she is often penniless before the end of the quarter. She spends her entire time and fortune in charity, and that without identifying herself with the objects of her generosity.

MANY of the girls at Vassar College think nothing of walking six, eight and even ten miles. Many of the young ladies at educational institutions around Philadelphia have shown an interest in pedestrianism this winter and it is said that long walks will be fashionable for women during the coming spring and summer.

A BILL giving women the right to vote at municipal and school elections was defeated in the Iowa House last week, after it had been ordered engrossed. The reasons given are wholly partisan. It was not denied that the principle was all right, but it was decided inexpedient for the Republicans to place another reform among the issues of the next campaign.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. J. F.—A 10-cent piece of 1841 is quoted at 30 cents.

H. J. C.—"The Shadows of a Great City" has not been here before during this season.

M. KNIGHT.—There has been no announcement of the time for the next local dog show.

PEPPER AND SALT.—No, a 1-cent stamp will not carry a letter, even if the envelope is left open.

THREE OLD MAIDS.—Neither Ko-Ko nor Pooh-Bah was the Mikado's son. His name is Nanki-Poo.

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.—It is stated that the light on the Bartholdi statue can be seen thirty miles out at sea.

FAMOUS.—There is a play called "Crimes of a Great City" and the name of the author is W. J. Cageswell.

TWO SPORTS.—"A Ranch King" opens at the Standard on Sunday. "Town Lots" opens at Pope's on the same day.

W. J. J.—The Musical Pavers were with the Mignani—Siegrist Troupe, the same one that is now appearing at the Standard.

SUBSCRIBER.—The right to vote on first papers one year after their issue is peculiar to Missouri. It does not exist in Illinois.

GUESSER.—We know nothing of the prizes you desire. Call at the address you mention and you will get the information you want.

C. R. DODD, City.—See answer to cassino player below. It took a little time to get your question solved, local cassino experts differing upon it.

C. H.—Consult an encyclopædia for the styles and values of the different kinds of money used in Bohemia in the fifteenth century.

W. M. K.—1. We cannot give the address of coin dealers in this column. 2. Nickels without the word cents are not at a premium and dealers say they will never be at a premium.

XXX.—1. Arnold Beck was never marshal of a St. Patrick's day parade in this city. He was, however, marshal of one of the Papal parades. 2. The Knights of St. Patrick did turn out in a body in a St. Patrick's day parade.

SUB.—Ordinance No. 14,084 prohibits peddling from baskets in the territory bounded south by Clark avenue, north by Wash street, east by Fourth street and west by Seventeenth street, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m.

H. A. W.—If A and B are playing seven-up and they each have two points to go and A makes high and game, and B low and Jack, B wins. The points count in this order, high, low, Jack and game. After A has scored high, B counts low and Jack and goes out before A can count his game.

JOSEPH O'REILLEY.—The longest verse in the Bible is the ninth of the eighth chapter of Esther. The shortest is the thirty-fifth of the eleventh chapter of St. John. The number of pages in a Bible depends on the edition you get. There are 1,189 chapters, 31,173 verses, and 773,692 words in the Bible.

A READER.—The fact that you are a student in Missouri neither gives nor takes away your residence. You must go to Illinois to take out your citizenship papers. You can take them out in any court of record. A student is not a citizen of the place where he is at school. His residence remains unchanged by reason of the fact that he has gone away to school.

CASSINO PLAYER.—In cassino the hands rate as follows: Big cassino, little cassino, cards, spades, aces, sweeps. In playing a fixed number of points, say twenty-one, the first player who succeeds in scoring the number of points agreed upon wins the game. No one point takes any precedence over another; the points are scored as soon as made, and a player wins the game the moment he has made the requisite points.

DRAW POKER, McFall, Mo.—American Hoyle, page 199, rule 8, reads as follows: "If the dealer gives to himself, or either of the other players, more or less than five cards, and the player receiving such a number of cards discover and announce the fact before he raises his hand, it is a misdeal. The cards are re-shuffled and re-cut, and the dealer shuffles again." This rule applies before the draw, and decides the case you mention.

J. T. BOATMAN, Bald Knob, Ark.—1. Nineteen cannot be made in the game of cribbage. 2. The hand you give at cribbage, ten, Queen, King and five and a Jack turned up, all of one suit, counts seventeen; 8 for fifteens, 4 for the sequence and 5 for the flush. 3. The Jack can be counted in the run or sequence. 4. There is no such term as a "royal run." You probably mean a "pair royal." That is when three cards of a like denomination are played in rotation, entitling the player of the last card to six points. When four of a kind are played in rotation it is called a "double pair royal," the player of the last card scoring twelve points.

Especially With Suspicious Characters.

From the Texas Siftings.

Clergyman (solemnly): "Young man, do you ever indulge in that nefarious game called poker?"

Young man (nervously): "Occasionally, but really, sir, you will have to excuse me. I couldn't think of taking a hand in a railroad game."

"John" and the New Treaty.

From the Providence Journal.

If experience has shown anything it has certainly shown that a Chinaman who is bent upon coming here can prove anything which may be demanded of him, and it will be surprising if the necessity for proving the possession of wife or children very seriously staggers him, unless some sharper oversight is had than has yet been maintained.

Boston in Seclusion.

From the Providence Journal.

The editorials of the Boston papers during their seclusion from the outside world have shown an ability like that of the celebrated Hindoo philosopher who discovered the mysteries of the universe by many years' unwavering contemplation of his own navel.

Better Revise It at Once.

From the Providence Journal.

A judicious revision of the tariff is a better bulwark for its preservation than the unceasing cry that it must not be touched for fear that if it is amended in any essential particular it will be destroyed.

A Wide Straddle.

From the San Francisco Alta.

The Republicans in Congress are reported "split up" on the tariff. Of course this means that they are getting ready to straddle it, and require legs that begin at their shoulder blades.

A Century of Tears.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Boston has already forgotten the ravages of the blizzard, but a century or more must elapse before Sullivan's downfall may be recalled without tears.

Where the Whisky Goes.

From the San Francisco Alta.

Seven per cent of the liquor made in this country is used in the arts, most of it in shearing sheep.

SPANISH JUSTICE.

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN'S DISASTROUS EXPERIENCE IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Mr. Thos. T. Collins Invests His Small Fortune in the Lumber Trade at Manila—The Entire Business Seized by a Priest and a Sea Captain—Unsuccessful Efforts to Secure Justice—The Robbers Aided and Protected by Spanish Officials—The Victim Held an Unwilling Captive—Complaint to the State Department.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Thos. T. Collins, of Manila, has been wrestling with Spanish justice for the past fifteen years, and becoming disgusted with the delays and red tape that seem to be the chief features of Spanish law in that far off country, has now applied for redress to Mr. H. W. Leonard of No. 128 Broadway, and between Mr. Leonard and the State Department he hopes to squeeze the Spanish Treasury to the tune of some $100,000 for wrongs he says have been done him in that Government. Manila is a large town of one of the Philipine Islands and is one of the provinces of Spain in that part of the world. Mr. Collins is a New Yorker and endeavored to embark in a business enterprise at Manila, furnishing some $25,000 of capital and sundry items of stock, all of which, he claims, were gobbled up by the Spanish authorities and he himself, after years of toil and labor, left absolutely destitute and finally imprisoned. The priests of the island seem to have been the stumbling blocks in the way to Mr. Collins' success, Mr. Collins claiming that a hierarchy over which the Government has no control renders it impossible for a foreigner, and particularly an American, to obtain any sort of legal redress for wrongs or recognition in the matter of personal or property rights. The United States Consul at Manila has taken up the cause of Mr. Collins, and some correspondence has passed between the State Department and the United States Minister at Madrid relative to the matter, the Spanish Government having promised to investigate it.

MR. COLLINS' LETTER.

The following letter, received by Mr. Leonard from Mr. Collins, explains the latter's grievances:

"In 1871 I joined Mr. William Morton Clark of Philadelphia, who had a large timber business on the Island of Luzon, and started cutting some timber contracted for by the Chinese Government. I soon discovered that I was interfering with the business of a certain priest who was also in the same line of business. Shortly before this, this priest and an inspector of roads had loaded the Spanish bark Santa Lucia for Hong Kong and had made things so disagreeable for others who had tried to ship merchandise that foreigners were becoming afraid to risk their capital. Mr. Clark, finding how things were going on, soon abandoned the enterprise and I then determined to fight the thing out on my account. At this time I had 25,000 cubic feet of hard timber, cut and squared, for a foreign market, eighty-two buffalo for hauling and a plant of machinery and appliances valued at $7,000. I had a license for carrying on my business duly granted by the Superior Government, and in 1874 chartered a vessel at Manila to carry my timber to Hong Kong, and then went to the Port of Love, where my timber was, taking with me $940 in gold to prepare for the vessel's arrival and to continue cutting.

A BOLD SEIZURE.

"Upon arriving at Love I found that during my absence at Manila, a portion of my timber had been forcibly taken possession of and had been shipped on board the Spanish bark Teresa by Joaquin Barcello, the captain of the Teresa, who was then on his way to Hong Kong. I also learned that my buffaloes, stock and rice had been removed and that Juan Gaal, my foreman, whom I had left in charge of my property, was all subject to the orders of this Barcello, and that my choppers had been bribed into the service of Padre Fidel Moreno, the priest of the town. When I complained of this I was confronted with a document signed by the Adelantado of Love to the effect that no notice should be taken of my complaints, to give no testimony in my behalf (thereby shutting me out of my legal rights), and that my foreman, Juan Gaal, should look after the interests of Capt. Barcello until the Captain's return from China. I then applied to the Governor, protesting against the robbery of my timber and the appropriation of my property by Capt. Barcello and Juan Gaal, but was merely told that the commandant had so ordered, and that there would be no interference.

MORE MISFORTUNE.

"Seeing there was no justice to be had at home, I sought to regain my rights at Manila, and so left the next morning for Manila on the bark Industria, taking with me all my private papers, contracts, etc. That night we encountered a terrible typhoon, in which the vessel was wrecked, and all that I was able to save was the clothes I then wore. Upon my arrival at Manila I put in a complaint against Capt. Barcello, and also against Padre Moreno and the Commandante of the District, as accomplices in the above fraud and robbery. The case dragged along, as is customary in Spanish countries, and about a year later my funds were all exhausted. At this time a Spanish friend at Manila, acquainted with my misfortunes, took me to his home and loaned me some money, shortly afterward sailing for Europe. With this money I returned to Love, expecting to find at least a portion of my timber left, which I intended to ship. Arriving at Love, I found that Capt. Barcello had been there before me and had seized and shipped everything but a few worm-eaten logs. Barcello had even hauled the timber I had out in the mountains, and, aided by his accomplices, had cleaned me out entirely during my absence. I saw it was no use to complain further, and so I set to work to cut some more timber, and after much trouble and expense got two cargoes ready and left for Manila, intending to go from there to Hong Kong to sell what I had last cut. Learning that Barcello was in Manila and was about to leave for Hong Kong, I applied to the Alcalde, Senor Torranco, who had my suit in charge, to stop Barcello from leaving the country, as my case against him had not yet been decided. This did not benefit me much, as the Alcalde would not grant, my request, and although a case of robbery and fraud was pending against him, Barcello was allowed to leave without hindrance. I then applied for my passport, but to my surprise this was refused me on the ground that my suit should first be decided. I then returned to Love, having authorized Chas. Germain to charter for me, and in due time I had dispatched three cargoes to Hong Kong, but finding that my presence in Hong Kong would be absolutely necessary for the success of my business I applied a second time for my passport and was again refused.

A VIRTUAL PRISONER.

"Thinking that if I offered security I would be allowed to leave the town, I named a friend who was willing to go on my bond, but the Alcalde shut me off from this chance by sending his clerk to my friend's house and succeeded in so frightening him that my friend withdrew his name as my bondsman. I know that this act was done deliberately, as at this time and during the whole of my suit, the Alcalde was on the most intimate terms with Capt. Barcello. My first step was to protest against Senor Torranco trying or hearing my case, as I showed conclusively that he was hand and glove with Barcello. This had the desired effect and the case was transferred to another Alcalde. Torranco had, however, served his friend well; he had stopped my passport at a vital point in my business on a frivolous pretext. I was a foreigner, and that was enough, not being able to obtain permission to leave the country, all my efforts being frustrated by those in power, although I was the aggrieved and injured party, I was held a captive in Manila, my business meantime going to ruin abroad. This state of affairs continued for months, with no signs of any beneficial change in my circumstances, and so I finally brought the matter officially before the American Consul, who wrote to the Captain-General, stating my case in full, and advised me to abandon my suit, which I did, the Consul officially notifying the Captain-General of the fact. From that day to this I have been sustained by my friends. My means were exhausted, and I was compelled to leave the hotel a beggar on the streets, with my resources all gone and heavy debts pressing upon me.

"The Government of these islands has become a by-word among all civilized people. Hearing that a special commission has been appointed by the Government of the United States to visit places and ports in this part of the world to investigate and examine into abuses and grievances similar to those herein stated committed on American commerce or American citizens, I have written this for the purpose of calling attention to the same, that I may thereby have restored to me that of which I have been robbed and which was due to the criminal neglect of both national and treaty obligations."

Mr. Collins seems to have been pretty roughly handled since he has put his affairs into the hands of the American Consul. He states: "These bandits, about ten of them, on the 13th of October last entered my room and beat me unmercifully with the butts of their muskets, laying me up for two months, and I may consider myself fortunate if I am not assassinated."

Mr. Leonard intends soon going to Washington in the interest of his client and to push the matter. He has already been notified by Secretary of State Bayard that the Spanish authorities are looking into his claim. Mr. Collins thinks that about $100,000 will be the proper figure at which to assess the damage he has sustained, and which sum he hopes will be forthcoming when "Uncle Sam" takes the matter thoroughly in hand.

A COOKED-UP STORY.

George Gould Denies the Reports Concerning the Missouri Pacific.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 23.—The *News-Herald* of this city yesterday contained an interview with George Gould in relation to the stories published in the New York *Times* of Tuesday regarding the Missouri Pacific.

"I want to make some inquiries," said the interviewer, "concerning Missouri Pacific matters and your connection with them. I suppose you have seen the latest New York papers?"

"Yes, I have seen the papers," replied the young financier, "but I don't understand to what you refer exactly."

The *News-Herald* man then pulled the clipping from his pocket and passed it to Mr. Gould. As he read it he took his pencil from his pocket and occasionally scribbled on the margin. When he had finished he handed the slip back and said: "This is all a cooked up story. There is no truth in it—at least not in those portions which relate to me personally. In the first place, I have not seen the annual report of the Missouri Pacific and don't know what it will show; and, again, there has been no disagreement relative to the declaration of the dividend. The whole thing is newspaper bosh."

"Do you mean to say, Mr. Gould," said the *News-Herald* reporter, "that there is absolutely no truth in the *Times* article?"

"Well," replied Mr. Gould, "there is so little truth that it would be mighty hard to find it in all that stuff I have just read."

"Is it not true that the Missouri Pacific shows a falling off of several million dollars in its last year's business?"

"Oh, I don't know about that. As I told you before I have not yet seen the report."

"As a matter of fact, are you opposed to declaring a 7 per cent dividend?"

NO DIVIDEND UNLESS EARNED.

Mr. Gould looked thoughtful for a moment and finally said: "Of one thing you may rest assured, that the Missouri Pacific will not declare a dividend, no matter how small, unless the road has earned it. We don't make dividends on hired money. That is opposed to our policy. One thing more I can say, in view of the serious strike now in force on the C., B. & Q. and Omaha lines, and threatened extension to all the Western and Southwestern system, the Missouri Pacific directors may consider it a sound business policy to withhold a dividend at present in order to provide against the great losses which a general strike would entail. At any rate this question will come up at the next meeting of the Board."

In reply to the inquiry whether he himself was a member of the Missouri Pacific Board of Directors, Mr. Gould said he was, and that the meeting referred to would be held to-day (Thursday). He took the printed slip from the *News-Herald* man's hands again and looked very much amused when he came to the allegation that he (George) had a partner in the person of "Eddie" in a scheme for going short of his father's stock.

Again taking his pencil from his pocket he wrote upon the margin opposite it, "all bosh; a big fake," and then handed it back to his visitor with the remark: "That stuff is way off. There is not the slightest truth in it. It is the worst kind of a fake. I don't know anything about it; never heard of it before."

IT DIDN'T WORK.

The Brazen Attempt to Bribe a Philadelphia City Official.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELLHIA, Pa., March 23.—Gen. Louis Wagner, Director of the Department of Public Works of Philadelphia, received a letter Wednesday from Martin D. Van Buren, C. E. of the Oliphant Company, No. 93 Liberty street, New York. The letter asks Gen. Wagner to examine into the merits of the Oliphant cold water filters and feed water heaters. At the end of the letter came the following unique postscript:

PERSONAL NOTE—3—20—88.

I would personally urge that you give this matter all the attention you possibly can, as you know well its adoption means a contract involving an expenditure of a large sum of money, and contracts for large amounts always pay large commissions; and it is needless to add to whom these commissions are paid and consequent interest, thereon.

Gen. Wagner very promptly replied in the following scathing manner:

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
PHILADELPHIA, March 22, 1888.

Martin Van Buren, Esq., No. 93 Liberty street, New York:

DEAR SIR—Yours of the 20th inst. received. Without the unsigned appended note, which reads as follows (here the personal note is quoted in full), your suggestions to examine into the merits of the Oliphant filter would have had prompt attention. With the note I will say that no Oliphant filter will be introduced into the Water-works of the City of Philadelphia while I hold the office of Director of the Department of Public Works. Commissions for the introduction of this filter may be paid elsewhere, but you will not have an opportunity to pay any to Philadelphia city officials during the next three years.

Yours truly, LOUIS WAGNER, Director.

This reply is rather a "sockdollager" for the Oliphant Company. Martin D. Van Buren, who is engineer for the Oliphant Company, was seen last night at his residence, No. 6, Horatio street by a *Herald* reporter. When questioned about the matter he admitted at once that he had written such a letter as above to Gen. Louis Wagner, and stated that he did so by order of Mr. Oliphant, Secretary of the Company. As yet he had received no reply. Mr. Van Buren, who is a young man, was positive that no such thing as bribery was intended or even thought of. He looked upon the matter simply as a piece of business, and referred the reporter for further information to Mr. Oliphant. This gentleman resides in New Jersey and could not be found last night.

AFTER HALF A CENTURY

George B. Ryerson of Chicago Finds His Only Child.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 23.—After a separation of half a century George B. Ryerson and his only child were reunited to-day. During all these years both believed the other dead. It is a strange story. Mr. Ryerson was a brother of millionaire Martin Ryerson, an old settler in Chicago, who died last year. Fifty years ago he left his wife and daughter in Paterson, N. J., and went to Florida, enlisting as a soldier in the Seminole war. He was wounded, and for many months he was at the point of death. Without friends or money it was a long time before he reached home. Then he learned that his wife, believing him dead, had moved away. No one could tell where she had gone. After a long, fruitless search, Mr. Ryerson went to Mexico, remaining there many years. He accumulated considerable property, and then moved to California, where he lived until his brother Martin discovered him six years ago and induced him to come to Chicago. Recently Mr. Ryerson succeeded in tracing his only child. She is a Mrs. Schurter and she resides in Newburgh, N. Y. In response to a telegram she came to Chicago, arriving late last night. Her mother died long ago, and until last week she had not the faintest suspicion that her father was alive. Mr. Ryerson, although 83 years of age, is hale and hearty. He is living with relatives.

Typographical Election.

The election of officers for the St. Louis Typographical Union resulted in the choice of George Harry Stone, President; John P. Marnell, Vice-President; Chester J. Todd, Recording Secretary; Jas. Friel, Sr., Financial Secretary; Wm. H. Jones, Chairman of the Investigating Committee; S. D. Holden, Treasurer; B. F. Heirs, Chairman of the Finance Committee; M. R. H. Witter, Richard A. Sittig, P. F. Coghlan, Trustees. O. R. Lake, A. G. Wines and Joseph A. Jackson, Delegates to the I. T. U.

A FAKE.

THE ALLEGED INTERVIEW WITH SPEAKER CARLISLE IN AN EASTERN PAPER.

The Philadelphia Times' Misrepresentation of Mr. Carlisle's Attitude on the Tariff—A Sensation Among Members of Congress—The Speaker's Emphatic Denial of the Published Interview.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—The sensation of the day at the national capital was the publication in Wednesday's Philadelphia *Times*, a Democratic journal, of what professed to be an interview with Speaker Carlisle on the tariff business, and in particular the Mills bill. The newspapers from a distance are not generally read by Congressmen until the evening of the day they are received, and it was not until the House assembled yesterday morning that the sentiments imputed by the Philadelphia *Times* to Mr. Carlisle began to be discussed. Members wondered and were "amazed," until by and by it occurred to some one to ask the Speaker about his strange opinions, when it was discovered that he had said nothing of that which was printed as his. To the POST-DISPATCH correspondent the Speaker said last evening:

"I have spoken about the tariff business, of course, with many people. Everybody is speaking about it, but I have not been interviewed on that question or on the Mills bill by any one, and the *Times* report is absolutely false."

"Have you said to any one in conversation what is imputed to you in regard to sugar or wool?" the correspondent asked.

"Not a word bearing any such meaning or construction. It absolutely misrepresents my opinions, and imputes to me what I have neither said nor thought," was the Speaker's reply.

THE INTERVIEW.

The following is the reported "interview" in the Philadelphia *Times:* In a very frank conversation upon the result of his inquiries the Speaker said:

"I am free to admit that I am not as confident as I could wish that the Mills bill for revenue reduction will pass in its original shape, but I am assured that some tariff reduction measure will go on the statute books before this session of Congress adjourns. The character of the measure which will pass I cannot foreshadow, except that it will be somewhere in the line of the committee bill. The difficulty, from what I learn, grows out of the conflicting claims and interests of whisky, wool, salt and lumber. Some want whisky and tobacco to carry the bulk of revenue reductions; others insist on sugar and tobacco, and so on, as the interests of constituencies are affected. These conflicting interests, I think, will be adjusted.

"Then the next controversy comes on wool. I have my doubts whether wool will be continued on the free list. That seems to be the stumbling block in the way of many Democrats. I have never been particularly determined about wool. There are strong arguments for and against placing it on the free list. In my opinion it might be reported as it now stands in the bill and settled by the House. There is a strong opposition among the farmers to free wool. The bill may be modified in this particular."

RANDALL'S BILL.

Alluding to the Randall bill, the Speaker said: "With one material exception, it is a well-framed measure. If he had omitted whisky and inserted sugar, it would have stood a fair chance of securing considerable Democratic support. I do not believe that it is policy just yet to interfere with the tax on whisky. I am decidedly in favor of taking the duty off sugar, as it would not affect any section of the country except Louisiana. Besides, it is one of those infant industries about which the people care very little. Nor do I favor the policy of paying the sugar growers a bounty as an offset to the repeal of the duty. I do not think that the people of the country would favor being taxed in order that an industry like the sugar industry of Louisiana might be protected. The bounty system is not a new idea in theory, but it has never been applied in practice, and I do not think that the people are disposed to begin now."

MR. CARLISLE'S STATEMENT.

Later in the afternoon the Speaker kindly sent to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent the following statement dictated by him for publication:

"SPEAKER'S ROOM,
"HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
"WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22, 1888.

"The attention of Speaker Carlisle being called to-day to what purported to be an interview with him, published in the Philadelphia *Times* of yesterday morning, he disclaimed all responsibility for the publication. He said he had not been interviewed at all on the subjects mentioned, and that while there were some statements contained in the publication from which he did not dissent, there were others which entirely misrepresented his views. That part of it which represented him as saying that he was decidedly in favor of taking the duty off sugar was diametrically opposed to the views he had already held and still holds upon that subject. He said he was opposed to the repeal of the duties on sugar and believed that there should be a moderate and reasonable reduction of those duties, as in cases of many other articles subject to tax under the customs laws. He regarded the duties on sugar, he said, as almost entirely revenue tax, and believed it was one of the duties that should be continued for that reason.

"Mr. Carlisle said that when the question came up in the House it would be found that the revenue reformers were the best friends of the sugar interests, and that the higher protectionists would advocate and vote for much greater reductions than any proposed in the Mills bill or ever contemplated by the majority of the Committee of Ways and Means.

"The contest will be between the revenue reformers on the one side contending for a moderate reduction only, with a proper classification, and the Republicans of other protected interests, who want the greatest part of the reduction of the revenue to be taken off sugar, tobacco and perhaps whisky."

Mr. Carlisle said further: "I have never expressed nor intimated a doubt as to the propriety of placing wool on the free list. It is the first necessary step toward securing cheaper clothing for the people, and at the same time enabling our manufacturers of woolen goods to compete successfully with their foreign rivals, and I regard it as one of the most important provisions contained in the bill to be reported from the Committee on Ways and Means."

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Masters of Coastwise Vessels Helpless Against Sailors' Disobedience.

SEATTLE, W. T., March 23.—An important decision has just been rendered by United States Commissioner Smith of Seattle, in the case of the United States against six sailors of the ship Fannie Tucker, charged with disobedience and disorder. The only authority for the punishment of these seamen is an act of Congress of 1872, known as the Shipping Commissioner act, which defines the reciprocal duties of master and seamen. In 1874 Congress passed an amendatory law which prescribed that none of the provisions of the act of 1872, relating to Shipping Commissioners, seamen and masters shall apply to vessels engaged in the coastwise trade. So far as coastwise vessels are concerned it was urged that the law of 1872 was practically repealed, and that there was no law by which the acts complained of could be punished. The Commissioner decided this ground well taken and the sailors were discharged. According to this decision no master has any protection from disobedience, desertion or mutiny.

She Did Not Die.

May Smith, aged 20 years and an inmate of No. 1103 Chestnut street, attempted to end her career of shame at 12:30 this morning by taking an overdose of morphine. Her act was discovered shortly after she took the drug and she was removed to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Steinmetz applied restoratives and soon had her out of danger. May stated that her parents live at No. 2202 Chouteau avenue, and that she has not been living at home for a year past. Jealousy is the cause assigned for her attempt to do away with herself.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone [illegible]

"PIGGY" NORTON.

THE SENSATIONAL STORY TOLD BY A NOTORIOUS BROOKLYN BURGLAR.

Startling Sequel to the Great Port Jervis Burglary—Norton Charges Dr. Wickham, Whose House He Robbed, With Conspiring to Defraud an Insurance Company—The Doctor Exposed as an Ex-Convict.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Some time ago the *Sun* printed the story of the arrest in Brooklyn of a notorious burglar known as "Piggy" Norton, or North, who had been found in the same house with a quantity of furniture and other goods stolen from the residence of Dr. D. B. Wickham, at Port Jervis. Dr. Wickham had gone to Florida early in the winter, leaving the house untenanted. It was found by Port Jervis people stripped of its most valuable contents and with a quantity of gunpowder arranged as though it had been the purpose of the thieves to fire the house after robbing it. The stolen goods had been shipped in small packages, at different times, from Port Jervis to Brooklyn by express, and this fact made it possible to trace them. Norton was taken to Port Jervis and held until last Tuesday, when, the Grand-jury failing to find evidence enough to indict him, he was discharged and at once rearrested by detectives from Brooklyn, pawn-tickets found upon him having led to evidence connecting him with two burglaries in Brooklyn. He was brought back to Brooklyn and yesterday the Grand-jury found two indictments against him. He will be arraigned to-day to plead.

A SENSATIONAL STORY.

Meantime he has told a senational story which makes Dr. Wickham a conspirator with him to rob and burn the Port Jervis house to defraud the insurance companies. He has produced no corroborative evidence except the fact that Dr. Wickham, although now a wealthy and respected citizen of Port Jervis, is an ex-convict. The story of the doctor's life is an interesting one. In 1859 David B. Wickham was a rising young physician in Sussex County, N. J. His father, Samuel Wickham, was a wealthy Sussex County farmer. Solomon Cole, a well-to-do farmer of Montague Township, and Dr. Wickham were warm personal friends. Cole was a member of one of the oldest and wealthiest families in that part of New Jersey. In the spring of 1858 Miss Helena T. Quick of Milford, Pike Co., Pa., just across the Delaware from Montague Township, went to Montague to teach school. She was a highly accomplished and attractive young woman of an old and prominent family, the Quicks having settled in Pike County while the Indians still occupied the valley. Solomon Cole met Miss Quick, professed great love for her and they were soon married. Soon after the marriage Mrs. Cole's health became poor and on several occasions her husband took her to Dr. Wickham for treatment. Cole had once or twice suggested to his wife that she should have her life insured and on one of her visits to Dr. Wickham he made the same suggestion. She at last consented to take out an insurance policy for $4,000 in favor of her husband who, it afterwards was alleged, had made an agreement with Dr. Wickham that the latter was to receive one-half of the insurance on the death of Mrs. Cole.

POISONED.

In the latter part of February, 1859, Mrs. Cole was indisposed, and Dr. Wickham was called. He treated her, but she continued to grow worse until the 20th of March, when she died. The circumstances attending her death aroused suspicions and the New York Insurance Company that had issued the policy on Mrs. Cole's life investigated the case. Mrs. Cole's remains were exhumed in May, 1859, and her stomach was sent to New York for chemical analysis. Undoubted evidence was discovered of both arsenic and strychnine, and on the chemist's report warrants were issued for the arrest of both Cole and Dr. Wickham on the charge of murdering her. Dr. Wickham fled the State, but Cole was arrested and placed in Newton jail. Both men were indicted—Dr. Wickham as the principal and Cole as his accomplice. The indictment charged that Wickham administered arsenic to Mrs. Cole on the day he was called to see her, and on every day that he called thereafter until the 20th of March, on which day he gave her twenty grains of strychnia, which caused her death the same day.

Cole was placed on trial in October, 1859, at Newton, before Judge Whelpley. Among his counsel was the Hon. Andrew J. Rogers, at present one of the civil justices of New York City. While the circumstances all pointed to the guilt of the prisoner, it could not be positively established and he was acquitted. Dr. Wickham remained in hiding until August, 1860, when it was learned that he was in New York City. He was arrested as he was entering the office of Lawyer Chauncey Shaffer, taken back to Newton and lodged in jail. He was tried at the September term of the Sussex County Court and convicted of murder in the second degree, a verdict hard to understand, in view of the evident premeditation of the crime. He was sentenced to fifteen years in the New Jersey State prison, which time he served, and on his release went to Port Jervis, a few miles from the scene of the murder, and resumed the practice of his profession. His apparent manliness and robust honesty conquered the community and in less than three months after he had become a resident of the place, those who were the loudest in his condemnation fifteen years before, became his warmest defenders, and declared their belief that he was innocent of all knowledge of the Cole murder.

Advices from Port Jervis last night declare that the confidence there in Dr. Wickham's integrity is not shaken in the least by Burglar Norton's story. Norton first made charges, it is said, upon his arrest there, and they were denied by the doctor. Dr. Wickham could easily have sold his furniture, it is said, for more than the insurance on it.

LOVES ANOTHER MAN.

Murdered by Convicts—A Freight Wreck—Mrs. Eckford Dead—Texas Topics.

BONHAM, March 23.—W. L. and Nannie A. Kelley, who were married last February, signed an affidavit yesterday at Ladonia in which they announce their mutual agreement to separate. Mrs. Kelley frankly states that her affections are transferred to another man.

DEL RIO, March 23.—Thos. Delgardo, a Mexican boy, was shot and killed a few days since by two Mexican convicts, who made their escape, while at work on the streets. The lad was a relative of the Deputy Sheriff. His murderers stripped him and took his horse, saddle and bridle.

LAREDO, March 23.—A freight train was wrecked yesterday on the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railroad. No one was injured.

WICHITA FALLS, March 23.—Henry J. Stanley of Harrold made an assignment last evening for the benefit of his creditors. The failure is due to the difficulty in making collections.

SAN ANTONIO, March 23.—Mrs. Rachael Jackson Eekford, a niece of President Jackson, died yesterday in her 53d year from the effects of a surgical operation.

LOCAL NEWS.

The West End W. C. T. U. will give a series of private theatricals and tableaux in aid of their work.

Dr. Starkloff, Mr. Bartold and Mr. Goedde were appointed last night in a meeting at Central Turner Hall to form a plan for the establishment of German-English schools in the city.

The Trades and Labor Union last night decided to ask the Prohibition managers party to withdraw their printing from "rat" offices. A mass-meeting of metal-workers was called for March 30.

Union No. 4, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, had an open meeting last night at Thias' Hall, Eleventh street and Franklin avenue. Speeches were made by M. D. Shaw, R. C. Lankston and J. E. Fallis.

A surprise party was tendered the Miss Rohans of North Eighteenth street last Saturday evening, the 17th. Among those present were the Misses Nellie O'Brien, Mamie Rohan, Mary McCary, Statie Rohan, Clara Smith, Celia O'Brien, Rosie Shurdan, Bertha Smith, Nellie Murphy, Maggie Rohan, Mamie Clancy, Mrs. Col. McCarty, Mr. O'Brien, Chas. Cordill, Joe Rabbit, Jack McCarty, Chas. Smith, Johnnie McGlynn, John O'Leary, John Reed, J. B. Loftus, John Smith, John Warren and others.

Husbands, please your wives by bringing home a package of flap-jack flour.

CHAT OF THE STAGE.

The Abbott Opera Company appear to advantage in light opera and Miss Abbott's voice is not so noticeably lacking in the flimsier score, so that last evening something of a success was scored in "The Carnival of Venice." The opera is very light and thin as to plot and libretto, but it is spirited and the music is melodious and catchy. The points of the opera for Miss Abbott were the carnival song and the Erminie lullaby which she interpolated. They were encored. Miss Bertram made a pleasing impression as Romilla, and excellent work was done by Messrs. Broderick, Pruette, Montegriffo, Michelena, Walter Allen and Miss Annandale. To-night Miss Abbott will present another novelty which is said to be very melodious and attractive. It is "Ruy Blas; or, the Queen and the Lackey." To-morrow afternoon she will assume a boy's part in "The Good Devil," and to-morrow night the engagement will close with "Bohemian Girl."

* * *

The French Grand Opera Company presented the lovely opera, "Mignon," to an enthusiastic and appreciative audience. To-night one of the finest performances of the engagement is promised in the splendid opera, "Les Huguenots," with MM. Berger, Claverie, De Noye, de Sinkley, Hervey and the entire strength of the company represented.

* * *

There is a movement on foot to secure a return of the French Grand Opera Company. The company during its present engagement has been laboring under many disadvantages, which have prevented its merits becoming as widely recognized as they should be. The merit of the company has been appreciated, however, by a number of gentlemen, and a circular was issued calling a meeting in the Directors' room of the Exposition this afternoon to arrange some plan by which the company be secured for a lengthy engagement next fall. After reciting the brilliant performances of the present company the circular proposes that a company direct from Paris shall occupy Music Hall for a month, giving at least twelve performances of either new operas or operas of accepted merit. Among the originators of the movement are S. M. Kennard, C. H. Sampson, E. Cuendet, F. L. Ridgeley, Thos. M. Knapp, Jos. S. Fullerton, Thos. C. Doan, E. Smith, Gabriel Bonvier and T. L. Crawford. The meeting will take place at 4 o'clock, and all interested in music are invited to attend.

* * *

John W. McKinney, manager of Clara Morris, accompanied by his nephew, Master Harry P. Stone, passed through town yesterday on his way to Kansas City. Mr. McKinney just now occupies a peculiar position. He considers himself the manager of Miss Morris, and yet he has been discharged by her husband, Mr. Fred. Harriott. Under Mr. McKinney's management the emotional artiste enjoyed a wonderfully successful season and did not disappoint a single audience when she was under contract to play. She disappointed an audience here on Saturday night, but Mr. McKinney says that was his fault, as there was no contract for that performance and he telegraphed her not to play as she had some long trips and hard engagements ahead. The trouble with Mr. Harriott, Mr. McKinney says, was caused by the latter refusing to allow the former to break an engagement with Manager Dickson of Indianapolis. Mr. Harriott held Mr. Dickson on the string for a long time and after finally declaring that he would play with him, and when Mr. Dickson could not secure another attraction he wanted to break the engagement and Mr. McKinney would not allow it. Mr. McKinney says despite Mr. Harriott's action he will continue his work and if Harriott persists in his course he is prepared to sue for his part of the earnings of the season.

* * *

The managers of Miss Della Fox are determined that she shall have the best opportunities to develop her musical talents, and to that end will make arrangements to place her under the instructions of Mme. Marchesi in Paris during her stay in Europe. Mme. Marchesi is the most famous and successful vocal teacher in Paris, and Emma Nevada and many of the most brilliant singers of the operatic stage at present were her pupils. It will be interesting to hear her sing at the next Musical Union Concert and then hear her sing when she returns from Europe to discover the progress she will have made.

* * *

There will be matinee performances at all of the theaters to-morrow afternoon with "The Good Devil" at the Olympic, Wilson and Rankin's Minstrels at the Grand, Chas. A. Gardner in "Karl" at the People's, "Shadows of a Great City" at Pope's and the Mignani—Siegrist Combination at the Standard.

* * *

There is a great deal of interest aroused over the forthcoming production of "She" as Mr. Gillette's dramatization of the romance is said to be something wonderful. The sale of seats at the Olympic has been large.

* * *

The engagement of Mr. John L. Stoddard at the Grand next week promises to be the most successful he has yet had here. The lectures selected for the course are among the most attractive and beautifully illustrated in his entire list.

LIFE AT THE CLUBS.

The Elks' Benefit Performance—A Brilliant Event After Lent—Club Notes.

The Lenten season has its effect upon club life in respect of daily attendance and social gatherings. March is the only dull month of the winter season at the club resorts. The single event of importance during the month was the annual meeting of the Mercantile Club. The prominent feature immediately after Lent will be the Elks' annual benefit performance which is announced for Thursday afternoon, April 5, at the Grand Opera-house. It is an occasion drawing out the full attendance of the Elk Club in this city and the members of the fraternity generally, while the rare theatrical programme furnished by the combined talent of the week affords a genuine treat for the general public. The leading members of the profession always generously contribute their services for the Elks' relief-fund benefit performance, and they take an especial pride and interest in appearing here from the fact that so many of the most distinguished actors of the times are members of the St. Louis lodge. A strong local interest likewise attaches to the performance this season, Manager and Mrs. John W. Norton (Emma Stockman) having kindly consented to appear in the "Honeymoon," supported by a cast of Elks and a young lady well known in social circles. Theater-goers will be pleased to greet the St. Louis manager and his talented wife, who have not been seen upon the boards for several seasons. The Carleton Opera Company will contribute several numbers to the mammoth programme. Mr. Fred Warde, the tragedian, a member of the St. Louis lodge, will appear supported by his company. Mrs. D. P. Bowers has also consented to take part in the performance. The attractions of the week at all the leading theaters will be represented and the intervals will be filled with musical selections by choice local talent. There is already a great demand upon the members for tickets. Reserved seats can be obtained at the box office of the Grand Opera-house on and after Tuesday next.

CLUB NOTES.

The leap year party to be given to-morrow evening at the Germania Club promises to be one of the most brilliant gatherings of the season. The ladies are taking great pains to insure the success of the affair. They have entire charge of the arrangements.

To-morrow evening there will be a dramatic performance at the Liederkranz, followed by a hop. The entertainment will be largely attended.

The next entertainment at the Harmonie Club will be given on Saturday evening, March 31. The usual hop will follow.

The University Club will make arrangements for one more lecture before the close of the Lenten season. The grounds will soon be placed in order for outdoor attractions.

The illness of Seth W. Cobb, who is warmly interested in the South Side Club movement, has somewhat retarded the plans of the Committee on Organization. Several desirable houses in the vicinity of Lafayette Park have been inspected by the committee on location and a selection will be made shortly.

The Farm and Implement Association will have a banquet and meeting on Monday evening at the Mercantile Club. Covers will be laid for sixty gentlemen and an elaborate menu will be prepared for the occasion.

The new Board of Directors of the Mercantile Club meets every Tuesday to pass upon business requiring immediate attention. They are well satisfied with the general management of the club-house, and the attendance of members is well kept up daily. The quality of the noonday lunch sustains the reputation of the cuisine.

Judge Valliant has granted the amendment to the articles of incorporation for the Marquette Club. The Directors propose to add several features of attraction to the club-house during the spring months. A gymnasium is strongly urged by the younger members.

TABERNACLE TALK.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN LOCAL RELIGIOUS FIELDS.

Unification of Missouri Baptists—A Plan Arranged This Week—Charity Institutions to Be Represented at the Evangelical Alliance Monday—Visit of the International Secretary of the Railway Y. M. C. A.—The Jewish Passover—A Religious Editor Who Fears Bismarck Will Die Young—Church Notes.

A meeting that marks an epoch in the Baptist history in Missouri took place at Kansas City this week, where a strong committee assembled for the purpose of addressing the North and South Boards in regard to the divided condition of the Baptist denomination of this State, and to devise some means of unifying it. Besides the members of the commttee who were appointed by the last Association, prominent clergymen and laymen were in attendance. The Baptists in Missouri differ from those of all other States, each of which is auxiliary to either the North or the South Boards, but not to both. Missouri, however, is auxiliary to both, and much friction is thereby caused by the agents of the Home and the Foreign Boards, who are very active rivals. It has long been considered unfortunate that the field has been so open that an agent of the Northern Boards could canvass a church, and be followed by a Southern agent. The committee at Kansas City decided on a programme and an address to the four Boards, two North and two South. The programme will be submitted to the Southern Convention at Richmond, and the Northern Convention at Washington, which both meet in May. The proposed plan of unification will let each person designate to which section his contribution shall go. Any plan of unification will greatly bless the ladies, who are considerably divided. In St. Louis there are two distinct ladies' missionary societies, one auxiliary to the Northern Board, the other to the Southern. It is believed that this unifying of Missour will do much to hasten an amalgamation of the two sections.

FEAST OF PESSACH.

Next Monday after sundown will be ushered in the beautiful festival Jewish feast of the passover.

Services will be held as follows at the various temples:

Temple Israel—Rev. Dr. S. H. Sonneschein. Monday evening at 7 o'clock; Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Shaare-Emeth—Rev. Dr. Samuel Sale. Monday evening at 7:30; Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

B'nai-El—Rev. Dr. M. Spitz. Monday evening at 7 o'clock; Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

United Hebrew Temple—Rev. H. J. Messig. Monday evening at 6:30; Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock. Sermon in German.

The following orthodox synagogues observe two days:

B'nai Amoona—Rev. Adolf Rosentreter, Monday evening, 6 p. m.; Tuesday Morning 7 a. m.

Sheerith Israel—Rev. A. Alperstein, Monday evening, 6 o'clock; Tuesday morning, 8 o'clock.

Chevra K'disha—Rev. A. Alperstein, Monday evening at 6 o'clock; Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock. The last three temples have the same hours for the second day.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

The Evangelical Alliance will meet Monday in regular monthly session. The most important feature of the meeting will be the presentation of the work at the various charitable institutions of the city by representives of those organizations. About a dozen will send representatives. This programme is in lieu of an address to have been given by Rev. Dr. Nicholls on "The History of Protestantism in St. Louis." The Alliance has started out so auspiciously under Rev. Dr. Merrill's presidency that he is determined to keep up the interest in the meetings.

THE COUNTY S. S. ASSOCIATION.

The St. Louis County Sunday School Association held its annual meeting at Kirkwood on the 18th inst. Reports from the President and missionary were read and printed. Papers, showing the condition of the various schools in the county, were distributed. S. C. Lewis, the Statistical Secretary, exhibited a State map, showing by color the condition of the State work at large, as appears from the records of the State Association, and spoke of the condition of the city and county work. The following were elected as officers for the fiscal year 1888-9: A. C. Clayton, Webster Groves, President; E. Ticknor, Webster Groves, Vice-President; R. L. Gurney, Kirkwood, Recording Secretary; A. S. Mermod, Kirkwood, Treasurer; S. C. Lewis, Webster Groves, Statistical Secretary. Executive Committee: D. H. Harris, Kirkwood, Chairman; I. H. Wahlschlaeger, Sappington; Fred Schelp, Ballwin; J. W. Sutherland, Webster Groves; C. W. Murtfeldt, Kirkwood; E. A. Haight, Kirkwood.

RAILWAY Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Rev. Wm. Johnson, pastor of the People's Tabernacle Church, will conduct the meeting at the Union Depot R. R. Y. M. C. A. in the building, 1308 Poplar street, Sunday at 4 p. m.

The musical and literary entertainment given by the Union Depot Railway Y. M. C. A. at the Tabernacle Church last evening, was a very enjoyable affair. Every seat in the building was occupied, some being obliged to stand. The following persons took part in the literary exercises: Miss Ella Kirkpatrick, Miss Laura McClure, Mr. J. Mecklin, C. W. Moore, F. George and S. L. Kessebaum. Among the best things on the programme were the vocal solos by Miss Sadie T. Wagner and the violin and guitar selections by Prof. Riely and the Gereaves brothers.

F. H. Williams, International Railroad Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., is expected to arrive in this city in company with his wife to-morrow. They will remain a few days visiting friends here and are expected to conduct the services at the East St. Louis Association on Sunday at 4 p. m. Mr. Williams is well known in religious circles, having been for some time pastor of the Glasgow Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The special musical and literary entertainment to be given in the East St. Louis Railway Y. M. C. A. Hall next Wednesday evening promises to be one of unusual interest to the members and friends. A large number of the seats have already been secured. The music will be under the management of H. S. Praetorius. The following St. Louis talent will participate: Mrs. Praetorius, Miss Abbie E. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Weisman, Profs. A. G. Robyn and Otto Hein. Miss Mary Hogan will supply the literary parts.

Notes.

Sunday week, April Fool's day, is Easter Sunday.

Sunday in the Catholic calendar is Palm Sunday.

The Post Biblical class at temple Shaare-Emeth was opened last Wednesday evening.

The large choir of Christ Episcopal Church will give an elaborate Passion Service Sunday evening.

Passion week begins with Sunday. It will be observed by Protestants as well as by Catholics.

Rev. O. A. Bartholomew of the First Christian Church will begin work in St. Louis Easter Sunday.

Bishop Tuttle will administer the rite of confirmation at Grace Episcopal Church Sunday evening.

The Presbyterian Woman's Board of Missions of the Southwest meets at Leavenworth next Thursday.

Rev. George A. Bowers, a local Lutheran preacher, will fill the pulpit of Union M. E. Church Sunday.

Mr. W. L. Sheldon will lecture Sunday at Memorial Hall on "Success and Failure of the Sermon on the Mount."

Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolls in his prayer meeting address Wednesday evening took strong ground against the saloons.

The Superintendents' Union will meet Monday evening at the Y. M. C. A. and discuss "Home Work and Its Influence on the Sunday School."

Bishop Granbery and Dr. Godbey will be absent over Sunday, at Pana, Ill., attending the Southern Methodist Conference, over which the Bishop presides.

Chancellor Vander Sanden has been chosen to convey to Rome the findings of the ecclesiastical court regarding Mme. Baret. He will not leave for some weeks.

Rev. A. Mann will hold services for deaf mutes at Christ Church at 9:30 a. m. and 3 p. m. Sunday. Bishop Tuttle will administer confirmation at 10:30 a. m.

The new edifice, the Third Baptist Church is both happy and sorry to see, is too small for the congregations. Last Sunday morning chairs had to be impressed into service.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church has already reported its $1,000 offering to the million-dollar fund. The Second Church has raised $2,500 and the Cote Brilliante, $175.

Rev. N. R. Pittman of St. Joseph has been in the city several days consulting with Rev. Dr. Williams of the *Central Baptist* regarding a probable acceptance of a staff position.

Rev. S. H. Werlein, the new Southern Methodist pastor, will get acquainted with St. Louis people by preaching Sunday at Centenary in the morning and First Church in the evening.

The annual retreat of the Young Men's Sodality will close Sunday evening. Beads, sermon and benediction, at 7:45 p. m. Rev. Father J. F. X. Hoeffer, S. J., will conduct the exercises.

There was a union local option mass meeting of Congregationalists at Pilgrim Church, Twenty-ninth street and Washington avenue last night, addressed by Dr. Grannis, Chas. P. Johnson and so forth.

The election of officers occurs at Shaare Emeth Temple Sunday afternoon at the annual meeting. Mr. Frank Block and William Goldstein are mentioned for President and Vice-President respectively.

The Baptist Sanitarium is in a "hard row of stumps" for money and Director W. H. Mayfield, in the *Central Baptist* this week, makes a strong appeal for funds to pay the rent and keep the Sanitarium from closing up.

At the Church of the Redeemer, Barrett street and Thompson avenue, the pastor, Rev. Geo. M. Sanborne, preaches Sunday at 11 a. m. on "The Sabbath for Man," and at 7:30 p. m. about "Conscience at Work."

Rev. Wm. Porteus, the traveler preacher, will preach in the chapel of the Second Presbyterian Church, Thursday evening, on the Yosemite. The proceeds will go toward rebuilding the Lee Avenue Church, recently destroyed by fire.

Rev. W. W. Hopkins' subjects at the Christian Church, Eighth and Mound streets, will be: Morning, "Church Music;" evening, "Collisions." There will be immersion after the evening sermon. At the Bay Street Mission at 4 p. m.: "What Must I Do to be Saved?" will be his theme,

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will preach Sunday morning on "Christ Dwelling in the Heart." In the evening the pulpit of St. Mark's will be occupied by Rev. Dr. McBride of Londonderry, Ireland. Services will be held every night during Passion week, Saturday evening excepted.

The mission that began at St. Rose's Catholic Church Sunday last and closes on the 25th, has been very gratifying both to the pastor and people. The attendance was a genuine surprise, no such crowds ever having previously been seen at St. Rose's. Father McGlynn, the rector, has charge of all the arrangements.

Rev. Dr. McBride, who will preach at St. Mark's Lutheran Church Sunday evening, is the Presbyterian preacher from Ireland who, at the Monday meeting of the Presbyterian pastors, caused some interest by his strong Tory speech on home rule. He has quite a reputation as an educator and is but recently from Ireland, the vicinity of Londonderry.

Rev. B. W. Johnson, editor of the *Christian Evangelist*, disciple organ, has a naive comment on European matters that will amuse the Personal Liberty League, which has been holding up the Iron Chancellor as somewhat of a model, and Mr. Johnson says: "Bismarck is 73 years old, but uses too much brandy and beer to live many years longer."

The subject of Rabbi Sale's lecture Sunday morning at Shaare Emeth will be "Bible Miracles." To-morrow's discourse will be on "Priest and Prophet." In the Sunday discourse he will take advanced ground on the wonders described in the Old Testament. In to-morrow address he will show the difference between the priest and the prophet in Israel.

In discussing the question how far Protestants are liable to miss the road to heaven, a local Catholic organ says this week: "We should have a profound and veritable horror of Protestantism; and as the young are not capable of a mental abstraction, we should teach them to have a genuine horror of Protestants, until by development of their reasoning faculties they are enabled to distinguish the sinner from his sins."

Rev. Dr. Fry, editor of the *Central Christian Advocate*, Methodist organ, was an active participant in the late war, and he is often found "vindicating history." Honors are generally easy all around in these editorial historical duels. Last week Dr. Fry had occasion to smile. He recently stated that Calvin Fairbank, an abolitionist, had received 35,150 lashes at the hands of the Southern jailers. The Richmond *Christian Advocate* ridiculed the statement, as it would mean ten lashes every day for ten years. Dr. Fry, however, sent the comment to Fairbank, who sustained the *Central's* statement, giving the dates.

Rev. John B. Brandt will preach in the Memorial Tabernacle Sunday morning on "The Happy Life." In the evening there will be a song service. Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Hamilton and their choir will sing three or four anthems, and with the assistance of the congregation a number of hymns. All the hymns sung will be those written by Rev. Horatio Bonar, D. D., of Edinburgh, and in connection with the singing the pastor will read a brief biographical sketch of Dr. Bonar, written by Rev. Chas. Parkhurst. The subject for this evening's prayer-meeting at the Memorial Tabernacle will be "The Believer's Knowledge."

NOBBY satin-lined Prince Albert suits, extra fine four-button cutaways, Prince Arthurs, soft-roll sacks and silk-faced sacks, hundreds of styles and patterns, such as others sell for $35, from $15 to $25.
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

FROZEN TO A BRAKE.

Arrested for Horse Stealing—Sentenced for Forgery—Illinois Items.

TOLONO, March 23.—Chas. Bratney was found yesterday between two box cars on a Wabash freight train with his hands frozen to the brake. He is in a critical condition. Dr. Andrew Archer was arrested yesterday at Homer on the charge of horse stealing.

SPRINGFIELD, March 23.—Joseph Sledgermilk, agent at Auburn for the Wood Harvester Company, was sentenced last night to two years in the penitentiary for forgery. The residence of Dr. E. S. Fowler was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Some of the furniture was saved.

CHAMPAIGN, March 23.—The dead body of a woman was found yesterday in a box-car on a siding at Troy. She had built a fire on the floor and the smoke suffocated her.

CARLINVILLE, March 23.—The Eastham & Loper flouring mill was destroyed by fire last evening. The loss is placed at $20,000.

MARSHALL, March 23.—The Vandalia passenger train ran over and killed a man, near Malcolm, yesterday afternoon. He was walking on the track.

Gents' Shoes
Exclusively.
Brolaski,
205 North Broadway.
Largest and best
assortment spring
styles in the city.

ARBOR DAY.

A Case of Self-Defense—The Fish Creek Murder—Missouri Matters.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 23.—The Governor has issued a proclamation designating Friday, April 6, as Arbor day. He recommends that all land-owners make an effort to plant as many trees as possible, and that all residents unite in beautifying public school property.

LAGRANGE, March 23.—The trial of the Conrath murder case resulted in a verdict of not guilty. Conrath was indicted for the murder of F. L. Caldwell, but the jury held it to have been a case of self-defense.

MARSHALL, March 23.—A jury was selected last night for the trial of Joseph Shelby Thompson for a murder committed at Fish Creek.

GREENFIELD, March 23.—The local option election in Dade County yesterday resulted in a majority of twenty-nine for the liquor element.

A THOUSAND children's nice plaid suits at $1.35; handsome plaited ones at $1.50, $1.75 and $2. See them in Fifth street windows at $2.50.
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Weary of the World.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 23.—W. W. Puryear of Carlisle attempted to commit suicide yesterday in three different ways. He took drugs and tried to hang himself.

BOYS!
LARGE AND SMALL, WILL NEED THEIR
NEW SPRING SUITS
Before April 1—Easter. We are ready with our new designs. They are very handsome and our prices are very moderate.
BROWNING, KING & CO.,
Corner Broadway and Pine.
D. C. YOUNG.........................MANAGER

OUT-DOOR EXERCISE
AND
PERSONAL BEAUTY.

A woman with any self-respect would go through tortures, if necessary, to secure a good complexion, but nature must do a great deal in the first place, after which the morning bath in tepid water, followed by plenty of bodily exercise in the open air, helps along amazingly. Select the early morning hours and late afternoons on pleasant sunshiny days, take long walks, horseback rides or drive for an hour in the country, then at night retire early and sleep eight hours out of the twenty-four. Your personal appearance will certainly be benefited by these healthful recreations, but if niggardly nature or jealous time has denied you a soft, smooth skin it can be improved by art; do not wash your face oftener than once a day, and instead of soap use the perfumed Almond Powder, which will remove the dust and soil just as well, leaving the skin very soft and quite refreshed. This delightful preparation is a panacea for the ravages of our cold March winds.

If in need of a face powder use the pure and simple Psyche's Charm; it always pleases and will do you no injury. We assure all that use this powder that the ingredients are harmless, for they are daily prescribed by physicians for internal administration.

These preparations are made by Raboteau & Co., the well-known druggists, established in 1870, at 714 N. Broadway.

DIED.

FITZGERALD—At his residence, No. 1930 Chestnut street, on Thursday morning at 5:45 o'clock, WM. E. FITZGERALD, aged 57 years, beloved husband of M. A. Fitzgerald.

Funeral from St. John's Church, Sixteenth and Chestnut streets, Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock.

MAHANEY—Mrs. MARY MAHANEY, Thursday, March 22, 1888, at 7 a. m., after a brief illness, aged 69 years.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 920 North Seventeenth street, at 1 p. m., Sunday, 25th inst., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's, thence to Cavalry Cemetery. Friends invited.

McQUILLIN—On Thursday, March 22, at 1 p.m., MARY FRANCIS, beloved wife of Jas. B. McQuillin, and daughter of Jas. Halpin, aged 40 years.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 2528 Howard street, Saturday, March 24, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

ALWAYS ORDER YOUR
OFFICE STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS
AND
COMMERCIAL PRINTING
—AT—
PATTERSON'S,
316 and 318 North Third St.

POKER-PLAYERS CAUGHT.

One of Them Forgets the Name He Gave When Arrested.

In Judge Cady's court this morning the cases of John Belson, William H. Miller, Frank E. Goda, Harvey A. Nicholl, Joseph H. Thieman and William C. Meddick were dismissed on payment of costs. They are the poker-players who were arrested by Detectives Moberly and Kelly last night at Bill Kerrick's room, over Westermann's saloon on Washington avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets, south side. The officers were admitted without any resistance and the crowd bagged. All were bailed out at the station. The names given were all fictitious and the man who gave the name of Miller was slightly intoxicated and when called up to sign the bond forgot the name he had given.

GEN. PAEZ.

The Remains of the Venezuelan Patriot Lying in State.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Early this morning numbers of people visited the City Hall to view the casket containing the remains of Gen. Paez, the Venezuelan patriot, now lying in state there. During the night a guard of honor, composed of veterans of the Seventh Regiment and soldiers from the regular army, stood beside the coffin. This morning the guard was relieved by members of the Eleventh Regiment. This evening the body will be taken to the Twelfth Regiment Armory, and to-morrow it will be taken on board the United States war sloop Pensacola, which will convey it to Venezuela.

Ladies, please your husbands by serving them flap-jack cakes for breakfast.

A Victim of Cocoaine.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 23.—Dr. F. M. Hamlin, a prominent physician, has been removed to the asylum at Utica, a victim to the morphine and cocoaine habit. He was an expert microscopist, and a year ago was commissioned by the British Government to go to the Bermudas and investigate the cause of the onion blight. He made an exhaustive report. For several years he has made a study of the morphine habit and has made a specialty of treating patients addicted to it, and in this way surrendered to the habit himself. Two years ago he was President of the Young Men's Christian Association.

A Morning Blaze.

Officer Kenny discovered a fire in the three-story brick building No. 1213 North Broadway at 5:10 this morning and turned in an alarm from box No. 66. The building is occupied by William Prufrock, the furniture manufacturer, as a mattress warehouse, and his stock was damaged to the extent of about $400. The building, for which Charles H. Turner & Co. of No. 706 Pine street are the agents, was damaged to the extent of $300. Both losses are supposed to be covered by insurance. Nothing is known concerning the origin of the fire.

The Lodges.

The Grand Army has secured the Annie P. Silver for a trip to Jefferson Barracks on Decoration Day.

Capt. H. W. Smith goes to Edwardsville, Ill., to-morrow night in the interest of the United Order of Honor.

Unity Lodge, No. 3, K. and L. of I., will report to-night the result of its committee's conference with the Grand Secretary regarding a financial misunderstanding.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC
LAST THREE PERFORMANCES.
ABBOTT
GRAND OPERA COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT—Abbott's Love Lyric,
RUY BLAS; or, Queen and Lackey.
A beautiful spectacle, "An Entrancing Love Lyric."
Gorgeous Costumes! Melodious Music!
Emma Abbott as Queen of Spain.
SATURDAY—EMMA ABBOTT will SING BOTH MATINEE and NIGHT.
Emma Abbott Matinee—Abbott as "The Boy," in Auber's Opera Comique,
LA PART DU DIABLE,
"THE GOOD DEVIL."
EMMA ABBOTT and the Entire Company.
SATURDAY NIGHT — Abbott's Farewell,
BOHEMIAN GIRL.
Emma Abbott as Arline. and the entire company.
Next Week—"SHE."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Every Evening, and Saturday Matinee.
WILSON & RANKIN MINSTRELS
LED BY
Geo. Wilson, The Minstrel KING.
Supported by the Greatest Minstrel Organization in America.
Monday, March 26—Stoddard Lectures. Course tickets now on sale.

POPE'S | To-Night.
The Famous American Melodrama,
Shadows of a Great City.
Saturday Matinee.
Next Sunday Matinee—TOWN LOTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
To-night at 8—Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, the eminent German Dialect Comedian
CHAS. A. GARDNER
IN "THE NEW KARL."
Sunday night, March 25—Marguerite St. John Comedy Co. in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

STANDARD | MATINEES—Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.
THE LARGEST AND BEST NOVELTY COMPANY IN AMERICA.
The Mignani—Siegrist Star Novelty Company.
Next week—The great melodrama, "Ranch King."

OLYMPIC—Special.
SUNDAY NIGHT, MARCH 25,
HAGGARD'S GORGEOUS SPECTACLE!
SHE
GILLETTE'S ADAPTATION. FURST'S MUSIC.
THE SENSATION OF THE AGE!
From Niblo's Garden, N. Y.
NEARLY 100 PEOPLE.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

ENTERTAINMENT HALL
(Exposition Building.)
FRENCH GRAND OPERA COMP'Y.
FRIDAY NIGHT,
LES HUGUENOTS.
FAREWELL MATINEE.
LA FAVORITE.
General Admission for Matinee, 50c (all over the house.)

LECTURE
BY REV. T. DEWITT
TALMAGE
AT GRAND MUSIC HALL,
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH. 24
His only appearance in St. Louis this season. Tickets 50c, at Balmer & Weber's 209 North Fourth street. The tickets sold for the 15th good for the 24th.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
—THE—
STODDARD LECTURES
WEEK OF MARCH 26.
MONDAY..........................TRAVELS IN SPAIN
TUESDAY..........................JULIUS CÆSAR
WEDNESDAY..SPLENDORS OF THE PYRENEES
THURSDAY..........................LORD BYRON
FRIDAY..........................CONSTANTINOPLE
SATURDAY..........................EGYPT AND THE NILE
EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.
History, literature and souvenirs of Mr. Stoddard's personal travels with superb illustrations. Grand success in all the leading cities.
Course Tickets, Six Evenings, Reserved Seats.......... $3.50
Reserved Seats, Single Evenings.......... 75c, 1.00
BURDITT & NORTH, Managers.

SPORTSMAN'S PARK.
BASE BALL.
OPENING OF THE SEASON
TO-MORROW.
ST. LOUIS BROWNS
Vs.
ST. LOUIS WHITES.
Game Called at 3:30 p. m. Admission, 25 cents.

CAFÉ OAKES
For the convenience of Ladies shopping, we have opened
ON THE SECOND FLOO[R]
Of our Mammoth Candy Palace, the Most
Elegantly Appointed Ca[fé]
IN ST. LOUIS.
Elevator, Electric Bells and all conveniences.

303 and 305 N. Broadway

HOUSEKEEPERS
I will offer you the following G[reat] Bargains this week and wish to [call] your attention particularly to [my] department which includes SUG[ARS,] COFFEES and TEAS.

SUGARS.
Cut Loaf.......................12½ lbs f[or]
Fine Powdered..................12½ lbs f[or]
Granulated.....................15 lbs f[or]
N. O. Yellow Granulated........15½ lbs
Fancy Yellow...................16 lbs
Choice Yellow..................18 lbs
Good Brown.....................20 lbs

GREEN COFFEE.
Fancy Rio......................5 lbs for $
Golden Rio.....................5 lbs for $
Choice Rio.....................6 lbs for $1
Old Government Java............4 lbs for $1
Mocha..........................3½ lbs for $1

PARCHED COFFEES.
Golden Rio.....................4 lbs for $1
Choice Rio.....................5 lbs for $1
Choice Java....................4 lbs for $1
Best O. G. Java................3½ lbs for $1
Mocha and Java.................3 lbs for $1

TEAS.
A special lot of GUNPOWDER, OOLON[G], JAPAN, ENGLISH BREAKFAST and YOU[NG] HYSON, and the finest ever offered in [St.] Louis for the money. Price this week:
Per lb..........
5-lb lots..........

DRIVE IN FLOUR.
98-lb sack of High patent flour..........
49-lb sack of High patent flour..........
24-lb sack of High patent flour..........
This is a flour that will give yo[u per]fect satisfaction; is made in one o[f the] best wheat sections in the co[untry;] quality guaranteed.
One hundred and fifty kegs of BELCH[ER] SYRUP, as bright and as light as any gol[den] syrup, perfectly pure and full measure.
5-gallon keg and faucet..........$
10-gallon keg and faucet..........
23-gallon half-barrel and faucet..........

CALIFORNIA HAMS.
20 cases just received; price, 9c per po[und].

WHITTAKER'S MEATS.
Star Hams..........Per lb.
S. C. Shoulders..........Per lb.
Rolled Boneless Shoulders..........Per lb.
Boneless Breakfast Bacon..........Per lb, 11

BUTTER.
Fresh Creamery..........Per lb.
Fresh country..........Roll
Fresh Eggs..........per dozen

A FEW PARALYZERS.
I bought a miscellaneous lot of goods fro[m a] grocer, who wanted to realize at 60c on [the] dollar, and I will give you the benefit of [it]. The prices are good until all are sold, and [no] longer. You know what they are worth. [The] prices tell. You can save your car fare o[n a] quarter dollar's worth of these goods:
Babbitt's 1776, 3 packages for..........
Soapine, 3 packages for..........
Pearline, 3 packages for..........
Sapolio, 3 packages for..........
Pride of the Kitchen, per cake..........
Babbitt's Soap, per cake, 4c; 13 cakes for..........
White Star Soap, per cake 4c; box of 2[?] cakes..........
Ivory Soap, small, 6 cakes for..........
Ivory Soap, large, 4 cakes for..........
Bon Marche Toilet Soap, box, 3 cakes for..........
Armour's Potted Ham, 5-ounce can..........
Armour's Potted Ham, 10-ounce can..........
Shoe blacking, large, 3 boxes..........
Scrub brush, worth 15c..........
2-ounce bottle extract lemon..........
2-ounce bottle extract vanilla..........
2-ounce bottle machine oil..........
California honey, tumblers, each..........
Eagle condensed milk, per can..........
Apple butter, per lb..........
Mince meat, per lb..........

CROSSE AND BLACKWELL'S SAUC[ES]
Imperial sauce, pints, each..........
(regular price, 25c)
Imperial sauce, quarts..........
(regular price, 50c)
C. & B. essence of shrimps, ½ pint..........
(regular price, 35c)

TOBACCOS.
Star chewing, per lb..........
Triumph smoking, worth 30c, per lb..........
English Shag smoking, worth 30c, per lb..........

CIGARS.
Surprise Brand, 50 in box..........
(worth $1.25.)
Spanish Guards, 50 in box..........
(worth $2.)
Two deliveries daily to all parts [of the] city—at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m.

Fairley, the Groc[er,]
Nos. 820, 822 and 824 Franklin [Avenue,]
ST. LOUIS, M[O.]
Patrons in the city can drop post[al] orders. Patrons living out of the ci[ty can] make out their orders from this li[st, enclose] check, money order, postal note or re[gistered] letter, and the goods will go forward [within] twenty-four hours. Direct letters, c[hecks,] etc., to
Telephone 2,806. JAS. P. FA[IRLEY.]

THE undersigned, late of McCann, Rice & [...]ton, Real Estate Agents, having returned [to his] profession, practices in all the courts and [gives] especially to deeds, wills, accounts, taxes a[nd pro]bate business.
JOHN J. McCANN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 511 Pine St., Room 2, St. Lo[uis.]

THE POST-DISPATCH BRANCH OFFICES.

t the following LOCATIONS BRANCH FICES have been established, where NT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER kept for sale:

NTON ST.—1501 .... O. Sutter
NTON ST.—2572 .... A. H. Vordick
ROADWAY—2001 N .... O. D'Amour
ROADWAY—4132 N .... W. J. Kohrumel
ROADWAY—2613 S .... E. Geisler
ROADWAY—3907 S .... F. Hemm
ROADWAY—7631 S .... L. F. Waibel
RR ST.—1328 .... Lion Drug Store
RR ST.—2201 .... Crawley's Phar
ASS AV.—1000 .... Cass Avenue Phar
ASS AV.—1827 .... C. W. Tomfohrde
HOUTEAU AV.—1500 .... H. F. Spilker
HOUTEAU AV.—2354 .... C. Schaefer
HOUTEAU AV.—2837 .... W. E. Krueger
LARK AV.—2136 .... D. Nake & Bro
ODIER ST.—2248 .... A. & B. Vogt
ASTON AV.—3180 .... F. C. Pauley
ASTON AV.—4161 .... Fischer & Co
AST GRAND AV.—1923 .... T. T. Wurmb
LEVENTH ST.—3701 N .... T. T. Wurmb
INNEY AV.—3837 .... P. E. Fiquet
RANKLIN AV.—1600 .... C. Klipstein
RANKLIN AV.—3342 .... J. B. Baseler
AMBLE ST.—2631 .... A. Braun
ARRISON AV.—1016 .... Harris & Raymond
RAND AV.—1400 N .... F. Sohn & Co
RAND AV.—1926 N .... W. D. Temm
RAND AV.—2745 .... Thos. Layton
RAVOIS.—2946 .... B. Jost
ICKORY ST.—800 .... Ferd. W. Sennewald
AFAYETTE AV.—1800 .... Philip Kaut
AFAYETTE AV.—2601 .... C. E. Neubert
UCAS AV.—1700 .... W. S. Fleming
ARKET ST.—2031 .... C. G. Penney
ARKET ST.—2846 .... St. L. Phar
ENARD.—1434 .... G. Weinsberg
ORGAN ST.—3930 .... J. S. Procter
INTH ST.—2625 N .... O. Claus
LIVE ST.—1500 .... R. Riley
LIVE ST.—2800 .... J. L. Royston
LIVE ST.—3000 .... J. Guerdan & Co
LIVE ST.—3201 .... Louis Schurk
LIVE ST.—3500 .... A. B. Roth
ARK AV.—1937 .... G. H. Andreas
ALINA ST.—2870 .... A. P. Kaltwasser
AYLOR AV.—1900 .... G. H. Wagner
ASHINGTON AV.—1328 .... Primm's Phar
ASHINGTON AV.—2338 .... T. S. Glenn
ASHINGTON AV.—2800 .... J. Weiner
SHINGTON AV.—3901 .... F. W. Conradt

SUBURBAN.

KWOOD .... L. P. Hemm
STER GROVES .... Livery Stable
ST. LOUIS .... O. F. Kresse
EVILLE ILL .... Kaercher & Stelberg

SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH IN KANSAS CITY.

SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH has tained a circulation in Kansas ond only to that of the two chief s City Morning Papers and it is ly growing in favor among its iers at the mouth of the Kaw. It l hereafter be kept on hand and for e by the following Kansas City alers:

GLICK .... 21 E. Fifth St.
A. BETTIS .... Centropolis Hotel
. BETTIS .... St. James Hotel
E. ASHTON .... 536 Walnut St.
NRY T. PIERCE .... 603 Main St.
H. HALL .... 609 Main St.
KINS & WINCH .... Opposite Post-Office
. CROSBY .... 1030 Union Av.
. CROSBY .... Union Depot
RSHALL & THOMAS .... 203 W. Ninth St.
. MALONEY .... 209 W. Ninth St.
EINPELL .... 110 E. Twelfth St.
USTIN .... 1207 Grand Av.
ENKINS .... Coates House
RDEL, Junction St. Louis & Union Av.
SKRIDGE .... Twelfth & Locust St.

WYANDOTTE.

AUNDER .... 1919 Sixth St.
McKENZIE .... Post-Office
ERNARD .... Post-Office

TO ADVERTISERS.

g to the early departure of the fast-rain, advertisements for the SUNDAY ING POST-DISPATCH must be in the before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insertion

rties advertising in these Columns and ing the answers addressed in care of -DISPATCH, will please ask for check, able them to get their letters, as none be delivered except on presentation of k. All answers to advertisements should nclosed in envelopes. Parties answering ertisements must have their replies died to their own POST-OFFICE address.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best help—for 5c. per line.

NTED—A position as book-keeper or cashier in wholesale house; 20 years experience; city rences; salary moderate. Ad. G 54, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

VERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

NTED—Situation as grocery clerk, three years experience. Address C 54, this office. 37

The Trades.

VERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

NTED—Situation by engineer and machinist. All address to Stupp Bros., 2215 S. 7th st. 38

NTED—Having spare time would like to assist an architect or builder as draughtsman. Ad. M 53, this office. 38

NTED—By a married man a lasting position as confectioner; one experienced in his work. Ad. A. R., No. 1447 Kosciusko st. 38

Boys.

VERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

NTED—A boy of 18 wishes a good situation driving a delivery wagon. Add. O 54, this office.

NTED—A colored boy wants a situation as porter; reference if required. Address K 54, ice. 42

NTED—Situation by a boy of 16; would like to arn the printing trade; can give good reference. Address B 54, this office. 42

ED—Stout boy of 16 years desires a place to k or learn a trade; willing to make himself Address A 54, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

nday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best —for 5c. per line.

ED—Any kind of indoor work. Call or ad. John Heeger, 1516 S. 7th st. 43

ED—Situation by man to attend to horses or yard. C. H. Timmerberg, 4001 Chouteau 43

ED—A situation by an industrious young , 19 years old, willing to do anything. Ad. office. 43

ED—Situation by a first-class French gar- r and florist in private garden; references ddress 623 Chestnut st. 43

ED—Situation by gardener or coachman; untands green-house and general care of a ldress M 50, this office. 43

ED—Situation in wholesale house as porter ddle-aged married man; will make himself useful; references. Address O 50, this 43

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Stenographers.

ED—Stenographer of some experience; one can use type-writer; good penman; state employed and salary expected. Address office. 60

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Energetic men in the city and country to solicit orders for fine portrait work; salary or commission. Missouri Portrait Co., 1818 Morgan st.

WANTED—A young man in a wholesale grocery store for billing: must write a good, rapid hand, and be quick and accurate at figures; references will be required. Address, stating age and salary wanted, D 54, this office. 54

The Trades.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A first-class shaper hand on gear wood. Haydock Bros., 13th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Two good machine molders, union men. Apply Rogers Foundry Co., Belleville, Ill.

WANTED—A licensed engineer on Duncan av. to run a hoisting engine; steady work. John Bambrick. 58

WANTED—One first-class tool dresser to go out of city; steady work; good wages to right party. Address W 53, this office. 58

WANTED—Carpenters to attend open meeting of Local Union 257, 2801 Franklin av., March 24. Good speaking the order of the evening. 58

Coachmen.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—Coachman (white); must also care for cow and yard. Apply H. S. Liggett, 13th and St. Charles sts. 55

Waiters.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A first-class waiter at St. Louis Club, 29th and Locust. 57

Laborers.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Twenty-five laborers at the Duncan av. sewer; steady work. John Bambrick. 62

WANTED—Laborers with hatchets and shovels at 708 N. Levee, to pull down old buildings. R. Brown. 59

Boys.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Small boy for store. Apply 717 Vandeventer av. 61

WANTED—Active, strong boy, for shop. Thomas Groves, 508 S. 5th st. 51

WANTED—Boy in drug-store to make himself generally useful; state wages expected. Ad. T 53, this office. 61

WANTED—A smart small boy to attend door and deliver bundles in a first-class establishment. Add. K 53, this office. 61

Miscellaneous.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—Hostler and buggy-washer at Kehoe's stable, 1618 Dolman st. 62

WANTED—10 energetic men to sell "New Home" sewing machines; big money made. Apply 900 Olive st. 62

WANTED—Newspaper subscription canvasser on salary. Address, giving experience and refs., N 30, this office. 62

WANTED—An active, reliable canvasser, with satisfactory references. St. Louis Illuminating Gas Lamp Co., 607 N. 6th st. 62

WANTED—Man on gentleman's place in suburbs to do general work; must know gardening, care of cow, horse and carriage; reference required. Address L 54, this office. 62

WANTED—Seven young men to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying from $70, $80, $90, $100, $110, $120 to $125 per month. Apply immediately to Telegraph Supt., 102 N 3d; take elev.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Stenographers.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—A position by a competent lady stenographer; good reference. Address J. B., 1421 Morton st. 45

Housekeepers.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a widow lady as housekeeper. Ad. A 51, this office. 47

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Would like situation as seamstress or housekeeper. 2003 S. 11th st. 46

WANTED—A respectable widow would like to work half the day at sewing or housework; references given. Address H 52, this office. 46

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Situation by a girl, aged 15, to do light housework in a small family. Address 1401 N. 6th st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl from the country for general housework. Apply 1517 Cass av., up-stairs. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a good German girl for cooking and light housework. Call or address 1438 Clinton st., up stairs. 49

Laundresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—By a first-class laundress, washing and ironing to take home, or will go out by the day. Call 2963 Market st. 51

WANTED—First-class laundry man wishes situation; have been foreman for over a year; best of reference. Address J 54, this office. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 2817 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1096 2d Carondelet av. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 2420 Grand av. 66

WANTED—At 2821A Cass av., a girl to do housework; call Saturday. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing. 2937 Sheridan av. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply at 1107 S. 11th st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; also nurse girl; at 1126 N. Channing av. 66

WANTED—Young lady for housework; no washing. Godefroy, 3502 Olive st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; German preferred. 219 S. Leffingwell av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing. Apply with reference after 12 m. at 3609 Page av. 66

WANTED—German girl for light housework; no washing; wages $10; reference required. 1439 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—At 1325 La Salle st. a competent German girl for housework who can cook. Call between 12 and 2 o'clock. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two; wages not to exceed $7; no washing and ironing. 1727 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—Good pant and vest maker to go to a Southern city; steady work and good pay. Apply to J. M. Hayes Woolen Co., 617 Washington av.

WANT advertisements in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will reach every reader.

Cooks.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A good cook at 3431 Market st. 68

WANTED—A cook at Williams House, 921 Pine st. 68

WANTED—A first-class cook; good wages to right party. 1208 St. Anne av. 68

WANTED—Two German girls, one to cook, wash and iron, one to assist and for housework in a private Catholic family. Add. G 52, this office. 68

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Nurse-girl for one baby. 2806 Locust st. 70

WANTED—A competent nurse-girl for a child 2 years old. 3004 Pine st. 70

WANTED—A girl of 14 or 15 to take care of small children and do light housework at 3107 Pine st.; reference required. 70

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Girl to work on knee pants. 1326 N. 15th st., old 16th. 69

WANTED—Girls to work on coats by hand and machine at 1205 N. 13th st. 69

WANTED—A first-class waist maker; also a skirt-trimmer. Mme. De Jarnette, 2727 Washington av. 69

WANTED—Waist and skirt trimmers; best of wages and steady employment for experts. Apply 2721 Locust st. 69

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—First-class chambermaid and porter. 103 N. 9th st. 71

WANTED—A first-class girl to wait on the table and do chamber work. 3723 Pine st. 71

WANTED—Ladies who wish light, steady work at their homes, call Saturday; $4 to $6 weekly; materials furnished. Over 1138 Washington av. 71

WANTED—Seven young ladies to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying from $70, $80, $90, $100, $110, $120 to $125 a month. Apply immediately to Telegraph Supt., 102 N. 3d; take elev.

DRESSMAKING.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

MISS KATE COLFORD will be pleased to have all her customers call at 1702 Lucas av. this season; country orders will receive prompt attention. 72

WANTED—PARTNERS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—An experienced business manager with $3,000 to take charge of and superintend the introduction of a new article; reference required. Ad. S 50, this office. 23

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—By single gent, furnished room in central location; state terms. Address S 53, this office. 21

WANTED—One large and one small unfurnished room; convenient to 2d and Carr sts.; state terms. Address F 54, this office. 21

WANTED—A ten or twelve-room house in good location on 3 or 5 years lease by family without children. Address L 15, this office. 21

CALL at Mound City Commercial College, Fourth and Chestnut and join the Garfield Building Association now six months old. Those not able to pay $6 00 at once can pay $2 00 per share for next six months. 21

INFORMATION WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

INFORMATION wanted of John C. Maxwell. Address B 52, this office.

MONEY WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—To borrow $1,500 on city real estate; no commission. Address L 53, this office. 25

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—To buy a first-quality diamond, either ring or stud; must be cheap; state price and size. Address M 49, this office. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

LOST—Dog—Strayed from 3664 Washington av., black and tan puppy. Please return and get liberal reward. 30

LOST—Small brown pocket-book, containing about $50. Liberal reward will be given for the return of same to 1023 N. 3d st. 30

LOST—A diamond earring between 18th and Wash sts. and 9th and Franklin av. Liberal reward paid if returned to 1817 Wash st. 30

LOST OR STRAYED—Wednesday eve, blue Scotch terrier dog; answers to the name of Prince. Return to 3505 Evans av. and receive reward. 30

LOST OR STOLEN—A St. Bernard dog, 22 inches high, color brown. Liberal reward will be paid for return to Robert Hilbert, 401 S. 4th st. 30

FINANCIAL.

BORROWERS are found by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY LOANED—$5 and upwards, on furniture without removal; also on any good personal securities. My terms are the best in the city. M. E. Dougan, 719½ Pine st., up-stairs. 31

CASH loaned, from $50 up on furniture, St. Louis real estate, or other good securities, at less than usual rates, Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, in sums to suit; business confidential; no commission charged. O. C. Volker, 714 Pine, room 14.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

$100,000 TO LOAN

On St. Louis realty at 6 per cent in sums to suit. Call and see us before borrowing.
31 W. P. NELSON & CO., 106 N. 8th st.

MUSICAL.

MUSICAL instruments of all kinds are bought and sold, after advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch 27

FOR SALE—Kimball organ in fine order, $25; also green plush barber chair, nearly new. Call at 1003 Pine st. 27

BOOKS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—A first-class confectionery store; very cheap if sold at once. 1621 Franklin av. 4

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—One bay mare, 15½ hands high at 1008 Glasgow av. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, light wagon and harness, cheap. Call before 9 o'clock to-morrow. 2929 Market st.

FOR SALE—Peddler wagon, horse and harness, all complete for $75. Call at 4733 Cote Brilliante av.

FOR SALE—Top buggies, park, grocery, baker, butcher and dry goods wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

FIVE fine horses for sale; one fast road horse; three can be driven single or double, and one gentle family horse; all at moderate prices; can be seen at Crescent stables, Compton av. and Olive st. 12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—254 new and second-hand vehicles; 30 per cent cheaper than any other house; dealing only in best St. Louis manufacturers' work with their name plates attached; 10 side entrance Bernhardt surreys, 5 open and top park wagons, 35 side bar and end spring open and top buggies, 40 open and top business and pleasure wagons, 7 barouches, 5 coupe rockaways, 2 platform spring truck wagons, 5 Landeau carriages; also good, cheap harness. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

M'CABE, YOUNG & CO.

Have a large stock of Butchers', Bakers', Grocers', Whiteners', Laundry, Drygoods, and all kinds of top and open

DELIVERY WAGONS

of our own manufacture which we are selling very low for cash. Every vehicle is fully warranted first-class in every particular and hand-made. Send for catalogue to 1122 to 1128 N. Main. 12

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Hortense: Letters in Post-office for you. Write to-morrow or Monday. H. 1

PERSONAL—If Mr. W. S. has returned to the city, I will be pleased to hear from him. Address E 54, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Two young gentlemen desire the acquaintance of two lively young ladies. Strictly confidential. Object, social amusement. Address R 53, this office.

PERSONAL—The finest face preparation is Dermazole; removes pimples; all drug stores; 25c.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

UNFORTUNATES look in the Sunday Post-Dispatch for those who can relieve them. 74

GREAT REDUCTION in prices at Hilton's Restaurant, 7th and Pine: coffee with rolls, 5c. 74

PROF. PETERS, independent slate-writer, trance, test and healing medium, 1415 Olive st.; all desiring to make engagements must do so at once as he will leave the city in a few days. 74

PARTIES BREAKING UP HOUSEKEEPING, BY sending their furniture to be sold at our regular sales on Tuesdays and Fridays, or employing us to sell on their premises, obtain considerably more cash than they can receive from other sources. R. U. LEONORI, JR. & CO., AUCT'R'S, 1005 OLIVE ST.

TAPEWORM taken, head complete, or no charges; will treat persons at home or office without causing sickness. Room 11, J. T. Rheinhart, 514 Pine st.

WANTED—Parties breaking up housekeeping can obtain highest cash prices for furniture, carpets and household goods by calling on or addressing McCann, Boylan & Co., auctioneers, 1218 Olive st. 74

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office, 517 Olive st. 74

LIFE-SIZE PORTRAIT FREE!

And all styles plain Cabinet Photos $2 per dozen, by making special arrangements with Genelli, 923 Olive.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, REED CITY, Mich., March 12, 1888.—I wish to bear testimony to the splendid success attending the ministration of Dr. C. M. Adams, Christian Scientist and Healer, in this city during the few weeks he was in this city in January this year.

Of the one hundred and more people that took treatment of him all were benefited and many perfectly healed by one treatment.

Of the many cures I will mention two that came under my special observation:

One, a lady who had been nearly blind for years, was entirely restored by one treatment. Receiving the treatment in the morning the same evening she threaded her needle and sewed by lamplight with perfect ease and without inconvenience.

The other, a gentleman who came to the doctor's rooms on crutches, which he had been obliged to use for a year, having been injured by having his leg caught under a sleigh-box and being drawn some distance in that situation by a runaway team. The physicians had told him that the muscles and tendons of the leg had been torn from the bone and he could not be cured. After one treatment this man took his crutches under his arm and walked down to the depot and went home perfectly healed. I have heard from him several times since and he continues strong and well.

I was healed myself of a lameness of over twenty years' standing, the particulars of which I will willingly communicate to any one requesting it.

E. N. FITCH,
Receiver U. S. Land Office, Reed City, Mich.

The doctor is stopping at Hotel Belvedere, 1230 Washington av., city. 74

ALL call on Mrs. Dr. Eddy, world-renowned Trance Clairvoyant, the seventh daughter, born with a double veil; has the power of any two clairvoyants you ever met; tells your entire life, past, present and future, in a dead trance; every hidden mystery revealed; tells full names of her callers and full name of future husband or wife, with age and date of marriage; tells all business affairs with utmost truth; unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriages with the one you love; removes evil influences; gives good luck; business, love and marriage a specialty; reveals everything, no imposition; $5,000 challenge to any medium who can excel her. Fee, $1 and upwards; hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. strict. 1417 Pine st. 74

MME. ANNA, the Fortune-Teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. 74

MRS. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; a regular graduate; receives ladies at the house during confinement; business confidential; charges reasonable. 501 Rutger st. 74

MRS. DOSSEN—Practical and competent midwife and lady physician; business strictly confidential; receives ladies during confinement; the best place in West for good care and home comfort; charges reasonable. Call at 1332 Chouteau av. 74

REBECCA L. ADY, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electricity scientifically administered; baths of all kinds a luxury; patrons can have choice of male or female assistants; new assistants; gymnastic parlors. 74

TRANCE clairvoyancy is the only true way of predicting the past and future of persons' lives. By this wonderful power Mrs. Dr. Eddy is controlled by a band of spirits, who accurately foretell just what is coming. It is only in very rare cases that you will find mediums who are fully developed out, so that they can go into a trance, though many pretend to who only make a miserable failure. Fee, $1 and upwards. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. 1417 Pine st. 74

MRS. DR. SILVA.

Try my Magnetic Baths; experienced assistants. Also massage treatment; good for all ailments. 305 N. 12th.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

COAL—Any amount of coal from 10 bushels up delivered at 10c per bushel at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 Franklin av.; send postal. 5

FIRE and burglar safes, MacNeale & Urban, manufacturers. Gast, general agent, 215, 217, 219 Pine st. 5

FOR SALE — Building materials, brick, joists, kindling, etc., at 708 N. Levee. Apply to R. Brown. 5

FOR SALE—Marble top walnut dresser suit, $25; Singer sewing machines, $5; cabinet Howe, $7. Call at 715 N. 8th st. 5

FOR SALE—One set of furniture, table, bed and springs and dresser, all walnut, at $15, and cook stove, $7. Call at 2004 Eugenia st. 5

FOR SALE—Coal, 10 cents per bushel for cash, 50 bushels or more at one delivery; send postal. Dorr Bros., cor. 18th and Gratiot st. 5

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

YOUR advertisement in next Sundays' Post-Dispatch will be read by everybody.

Second-Hand Machinery.

One 40-horse Corliss engine, manufactured by the Hoover, Owens & Rentschler Co. of Hamilton, Ohio. This engine can be seen in operation at the Graham Paper Co.'s Factory, corner of Main and Brooklyn sts. We are now building a large engine to take its place.
One 10x16 piston valve engine and boiler.
One 20-horse portable engine and boiler.
One beam doctor.
Two 40-horse Westinghouse engines.
Two 12-arc electric dynamos.
Apply to
SMITH, BEGGS & RANKEN MACHINE CO.,
5 2201 N. Main st., St. Louis.

E. A. SKEELE WILL CUT

prices, for cash or time, on Furniture, Stoves, Carpets and Household goods of every description. Call before buying. 210 and 212 N. 7th st. 5

STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

STORAGE for furniture, etc.; new warehouse; clean, dry; low rates. Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453. 81

ST. LOUIS Storage, Packing and Moving Company. Estimates for packing, shipping and moving furniture. Large vans for removing furniture carefully. 2722 Franklin av. Telephone No. 3084. 81

STORAGE—Furniture, pianos, baggage, etc., safe and reliable; inspection solicited; get our rates; careful moving, packing, etc.; estimates furnished. R. U. LEONORI, JR. & CO., 1005 Olive st. 81

LOOK in next Sunday's Post-Dispatch at the want advertisements.

STORAGE-MOVING!

Furniture, Pianos, Household Goods.

The largest, safest and best storage rooms in the city for furniture, pianos, boxes, trunks and valuable goods of all kinds at lowest rates; cash advances made on same when desired; moving furniture, pianos and household goods from house to house done by experienced men. Packing furniture, pianos, pictures, china, glassware, etc., for shipping a specialty.
WM. O. LANGAN & CO.,
81 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—50 ft. 100 ft. or 147 ft. by 153 ft. to 15-foot alley, n. s. Page av., cor. Pendleton; lays about 3 ft. above grade; will sell at $23 per ft. This is a bargain, as ground has been selling at $25 adjoining above. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

3 S. 23d ST.—Nicely furnished, cool, well-lighted room; private family; gas, bath, etc; rent moderate; 13

23 AND 25 S. 7TH ST.—Newly-furnished single and double rooms; single rooms, $1.50 per week; also rooms for light housekeeping. 13

103 S. 14TH ST.—Furnished room for gent or light housekeeping; reasonable. 13

201 S. 14TH ST.—Furnished 2d-story front room, for two gents or married couple. 13

707 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping or two gents.

822 PINE ST.—Elegant rooms for winter or summer; corner building; gas, bath, steam heat, etc.

1008 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely-furnished rooms, at the lowest figures in town, for gents only. 13

1115 PINE ST.—Nicely-furnished front rooms; also back, for light housekeeping. 13

1217 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely-furnished front room, suitable for sleeping. 13

1236 CLARK AV.—One large parlor, furnished, 1st floor, for gents or man and wife. 13

1306 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished second-story front room suitable for two; board if desired. 13

1307 CHAMBERS ST.—3 rooms on first floor. 13

1300 OLIVE ST.—One large and one small front room nicely furnished. 13

1400½ PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or gents; also unfurnished rooms; respectable only. 13

1801 OLIVE ST.—One large front room, unfurnished, $7; one front room, furnished, $8.

2318 PINE ST.—Pleasant furnished rooms; quiet locality; strict attention; moderate rent. 13

3506 OLIVE—Choice suite of two 2d-story rooms single or en suite; nicely and newly furnished throughout; terms reasonable, to nice parties with reference. 13

3628 CLARK AV.—3 rooms, first floor, and water; $11. 13

FOR RENT—Two, 3 and 5 rooms on Cass av.; store also. Apply at 1333 N Broadway. 13

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, third floor, on 10th and Market sts., over drugstore. 13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room; also hall-room for gentleman. S. E. corner 14th and Clark av. 13

THE Arlington, corner 7th and Morgan, first-class furnished rooms for 25c, 50c, 75c and up per day by the week or month at reduced rates. 13

ROOMS are quickly rented by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

709 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—4-room flat; hall, gas and bath. KEELEY & CO, 703 Pine.

1437 39, 45 FRANCIS ST.—Each, elegant 3-room flats, with water, electric bell, marble mantels, etc.; first floor, $12; second floor, $11. Apply to J. A. DUFFY & CO., Telephone 752. 806 Chestnut st.

1715 DOLMAN ST.—Four-room flat. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

BOARDING.

205 S. 14TH ST.—Two unfur. rooms; one partly fur.; with or without board; hot and cold bath.

206 S. 16TH ST.—Rooms furnished for housekeeping; also for gents with or without board.

932 HICKORY—Furnished room with family board for two gentlemen; terms reasonable.

1018 CHOUTEAU AV.—One or two nicely furnished rooms; private family; with or without board. 18

1224 WASHINGTON AV.—Finely furnished second-story front and other rooms; good meals; also two basement rooms, furnished if desired.

1224 WASHINGTON AV.—Second story front and other rooms all finely furnished; good meals served; good accommodation for transient boarders.

1235 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

1318 CHOUTEAU AV.—Neatly fur. rooms; southern exposure, including gas, bath and all conveniences; first-class table board; central location; references exchanged. 18

1425 PINE ST.—Nicely-furnished rooms, with or without board; gents only. 18

1528 OLIVE ST.—Large furnished second story front room, also single room with or without board. 18

2312 CHESTNUT ST.—One nice front room; gas, bath, etc.; can have board if desired. 18

2349 CHESTNUT ST.—Young gent wants roommate for handsomely-furnished front room in private family; southern exposure; breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner and Sunday meals. 18

2602 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. 18

3020 EASTON AV.—Private family; fur. room, suitable for gent, with or without board. 18

3319 LACLEDE AV.—One unfurnished front room, southern exposure, with board; will furnish if desired. 18

BOARD—The St. James Hotel will make a very low rate for guests by the week or month; see their rooms and get prices before locating for the winter. 18

GREAT REDUCTION in prices at Hilton's Restaurant, 7th and Pine; coffee with rolls, 5c. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

904 AND 914 CHAMBERS ST.—Seven rooms; gas, bath, hall, laundry, $25; newly renovated; to a small family. Apply at 605 Franklin av. 14

2019 CHESTNUT—Nice stone-front house of 8 rooms, hall, gas and bath.
2020 Chestnut, nice 2-story brick house of 7 rooms, hall, gas and bath; will rent these two houses very low to good tenants.
3006 Clark av., nice stone-front of 10 rooms, hall, gas and bath. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

2314 AND 2316 CHESTNUT ST.—Two six-room houses in splendid repair. H. M. Snyder. 14

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

823 LOCUST ST.—Nice 5-story store, well lighted; suit a wholesale house.
17 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR RENT—The building now known as the Bremen (formerly the Sessinghaus) Distillery, in Bremen, at the head of Grand av., fronting 143 feet on Broadway, and running back 150 feet on John av. It is an entirely new three and four-story brick, built in the most substantial manner, suitable for any kind of manufacturing business. Will rent with the building the four boilers and the engine, all complete, or will sell them, if desired. There is a good spring of water for running engine, which will save water license. For further information apply to A. Bevis, Mound City Distilling Co.'s office, 507 N. 3d st. 17

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR RENT—Webster Station, Mo. P. R.R., house 6 rooms; also part of another house, 19 N. 6th st.

FOR LEASE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR LEASE
FOR A TERM OF YEARS

The three-story building 911 Olive street, formerly occupied by Thonssen & Co. Apply to

E. S. WARNER,
Turner Building.

A Business Chance

The POST-DISPATCH will shortly vacate the premises now occupied at

515 and 517 Market St.

This is one of the best business locations in St. Louis, occupying an area of 54 feet front by 109 feet deep, with a wide alley in the rear.

The POST-DISPATCH will either lease the ground with existing improvements, or will erect a new building to suit any business requirement.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the counting-room.

THE POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Will exchange new 10-room, well-built stone-front house, with furnace, sewer connection, etc.; cost $6,500; lot worth $3,500; total, $10,000; ground will soon double; will take small house as part pay, balance on time.
J. A. DUFFY & CO.,
7 806 Chestnut st.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—3 acres and 7-room house on lot 54 in Webster Groves; incumbrance, $1,200; sale at Clayton, March 26. B. F. WEBSTER, Trustee.

1847 O'FALLON ST.—Elegant 4-room brick; everything in perfect order; stable for horse and barouche. This is a cheap home and in a desirable neighborhood; only $1,950.
7 JAMES COHICK & CO., 810 Chestnut st.

$1,400—THREE-ROOM COTTAGE—Healthiest place in the city; stable, 50 laying hens; garden, grapes, rasberries, peaches, plums, pears; business compels me to leave city; cosy home; big bargain; southwest suburbs. Ad. O 53, this office. 7

FOR SALE—

A BARGAIN.

2917 Gamble st., a 10-room, 2-story and mansard stone-front house; all modern conveniences; lot 50x125; this place is going to be sold, so give us a bid.
CHAS. H. GLEASON & CO.,
7 720 Chestnut st.

BUSINESS PROPERTY

For sale—633 S. 6th st.—22 feet front by 67½ feet, 3-story, 8-room brick; rented for $368 per year; 18-inch walls, double cellar to building. Price $3,500. A big future for this property.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
7 720 Chestnut st.

WASHINGTON AV.

We offer a special bargain on Washington av., south side, between 15th and 16th st.; 10-room house, lot 30x150. CHARLES H. GLEASON & CO.,
7 720 Chestnut st.

Real Estate Bargains.

We have a choice list of real estate to offer, both in residence and business property, and we invite the attention of purchasers of

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

particularly, to a number of properties which will yield from 10 to 12 per cent net. Send for our Price Current, or call on
SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO.,
7 Bank of Commerce Building, 421 Olive st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEAGUE for the Protection of Personal Liberty, 17th Ward.—Members of the organization and all liberal-thinking citizens are requested to attend a meeting to be held Friday, 8 p. m., at the hall, southeast corner, 22d st. and Franklin av.
F. A. BROWN, Pres.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

DIVIDEND No. 3.—Office Hope Mining Company of St. Louis, Room No. 36, 204 N. Third st. St. Louis, March 21, 1888.—At a meeting of the Directors held this day a quarterly dividend of $25,000, being 25 cents per share, was declared on the capital stock of this company, payable to stockholders of record on Tuesday, April 10, 1888. Stock transfer book will be closed from 3 p. m. April 3, until 10 a. m. April 10, 1888. CHAS. A. CUNO, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Office of Marine Insurance Company of St. Louis. St. Louis, March 21, 1888.—An election for five Directors of this company to serve for the ensuing three years will be held at the office of this company on Monday, the 2d day of April, 1888. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 12 o'clock m. SAMUEL G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

TIME TABLE

Of Trains Running into the Union Depot.

ST. LOUIS TIME.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:30 am	† 7:25 pm
Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 6:00 pm
Through Chicago Express	† 4:50 pm	†10:35 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:15 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Fast Line	† 7:25 pm	† 8:30 pm
Memphis Express	† 7:25 pm	† 8:10 am
Cairo, Tenn. & Texas Ex. daily	† 7:30 am	† 8:30 pm
El. & Parker City Ex., ex. Sund.	* 4:20 pm	*12:00 m

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line).		
Day Express	* 9:00 am	* 7:30 pm
Chicago Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY. 10 hours to Cin. & Lou. 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:25 am	* 7:22 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:40 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 7:20 am
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	5:15 pm	8:45 am

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	† 8:30 am	† 5:20 pm
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	‖ 8:30 pm	‡ 6:50 am

INDIANAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS (BEE LINE.) Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York. No change of cars.

Day Express	† 7:35 am	† 6:00 pm
New York and Cincinnati Limited Express	† 8:00 am	† 7:40 pm
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:25 pm	*10:35 am
New York, Boston & Cincinnati Express	† 6:30 pm	† 7:30 am

Double daily parlor and sleeping-car service to Cincinnati.

WABASH RAILWAY.		
Chicago Local Mail	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago Fast Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur and Jacksonville Accommodation	* 4:45 pm	*11:00 am
New York and Boston Fast Exp	† 7:28 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
Peoria Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am

WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe and St. Paul Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 7:10 pm
Montgomery accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines and St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:50 am
Kansas City and St. Joseph Express	† 8:35 pm	† 6:40 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Through Mail	† 8:15 am	† 6:00 pm
Through Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS R. R. (The Air Line.)		
Louisville Day Express	† 7:20 am	† 8:00 am
Louisville Night Express	† 7:20 pm	† 7:25 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation		† 9:00 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:20 am	† 8:00 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	† 9:45 am	† 12:05 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:20 pm	† 7:35 am

ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
St. Paul, Omaha, Denver and Lincoln Express	* 9:20 am	* 6:00 pm
Spirit Lake, Omaha, Cedar Rapids and Denver Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Florida Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:25 am
Cairo and Chester Express	‡ 8:40 am	† 6:05 pm

VANDALIA LINE.		
Indianapolis Acc. exc. Sunday	7:15 am	5:00 pm
Fast Line, daily	9:00 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	9:00 am	7:30 pm
N.Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp. daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom. exc. Sunday	5:30 pm	8:00 am
Cincin. Day Exp., exc. Sunday	7:15 am	7:30 pm
Cincin. Night Exp., daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal	* 5:00 pm	....
Local Accommodation	* 8:25 pm	....
St. Charles and St. Louis Mail and Express	....	*11:55 am

ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS R. R.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Union Depot	8:20	11:00	2:50	5:30
Arrive at Belleville	9:15	11:55	3:45	6:25
Leave Belleville	7:05	9:45	1:10	4:20
Arr. Union Depot	8:00	10:40	2:05	5:15

DOCTOR WHITTIER,

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of three Medical Colleges, has been engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES for THIRTY YEARS.

NERVOUS DEBILITY Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Lost Manhood, Pains in Back, etc., are treated with greatest success. Safely, privately. No Mercury. Curable cases guaranteed.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, all forms, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat Skin and Bones. Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of SAFE, TIME-TESTED REMEDIES.

KIDNEY and URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent or Bloody Urine. UNNATURAL DISCHARGES promptly cured.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of both Sexes treated successfully; also piles.

Question Lists enabling you to understand and describe your case free.

It is self-evident that a special physician attains great skill. In this oldest office in America PROVED GOOD REMEDIES only used. All treated with skill, knowing what to do, NO EXPERIMENTS MADE. Call or write.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address,
PROF. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

TANSY PILLS
(WILCOX'S COMPOUND),

Safe, Certain and Effectual.
At Druggists' everywhere, or by mail. Send 4 cts. for Book, "WOMAN'S SAFE-GUARD." [sealed.]
WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.
Sold by Wolff-Wilson Drug Co.,
6th and Washington Ave., St. Louis.

$50,000 DAMAGES.

EFFIE ELLIS FIXES THE AMOUNT SHE WILL ASK FROM DR. COX

After a Consultation Held This Morning With Lawyer Cornelius and Mr. T. V. Day —The Suit to Be Filed Very Soon—Miss Ellis Gives New Details of the Vitriol-Throwing—How Her Footsteps Were Dogged in St. Louis.

Mr. Thomas Cornelius, the attorney, and Col. T. V. Day called this morning on Effie Ellis, the young woman who was disfigured with vitriol by Dr. George M. Cox of Springfield, Mo., on March 14. The object of the meeting was to receive the statement of the young woman describing the attack upon her by Dr. Cox with a view to drawing up the papers to be filed in the damage suit of Miss Ellis against Dr. Cox. After hearing her story, which was delivered with some manifestations of pain from her injuries which are not yet healed by any means, Messrs Cornelius and Day decided to fix the sum to be demanded in the suit at $50,000. Miss Ellis at first seemed backward in making her statement to the lawyer, but after some little coaxing she overcame her fears and told the story.

THE GIRL'S STORY.

The following is a description of the occurrence as given by her, probably not in the exact words used, but in language which, in nearly every respect, is much the same:

"When I received the final telegram bidding me to come to Springfield at once," said Miss Ellis, "I made ready as soon as I could and went. I felt convinced that young Fenton Cox would be at the depot to meet me and I expected to meet him when I got off the train. The train arrived early in the morning, at 5 o'clock I believe, and I woke as soon as the depot was reached and went out on the platform. As I stepped off the train a hack driver, whom I knew, touched me on the shoulder and said: 'Hello, Effie, Doc is waiting for you in the carriage.' He then took me by the arm and led me over to the carriage, pushed me in and closed the door. He then jumped up on the seat and drove away as quickly as he could. I could not see who was in the carriage as I got in, and I did not know who it really was until the vehicle passed rapidly by a light. Then I saw that it was

DR. COX,

and I felt that something terrible was going to happen.

"'Great God!' I said, 'you are not going to kill me, are you?'

"'No,' said he, 'I'm not going to kill you but I'm going to disfigure you for life.'

"He then laid hold of me with one hand and with the other struck me a terrible blow in the head with a bottle. I thought then that my life had come to an end and I began to scream as loudly as I could. A second afterwards I was blinded by something liquid that was thrown into my face and the pain was awful. It even makes me sick to think of it now. My screams must have attracted attention for the hack was stopped by a policeman and the door was opened. Cox then threw me out of the hack saying to the officer:

"'Take her and lock her up.'

"This, of course, the policeman would not do but he brought me to a hotel, where I was cared for and where a doctor called on me. This doctor, I afterwards learned, was a friend of Dr. Cox and was sent by him to assist me.

LATER IN THE DAY

the policeman went around to a Justice of the Peace in order to have a warrant issued for Dr. Cox, but the Justice refused to issue it, for what cause I do not know. That is the way the affair occurred so far as I can remember. I only know that the pain and anguish that I have gone through are known only to myself."

This statement, which was occasionally interrupted by Lawyer Cornelius with a question or two, in the main corresponds with the story of the assault as printed. Col. Day avers that the young girl's steps were dogged for a week or ten days before she left for Springfield. One night while she was on her way from the theater to her home she was felled to the ground by a man who stole up behind her while she was walking north on Seventh street. One of the men in Col. Day's service gave the fellow chase, but failed to catch him. On another occasion a man tried to strike her in the head from behind, but accidentally missed his aim as something prompted her to step to one side at the moment he struck.

It is now positively known that young Cox did not send the telegrams requesting the girl to go up to Springfield.

Mr. Cornelius said this afternoon that the suit would be filed soon in the court either at St. Louis or Springfield. "The suit will be a civil one altogether," said he. "There are whole tons of evidence going to show that Cox secured the most powerfully corrosive agent he could for the purpose and that the act was done deliberately and in a premeditated manner."

Bankrupt Furniture Sale.

The immense stock of fine and medium furniture of the bankrupt Guernsey Furniture Company is now being sold at the old stand, 304, 306 and 308 Locust street, at prices far less than factory cost. See advertisement, third page.

Pasteur Isn't Shucks to Josh Glover.

From the Charlotte (N. C.) Chronicle.

"If Old Josh Glover were only here now," said an old citizen to a *Chronicle* reporter yesterday, "we would have no cause to be afraid of mad dogs." The reporter asked the reason. "Why," said our friend, "Josh had the only true treatment for hydrophobia that is known. He could beat Pasteur all to pieces. Josh used to have a regular practice here in treating dogs. 'Worming dogs' was what he called it. He claimed that the cause of hydrophobia was a worm, about two inches long, that grows in the roots of a dog's tongue. In 'worming' a dog Josh would grasp his tongue, draw it out to its full length, then insert a knife-blade at the roots and bring out what would really seem to be a worm. After a dog was thus treated it was never known to go mad."

100 DOZEN strictly all-wool cheviot pants at $1.00. Our extra fine tailor-made pants at $3.50 and $5; are sold elsewhere at $5 and $7.
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ODD THINGS IN VENICE.

Some of the Strange Sights in the City of the Old Doges.

Venice Correspondence London Referee.

Every visitor to Venice is apt to stand enraptured before the magnificent gold barge in which the old Doges went forth and married the Adriatic, flinging a gold ring into the sea; but what interested me most was the case which contained relics of Duke Francesco Carrara, commonly called the "Tyrant of Padua." I was in a very bad temper myself the day I saw his "relics." The bitter cold had upset my liver and made me extra fiendish, and so I felt in perfect sympathy with the gentleman who wreaked his vengeance on his enemies in the most ingeniously diabolical manner possible.

The first "specimen" which attracts your attention is a beautifully decorated jewel-box—all velvet and gold and set with precious stones. Duke Francis was in love with a lady who one day snubbed him before company. Francis smiled a sweet smile, and bit his lip, but never by word or deed allowed the fair charmer to see that she had trodden on his corns. But when her birthday came round he sent her anonymously this beatiful box with an inscription on it to say that it was from an unknown admirer to the Queen of Beauty. When the box was delivered the lady was out, so her maid took it in, and, with the natural curiosity of the female sex, she began to wonder what the beautiful box contained. It was delivered uncovered, and attached to it by a ribbon was a little golden key with which to unlock. The maid thought to herself, "I'll just open this and see what lovely thing is inside for missus." She put the golden key in the lock and gave it a turn; up then flew the lid and all that remained of the inquisitive maid was gathered up from the floor and scraped off the walls. The dear Duke's notion of a birthday present for a lady was decidedly original, was it not? Another delightful relic of the life and times of the Tyrant of Padua is in the same delightful case. It is a simple key—about the size of an ordinary door key. It was the key of the duke's library in his private room. When he wanted to get rid of any of his suite or any person of his household that he had a bitter feeling against he used to ring his bell and ask for Mr. John to be sent to him (fancy name of course). When John entered the duke would say: "O John, I wish you would go to the bookcase in my private room and bring me the 'Dagonet Ballads.'" "Certainly, your Grace," Mr. John would say, and away he would trot with the key in his hand. When he got to the library he would put the key in the lock of the bookcase and turn it. But directly he turned it, out of the handle of the key shot a long poisoned needle, which stabbed the hand of the holder and instantly shot back again. John would let go of the key and say: "What the deuce was that?" He would look at his hand and see only a small, dark blue spot. He would think nothing of it, but all of a sudden he would begin to feel queer in his head. Presently some one would come in and find him in a fit on the floor, and the household would be alarmed. "Mr. John has had a stroke or a fit," the people would say. A doctor would be sent for, but his services would be of no avail. In twenty-four hours Mr. John would be dead and everybody would think he had died through a fit. There was no bothering Coroners' inquests to upset the plans of clever fellows like the Duke Francis in those days.

One other little item of my journey home I cannot find it in my heart to omit. The snow lay thick upon the Alps as we came across the St. Gothard. The train halted at a little village at the foot of the mountain. A young fellow with a blue umbrella and a small bag stood waiting in the snow (there was no platform) for the train to stop. When it did stop he turned round and gazed lovingly at the mountain and then fell into the arms of the assembled multitude and embraced everybody in turn. The whole village had come to see him off. Old men and women, young men and maids, all the simple mountaineers were there, and they all gave him a loving embrace and a God speed. Even the dogs of the village came and looked up in his face and wagged their tails at him. Presently the guard shouted "Partenza!" With one more embrace all round, and a long and loving one to a gray-haired old dame whose eyes were dim from weeping, the young mountaineer turned slowly away and got into a compartment. The train started. He put his head out of the window and waved his hat. The crowd shouted after him a God speed, and presently the little village in the lovely mountain pass was left behind and we were steaming toward Basle.

On board the boat, just as we were nearing Dover, I saw the mountaineer again. He was looking wonderingly at the cliffs, and at the nearing English shore. I spoke to him. I asked him if he had been in England before. He was coming to England to be a waiter. He was going to make a great fortune, perhaps.

HOW STONEWALL JACKSON FELL.

The Story of a Confederate Soldier Who Saw the Fatal Shots Fired.

From the Athens (Ga.) Banner.

We followed our bottoms until we got to the plank road leading from Fredericksburg to Chancellorsville, being then near and in the front of Hooker's (better known as "Fighting Joe") army. We were thrown in line of battle three deep, and ordered to rest, but our rest was suddenly disturbed by the firing of one of our cannons immediately in our rear, and as the echoes died out we heard the answer from one of Lee's guns. The boys then knew that the next thing would be to fight, and in a few minutes we heard the order coming down the line, "Fix bayonets and charge." With a loud yell we pushed on, but had gone but a short distance before we were on the enemy, greatly to their surprise. As they were not looking for us at that time and place, they were not prepared to receive us, so they took to their heels rather than be taken prisoners, leaving their knapsacks, laid in squares by companies, guns stacked and camp kettles boiling with beef. On we went in high spirits, in double-quick time, loading and shooting. I passed one poor fellow with a ball through his leg, bathing in a hole of water. He looked up at us and said, "Go ahead Johnnies, the Yanks are running like ——!" The further we went the more stubborn the enemy became, but there was no stopping the Stonewall men. Just at dusk they made a bold stand in the edge of heavy woods, where they had thrown up some good breastworks, but we made no stop, but forced them on. As it was dark we soon came to a halt. The best of my recollection is that we must have been on this charge one and a half hours. When we stopped I found I had strayed off from my company, but I soon found them standing on the plank road, telling, as soldiers will, what each one had seen, how many rounds each one had shot, etc. While waiting we heard the clatter of horses' hoofs, and well does any old soldier know how we felt to think of a cavalry charge in the night. Soon we heard the clanking of sabers; then we momentarily expected the dash of cavalry upon us. Our officers gave orders to all that had loaded guns to fire when they came near enough, and all that had empty ones to prepare to receive a cavalry charge. On they came, closer and closer, until they seemed to be almost upon us. Being in the woods and dark, we could not see them, but we fired one volley. Only those fired that were immediately in the road, and all was still as death.

Soldier like, we were delighted to find that they had stopped and were easing their way back. But O! it was not so. It was Stonewall Jackson. Better would it have been had every hand that pulled a trigger to a loaded gun that night fallen dead than taken part in that disastrous killing. Immediately after the rain stopped the charge at dark Jackson rode in between the lines to find out where the enemy was (history gives it as a supposition that he intended making one of his night charges). One of his aids telling him they were among the Yankees, they turned and put spurs for our line, but were met by a shower of balls and death.

The Girls Play a Prank.

From the Washington Critic.

A prank was played upon one of the new members of Congress the other day by a couple of young ladies that "broke him all up." He has lodgings in one of the long row of fac-simile houses on East Capitol street, and fearing that he would forget his number he tied a piece of red tape on the gate as he wended his way to his $5,000 seat. A pair of pretty, mischievous maidens witnessed the proceeding from an adjacent window and wickedly resolved to have fun. They tripped out a few minutes later, and taking the red string with them tied it on a gate two or three numbers above, and returned to their elegant eyrie. About 5 o'clock the member came sauntering down the sidewalk in search of his string. It caught his eye, and his expression brightened and his step grew elastic at the thought of his cosy chamber. He walked to the front door, and finding it unlocked walked upstairs to his room, as he thought, and made himself at home. He pulled his shoes off and was warming his toes, when in walked a lady, and seeing the shaggy stranger she demanded the whys and wherefores. The gallant Member thought she was "guying" him, and undertook to joke her. She would not have it, however, and had to threaten to call a "cop" before she could speed the parting guest. The whole household had gathered in the meantime, and the Member put on his number nines in confusion worse confounded and "cussed" the day he was sent to Congress. He hires a boy to take him home now. Another case of red tape.

Varnish for Turkey Legs.

Paris Dispatch to London Telegraph.

When the average householder, or his cook, who proceeds to the Paris markets for domestic provender is offered embalmed geese, turkeys with painted legs, and diseased chickens, instead of healthy and untainted poultry, it is time for the police to interfere in the interest of the public. Recent researches have shown that a considerable trade is done in diseased fowl in all the Paris markets, and a short time ago a brawny fort de la Halle, or market porter, died from blood-poisoning, caused, as the doctors averred, by the bite of a large insect which had been battening on some turkeys. The practice of embalming fowl or dressing up long-demised birds so as to make them look fresh is of comparatively modern origin, but that of painting the legs of turkeys is as old as the days of Privat d'Anglemont. The first person in the field in this department of industry was a Pere Chapellier, who made a little fortune out of it. He noticed that the legs of turkeys were brilliantly black for one day after they had been killed, and that then they became a dusky-brown color. He accordingly invented a peculiar kind of varnish, the secret of which he sold with profit on retiring from business, and with this he touched up the legs of the birds that remained unsold for any considerable length of time. His services were requisitioned in every market, and the effect of his varnish was so conclusive that it deceived the most experienced cooks and housekeepers, who often bought painted turkeys in preference to birds of the same species which had been newly killed. It would be well if the poultry purveyors of the present day confined themselves to this comparatively pious fraud.

The Monastery Where Chartreuse Is Made.

From the Boston Globe.

One of the chief points of interest in Naples is the Convento Frati of San Martino, situated on the hill from which the fortress of St. Elmo frowns. It is one of the sixty monasteries which once existed in Naples, and is the only one which still supports a small band of monks. These Brothers of the Order of St. Francis are permitted to occupy a part of the building for the utilitarian reason that they are in the secret of the manufacture of chartreuse. These few remaining Carthusians still ply their fragrant trade, and those of you who only know the bland and fervent cordial through your purveyors at home have slight idea of the bliss of tasting its nectar, drawn directly from the glass barrel that is always kept filled for strangers who pass that way. The monastery is one of the richest in Europe. The wood-carvings of the sacristy alone would make it famous. The paintings are almost all excellent, the treasures in the museum indubitable, and the chapel, with its Oriental alabaster, rare marbles, marvelous inlayings and precious stones, seems to blossom out from the fretted altar, with its great ruby set into the marble as if the gem were to fasten all that lacework of wrought stone like a petrified flower.

She Has Web Feet.

From the Portland News.

A gentleman living in Albina tells the Albina *Courier* man of a girl born at Eola near Independence, who is web-footed, for a fact. The girl is now 19 years of age, and lives at a little town on the Oregon Railway & Navigation.

Shortly before her birth, and when her parents were residing at Eola, her mother, who was a new comer to the Pacific coast, was continually making sport of web feet. She took every occasion to ridicule their manners, customs and habits. Frequently her neighbors laughingly told her to beware, for she was liable to raise a family of web feet herself.

Undoubtedly some of these retorts caused a deep impression on her mind. At any rate about the first thing the mother inquired about when the child was born was in regard to the babe's feet. Much to her surprise and disgust the infant was found to be webfooted.

During the girl's childhood the peculiarity of her lower extremities was well known among her near neighbors, but since she has attained womanhood the fact has been carefully concealed. She is to-day a handsome girl, wears a small shoe, and with the exception of the webs between the toes, has as shapely a foot as any young lady.

Imitation Rubies.

Paris Dispatch to London Telegraph.

Golconda and similar places have been famous for their precious gems, but if the experiments of two Paris chemists—MM. Fremy and Verneuil—be universally imitated there is a probability that those distant spots will be outdone completely by jewel-producing centers much nearer home. MM. Fremy and Verneuil have just informed the Academy of Sciences that they have succeeded thoroughly in producing real rubies by artificial means. They began their experiments about a year ago, but the results obtained in March last were not quite conclusive. Their crystals were formed of pure aluminum, colored with chromium or bi-chromate of potash, and they subjected them to a rigid analysis, which showed that their crystalline form was regular, their transparency perfect, and that, in fact, the hardness and the brilliancy of real rubies were combined in them. M. Des Cloizeaux, a well-known chemist, who examined the artificial rubies with a microscope, declared that they recalled vividly to him the natural formation of the real minerals. The artificial productions were also subjected to the test used for proving diamonds.

Curious Beings in Sonoma County.

From the San Francisco Examiner.

Mention was lately made of a wild woman in the nothern portion of Sonoma County, who refuses to live in a house, will not eat food unless forced to, and roams over the mountains as the companion of cattle. Her name is Mary Ferry. Her father, John Ferry, is a wealthy ranch-owner, living nine miles west of Cloverdale. People living in that region say that the life of Mary Ferry is a charmed one. She is said to have often been in close proximity to bears, and they would not harm her.

Sonoma County has other curiosities. On a ranch near Ferry's there lives a family consisting of husband and wife and five children. The children all speak a strange language of gibberish, which neither the parents nor any one else outside of the children themselves can understand.

A dog belonging to John Ferry is also a good curiosity for a circus. It works inside a large wheel, connected with Ferry's dairy by a large leather band, and thereby churns all the butter made at the ranch. On some occasions the butter which the dog churns amounts to 200 pounds weekly.

What Life Is Like.

My life is like the summer rose
That opens to the morning sky,
But, ere the shades of evening close,
Is scattered on the ground—to die.

But, on the rose's humble bed
The sweetest dews of night are shed,
As if she wept such waste to see;
But none shall weep a tear for me.

My life is like the autumn leaf
That trembles in the moon's pale ray,
Its hold is frail, its date is brief,
Restless, and soon to pass away.

Yet, ere that leaf shall fall and fade,
The parent tree shall mourn its shade;
The winds bewail the leafless tree,
But none shall breathe a sigh for me.

My life is like the print which feet
Have left on Tampa's desert strand,
Soon as the rising tide shall beat,
This track will vanish from the sand.

Yet still, as grieving to efface
All vestige of the human race,
On that lone shore loud moans the sea,
But none shall e'er lament for me.

RICHARD HENRY WILDE.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Name.	Residence.
Frank X. Meier	2604 Lucas av
Helena Froike	Bunker Hill, Ill
Gabriel Wittelshofer	Smith Center, Kan
Caroline Landecker	1826 Rutger st
William Brandt	1517 Chestnut st
Caroline Scharfenberg	2825 N. 9th st
Frederick Faser	3811 N. 8th st
Sophia Hellmer	4507 N. 20th st
John Lilich	South St. Louis
Nina Brisch	South St. Louis
Henry Grundmeyer	2704 McNair av
Laura Carrow	St. Francois County
Siegfried Widmer	1426 Chambers st
Annie Riemenschnider	1712 N. 14th st
Andrew Evans	3650 Chouteau av
Catherine Courtney	3624 Olive st

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING-RINGS, Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices. *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Hugh, son of P. and Rose Killimite, March 17; 2012 Dickson street.
Adolph, son of Adolph and Rose Eickermann, March 18; 2122 Randolph street.
Minnie, daughter of George and Lottie Erder, March 18; 710 Park avenue.
Frances, daughter of Henry and Emma Lamoour, March 18; 3916 South Broadway.
——, daughter of Frank and Mary Maurath, March 20; 900 Hickory street.
——, son of Morris and Flora Van Raalte, March 21; 2209 Walnut street.
Joseph, son of Joseph and Sophie Eichorn, March 20; 7105 Virginia avenue.
Katherina, daughter of Thomas and Geneva Anderson, March 19; 1723 Elliott avenue.
Ollie, son of Louis and Minnie Jost, March 15; 2348 Dodier street.
James, son of James and Rose Cline, March 12; 4303 Garfield avenue.
Walter, son of Walter and Bridget Kiley, March 20; 2411 Vandeventer avenue.
Anna Maria, daughter of William and Louise Wolf, March 18; 3743 Cass avenue.
——, son of George and Theresa Gaers, March 19; 816 Ann avenue.
——, son of Frank and Geneva Bascon, March 16; 1604 Franklin avenue.
John Anton, son of George and Adeline Mues, March 14; 1423 Carr street.
Louis, son of R. and H. Grimmeyer, March 15; 1542 North Fifteenth street.
Raymond, son of Henry and Emma Freytag, March 16; 1504 Cass avenue.
Emma, daughter of Henry and Emma Brockstedt, March 15; 2218 Oregon avenue.
Lily Ann, daughter of Andrew and Martha Buckly, March 6; 1314 St. Ange avenue.
Pearly, daughter of Herman and Katie Busse, March 19; 2321 Menard street.
Josephine, daughter of Byron and Gussie Johnson, March 15; 1114 South Eleventh street.
Michael, son of Francis and Sarah McFarland, March 16; 1508 Chestnut street.
Joseph, son of Michael and Ann Donnellen, March 19; 110 South Fourteenth street.
Lizzie, daughter of Edward and Laura O'Shea, March 12; 1533 Singleton street.
Mary Agnes, daughter of Herman and Agnes Osterman, March 13; 1514 Cass avenue.
Else, daughter of Henry and Mathilde Dettmer, March 9; 1116 South Eighth street.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Charles Gilgenberg, 34 years, St. Vincent's Institution; paralysis.
Alice F. Snowam, 1 year, 2341 Hickory street; ceretritis.
Mary Maloney, 38 years, Female Hospital; stricture.
Frederika Sunge, 40 years, 1931 Lemp avenue; intussusceptio.
Edward Gaines, 58 years, St. John's Hospital; valvular disease of heart.
Minnie Wuestefeld, 7 years, 1128 North Eleventh street; meningitis.
August Wm. Kochler, 37 years, 2217 Salisbury street; pneumonia.
Katie F. Feydt, 4 years, 207 Anna street; diphtheria.
Harry Beckmeyer, 8 months, 2242 North Market street; meningitis.
Harry Bradshaw, 3 years, 2232 North Market street; diphtheria.
Florence Ferdinand Rethwilm, 8 months, 3116 Easton avenue; spasms.
Joseph R. Sinclaire, 4 months, 2209 St. Charles street; bronchitis.
Harry Selb, 6 years, Dolore street near Grand avenue; diphtheria.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Edw. G. Callagan to George L. Leighton, 455 ft. 11 in. on Columbia st., U. S. survey 2037; warranty deed	$ 2,000
Mari L. Smith to Andrew J. Naughton, 41 ft. 8 in. on Bacon st., city block 1885; quitclaim deed	2
Wm. H. Horton and wife to Wm. O. Sievers, 100 ft. on Horton place, city block 3829; warranty deed	1,800
Alex. Magee and wife to Magee, Lattimore and La Berge Manufacturing Co., 50 ft. on Walnut st., city block 1669, and personal property; warranty deed	7,500
Henry Troel and wife to Lizzie Tiedemann, 30 ft. on Aubert st., city block 3769, warranty deed	400
Joshua Risch and wife to Wm. Scherzer, 33 ft. on Lynch st., city block 1409; warranty deed	1,125
Byron L. Smith and wife to Andrew J. Naughton, 41 ft. 8 in. on Bacon st., city block 1885; warranty deed	1,166
August F. Zelle to Ella Strong, 50 ft. on Semple av. and Goodfellow av.; warranty deed	500
Lizzie Frazier et al. to James Burnes, 25 ft. on Elliott av., city block 1901; quitclaim deed	250
Frederick G. Zelbig to Mary C. Hunt, several lots in Hunt's Forest Park subdivision; quitclaim deed	1
James T. Kennedy to Mary G. Schloemer, 25 feet on Obear av., city block 2477; warranty deed	500
Jerome F. P. Casey et al. to James Brannigan, 25 ft. on Lucky st., city block 1869; warranty deed	7,550
William A. Rosenthal and wife to William Koerner and wife; 20 ft. on Broadway, city block 324; warranty deed	4,400
Ernst L. Wagner and wife to Laura McD. Haven, 50 ft. on Delmar av., city block 4572; warranty deed	8,525

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.
SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,
Stock and Bond Brokers,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.
Granite Mountain, Small Hopes, Hope and Adams mining stocks bought and sold.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 23, 11 a. m.—The stock market at the opening this morning was only moderately active and the first sales were made at irregular changes from the closing figures of last evening, though the differences in no case exceeded ⅜ per cent either way. The market was heavy to weak in the early dealings and small fractions were lost throughout the list, but the only important losses were New England ¾ and Missouri Pacific and Reading ⅝ per cent each. Later the market rallied and the early losses were generally regained and in some cases small fractions in addition, though the three stocks mentioned were rather sluggish. The market then became steady at the improvement, remaining without further feature. At 11 o'clock the market was quiet and firm at the best prices of the hour.

Noon.—Money is easy at 2@3 per cent. Bar silver 94⅛. The stock market displayed a firm tone for a short time only after 11 o'clock, when prices again receded, though the movement was for insignificant fractions only. The activity then disappeared entirely and the list became dull and stagnant, without feature of any kind. Late in the hour, however, there was again more animation and considerable weakness, Missouri Pacific and St. Paul each losing ¾ per cent. About noon the market was fairly active and weak, at or near the lowest prices of the morning.

3 p. m.—The stock market closed quiet at fractions above the lowest figure of the day.

BOSTON, March 23.—Mexican 4s, 65¼@65½c common, 13¼@13½c; Huron, 4¼@4½c; Allouez, 1½@1⅝c; Calumet, 2.38@2.40.

Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Son, Stock, Bond and Exchange Brokers, 313 North Third street.

New York	75c prem.
Chicago	25c Prem.
Cincinnati	Par.
Louisville	Par.
New Orleans	50c off.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, banker and broker, 307 Pine street.

	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. BONDS.				
3 ⅌ cent bonds	......	M. A. N. & F.	100⅛	100⅜
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	107	108
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	125⅝	125⅞
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	101⅛	101½
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	110½	111
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July.	104	106
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	117½	118
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July.	113	114
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	108	113¼
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	106	111¼
K. P. D. Ex. 6s.	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105¼
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	103	103½
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	107¼	108½
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec.	100	101
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	100½	101
City 4s sterling, 20s	1905	June and Dec.	102	103
City 5s sterling, 10-20s	1900	June and Dec.	102¾	103¼
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July.	109	110
City 6s gold	1892—93	Various	109	109⅜
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec.	117	118
City 6s water	1899	June and Dec.	105	106
City 6s water	1892	April and Oct.	106¼	106¾
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec.	106	106⅜
County 6s gold	1893—96	Jan. and July.	113	114
County Park	1905	April and Oct.	124	125

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,793,406
Balances	642,304

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 N. 3d st., St. Louis.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	50¾	51	50⅝	50¾
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	78	78⅜	77¾	77⅞
Central Pacific				
Chi., St. P., M. & O.	35	35	34⅝	35
do pfd				
C., R. I. & P.				
C., B. & Q.	123½	123¼	122¾	122¾
C., M. & St. P.	74¾	75¼	73⅞	74⅛
C. & N. W. com	107⅛	107⅛	106⅜	106⅜
Cotton Oil Trust	26½	26½	25⅞	26
Del., Lack. & W	127⅝	128⅛	127⅝	127½
Del. & Hudson	106½	106½	105¾	105¾
Den. & Rio Grande				
East Tenn. com				
do pfd				
Erie com	23⅜	23¾	23⅛	23⅛
do pfd				
do 2d mtg bonds	95¾	95¾	95⅛	95⅜
Ft. W. & Den				
Hocking Valley				
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
Ind., B. & W.	10½			10½
Lake Shore	89⅛	89⅝	88⅞	89
Louis. & Nash	53⅝	54	53⅛	53¼
Mich. Central	78			78
Mo. Pacific	76	76⅜	74½	75
Mo., Kan. & Tex	12¼	12¼	11⅝	11⅝
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	85½	85½	85	85
New York & New England	30¾	31⅜	30¼	31¼
New York Central	104⅝	104¾	104⅝	104¾
Norfolk & Western com				
do do pfd	43¼	43¼	43	43
Northern Pacific com	20¾			20¾
do do pfd	43⅛			43¼
Ohio Southern				
Oregon & Transcontinental	18	18¾	17⅞	18¾
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co.				
Ohio & Mississippi com	19	19	18½	18½
Pacific Mail	31¾	31¾	31	31¼
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	17			17
Philadelphia & Reading	60⅝	60½	59¼	59⅝
Pullman Palace Car	138½			138½
Richmond Terminal				
St. Paul & Duluth com	48			48
do do pfd				
St. L. & San F. com	29			29
do 1st pfd				
do 2d pfd	66½	66½	65	65
St. P., M. & Man	98	98¼	98	98¼
Texas & Pacific	21	21½	20⅞	21½
Union Pacific	52¾	53⅜	51⅞	51¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	12½			12¼
do do pfd	21½			21½
Western Union Tel. Co	73¾	74¼	73⅛	73¼
West Shore bonds	101⅜	101⅜	101¼	101⅜

COMMERCIAL.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Mch.	81⅝	....	....	80⅛ n
April	81⅝	....	....	80⅛ n
May.	81⅝	81¾	79⅞	80⅛
June	80¼	80	78¾	79 n
July.	77⅛@¼	77	76⅛	76⅛ b
Aug.	77¼	77	76¼@⅜	76⅛ b
Dec.	81½	81⅛	80½@⅝	80⅝ b
CORN.				
Mch.	44	....	....	44 b
April	44	....	....	44⅛ b
May.	45@⅛	45	44⅝	44¾
June	45½@⅝	....	....	45⅛ b
July.	46⅛	45⅞	45¾	45¾
Aug.	46½	....	....	....
OATS.				
Mch.	....	....	....	....
May.	28⅞	28⅞@29	28¾	28¾@⅞

CHICAGO:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May.	77⅝	77⅝@½	76⅜	76⅜@½@¼
CORN.				
May.	50⅛	50½	49½	49¾@⅞
OATS.				
May.	30½	30¼	30⅛	30¼@⅜
PORK.				
May.	13.87	13.85	13.75	13.80
LARD.				
May.	7.52	7.55	7.50	7.52
SHORT RIBS.				
May.	7.20	7.20	7.15	7.17 b

NEW YORK—Wheat—April, 88⅜c a; May, 88¾c b; June, 87¾c a; July, 87⅛c; December, 90¼c a. Corn—April, 59¾c; May, 58¼c; June, 57¼c; July, 57½c; August, 57¾c.
TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 82⅝c; June, 82⅝c; July, 80⅛c; August, 79⅝c.
DULUTH—Wheat—May, 76⅛c a; June, 77⅝c; July, 78¼c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	6,326	32,945	3,290	37,295
Milwaukee	22,325	2,800	1,545	......
Baltimore	3,900	13,078	8,000	41,334
Toledo	6,704	3,929	5,058	1,000
New York	2,750	37,300	48,740	560
Chicago	27,884	269,144	8,558	109,629
Kansas City	1,000	1,900	6,500	4,500
Detroit	9,428	......	3,900	1,067
Duluth	24,238	......	......	......
Minneapolis	55,860	......	......	......
Philadel'hia	3,391	6,594	7,433	1,857

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	1,930,569	1,967,454	693,201	6,045	19,677
Yes'dy	1,974,445	1,994,074	741,951	6,514	20,274
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	1,523,745	1,156,896	562,469	4,269	......
Yes'dy	1,546,664	1,158,130	632,332	4,729	......

Withdrawals From Elevators for Twenty-Four Hours Ending Yesterday.

Wheat—City mills, 49,114 bu; rail shipment, 3,674 bu; river, —— bu; total, 50,839 bu. Corn—City, 18,708 bu; rail shipment, 15,807 bu; river, —— bu; total, 50,839 bu. Oats—City, 15,028 bu; rail shipment, 2,500 bu; river, 86,568 bu; total, 54,096 bu. Rye—City, 469 bu. Barley—City, 597 bu.

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION—CLOSING 1 P. M.

There is a promise of clear warmer weather. The buds will soon bloom on the tree and big crops and lower markets together will make money for you and for me.—[From A. Byron Cole's Address to His Customers.—Winter wheat reports are conflicting, but so far indicate an average yield. Texas has had fine rains and looks for the largest crop ever raised. Tennessee's crop promises to be excellent, as few reports of damage are heard. Kentucky says her early-sown wheat is in fine condition, but the late-sown looks unpromising and probably will not make more than a half crop. Illinois and Indiana reports are the worst received, the early sown wheat having sustained considerable damage, it is thought, and the late sown will yield very little. Both Missouri and Kansas generally note good promises, with damage to only a few sections. In Iowa there is considerable snow on the ground, when at this time last year considerable wheat had been sown. It will take a couple of weeks of warm spring weather before any just conclusion as to the crop's condition can be arrived at.—New York to W. L. Green: "Cables wheat depressed; improvement impracticable, as prospective supplies too heavy; corn, steadier tone." To Fath—Ewald: "London and Liverpool grain markets quiet and unchanged."—So far this week it looks as though the next visible of wheat would show a small increase. Last year for same week it decreased over 1,000,000 bushels.—New York *Mail and Express* says: It is a fact that about all the sales of cash wheat this winter for export or milling by the receivers have been replaced by buying May wheat, and it is alleged that the short interest in this way is 3,000,000 bu at least, to say nothing of the large speculative lines. The stock of No. 2 red is 2,500,000 and steadily decreasing, but there is considerable No. 1 hard here held as "identity preserved" grain, which would come out if May wheat was cornered, and in May winter wheat will begin to arrive from the West, and during the last of May hard wheat will arrive from Duluth, if there is an ordinarily early opening of lake navigation. A good-sized short interest might, however, make some little trouble. After the noon call May——The bears to-day bagged one line of long wheat they have been gunning for here, the party holding it selling 200,000 May at 80¼c, and he did it very quietly, 'so as not to break the market."—An English authority states that the average price of wheat in England from 1541 to 1582 was 13s 10½d per quarter, and oats 5s 5½d per quarter. From 1583 to 1642 agricultural laborers were almost invariably paid only 8d per day.—Between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 May wheat was traded in during the forenoon session.

Wheat again fell out of bed, this morning seeing May break to a lower point than it has been before since the December boom was inagurated. The bears seem to have lost all respect for this option, and they sell it with the same temerity that they exhibited but a short time ago in the way they sold the new crop months. These latter they are rather slow about putting out at their present figure, and the idea is becoming more and more prevalent that July will sell up to near May in price. May is believed to be entirely too high where, as compared with other markets, and as the cash demand has dwindled and the stock is running down slowly the desire to sell this option increases. There was any amount for sale this morning and trading was active and heavy. A decline in all the outside markets and bright and moderating weather started the crowd to slinging wheat. The usual bears were prominent, with Ewald probably the heaviest seller, having large orders from New York and Chicago, but Carter, Ryan, Thyson, Puff and others conspicuous in that side, and quite an amount of long stuff was let go of. Principal buying was by S. W. Cobb & Co., who bought largely, said to be short wheat in the main, but Will Garden stated that all their buying was on outside orders. There was no encouragement from Europe, the public cables noting a firm tone, but all private cables unfavorable. It was a quick decline from 81⅝c at opening to 80⅛c, but from this as quickly rallied, soon reaching 81⅛@¼c. There was no holding the market up, however, as another tumble in price took place, and this drop swamped numerous bulls, a large amount being sold out for long account. Among this was one lot of 200,000 that was sold out at 80¼c. This was as low as May got and afterwards there was a small reaction, but the selling kept up just as lively as ever. The close was at 80⅛c and 1¼c below yesterday. Trading was active in the new crop options, but all together did not compare in magnitude with May. After the first hour there was more disposition shown to sell them, too, and they sold down nearly 1c below yesterday. At the lower prices there was more doing in spot No. 2 red, the May price being paid for all that sold. One lot of 15,000 was taken for shipment by a Southern mill and local millers took 38,000.

Corn could not hold its own against wheat as a speculative article, the latter being entirely too interesting for the crowd of local traders to turn their intention elsewhere. Trading was fair, but of a desultory nature, this market only occasionally coming upon the stage and doing its little act. It was affected by the break in wheat and also by a decline in Chicago, but there was steady buying all the time that prevented much of a break. At one time May sold as low as 44⅝c, but it speedily reacted and during the last half-hour was strong and advancing under stimulating advices from other centers, finally selling at 45c. At the close there were buyers at 45@45⅛c, which was the same as yesterday. Order dealers bought more freely of spot grades, paying about steady prices for all, save white, which were again lower and the slowest sale. A lot of 50,000 No. 2 sold in C. for export, also. No. 2, 44½@44¾c in M., 44¾@45c in St. L. and C., 44¾c bid for E. and U.; No. 3, 43¾c in M. and C., 44c in M., 44¼c in E., 44⅜c in U.; No. 4, 3, in C. and bid for U.; No. 2 white, 48¼@48⅜c in U., 48⅜c in E., 49c in C. and bid for St. L.; No. 3 do, 46¾@47c in U., 47c in C, 47½c in V.; No grade, 40c bid.

Oats were remarkable for the firmness they displayed in the face of the depression prevailing in the other markets. This was ascribable entirely to a demand from shorts, who readily took all that was offered for sale. It seemed impossible to weaken the market, as for every five offered there was a quick taker. Shorts have bought so freely of late that the shortage has been very much reduced. May ranged between 28¾c and 28⅞@29c, and closed firm at 28⅞c. Sales were small of cash grades, as there was only a light order demand, but full prices were obtained. No. 2, 29¾@30c in M, 29¾c in C.

Rye—There was only a bid of 61c for grade No. 2 and none was offered.

Barley steady and quiet, with only a few sales to local brewers. Quotations: Rejected, 60c; No. 3, 65c; medium to prime, 70@75c; choice, 80@82c; fancy state, 85@87½c.

Flour was very flat and weak. Buyers were claimining 5@10c concessions, but as there was very little demand sellers did not feel justified in allowing lower prices. Quotations: XXX, $2.50@2.60; family, $2.80@3.00; choice, $3.15@3.40; fancy, $3.65@3.80; extra do, $3.85@4.00; patents, $4.10@4.30. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Bran steady and demand fair. Sacked this side 78c for city f. o. b. and 79c for country and East track, 79½c f. o. b.

Hay steady and demand fair from local trade. Prices ranged this side: Prairie, $10@12.50 for prime to fancy; mixed timothy, $13@15; timothy, $14@16 for prime to choice, and $17@18 for fancy. East side stock sells lower.

Provisions still very dull and only a small order trade. No round lots offering. Loose 30-day dry salt f. o. b., on cash orders—Shoulders, 5¾@6c; longs, 7.10c; c'ribs, 7.20c; shorts, 7.40c. Packed bacon—Shoulders, 6⅜c; longs, 7⅞c; c'ribs, 7.90@7.95c, shorts, 8⅛@8.20c. New standard mess job lots, $14.12½ f. o. b. Prime steam lard, 7.15c this and 7.20c East side; fancy leaf, 8c, second brand, 7⅝c. C. s. c. hams, 10@12c. Breakfast bacon, 10@12c. Beef, family, 6@9c ⅌ bbl; on orders, higher; $4@5.50 ⅌ half bbl; dried, 10@12½; selected, 14c ⅌ lb; smoked tongues, $4.05@5 ⅌ doz. Tallow—Prime in oil bbls, 4¼c, and choice, 4½@4⅝c; choice cake, 4¾c: No. 2, 4@4¼c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2@3½c; white, 4@5c. Salt—Domestic, $1.05 ⅌ bbl. on East and $1.10 this side. Ground alum, $1.10@2.25 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.09 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria, $1.15 in Chicago.

Lead better and strong in sympathy with an advance in New York. It was stated that a round lot refined sold for shipment on basis of $4.90 here and for 100 tons $4.87½ was bid. Common was worth $4.85.

Afternoon Board.

The opening of wheat and corn was firmer, but this strength soon disappeared and gave way to demoralization in wheat, which broke below 80c for May. Trading was very heavy and the close weak.

Cotton.

Liverpool held firm about all day, for though arrivals closed below the top, they were the same as yesterday, while spots were reported as stiffening and in fair demand. New York, on the contrary, was on the down grade. Spots were easy and futures declined. The local market was quiet and unchanged. Sales 452 bales.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7 3-16c; ordinary, 7⅞c; good ordinary, 8 11-16c; low middling, 9 3-16c; middling, 9½c; good middling, 9⅞c; middling fair, 10¼c; fair, ——; stained, ⅛@¼c lower than white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 846 bales; since September 1, 1887, 483,775 bales, against 399,976 same time last season; shipments to-day 808 bales; since September 1, 1887, 420,892 bales, against 363,238 bales same time last season; net receipts since September 1, 1887, 243,484 bales, against 247,840 bales for same time last season; stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 67,023 bales, against 46,754 bales.

CLOSING COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK—Middling, 10c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	2:18 To-day.
March	9.73	9.71	9.66	9.66
April	9.73	9.75	9.67	9.67
May	9.86	9.85	9.79	9.79
June	9.96	9.95	9.88	9.88
July	10.03	10.02	9.95	9.95
August	10.06	10.07	10.00	10.00
September	9.78	9.78	9.71	9.71
October	9.56	9.56	9.50	9.50
November	9.46	9.46	9.41	9.41
December	9.48	9.47	9.42	9.42
January	9.00	9.54	9.49	9.49
	Steady. 133,900 bales.		Easy. 96,100 bales.	

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 5-16d; Orleans, 5⅜d.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
March	5.16	5.18
March and April	5.18	5.18
April and May	5.18	5.18
May and June	5.20	5.20
June and July	5.21	5.21
July and August	5.23	5.22
August and September	5.23	5.22
September	5.15	5.12
September and October	5.23	5.22
	Quiet.	Barely steady.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Firm. $3@3.50 for Eastern per bbl.
DRIED FRUIT—Steady; sun-dried apples, 6½@7c; evaporated, 6½@8½c; cores and peelings, 1@1¼c. Peaches, 7¾@8¼c for mixed to halves. Blackberries, 8½@9c per lb.
POTATOES—Firm. Quote at 90c@$1 for Northern; Utah, $1@1.15; Colorado, $1.10@1.20; Eastern, $1@1.12½.
ONIONS—Firm. Prime, $1.75@1.90 per bu and $4.50@5 per bbl.
NEW SOUTHERN VEGETABLES—Bermuda tomatoes, 75@90c per peck box; cabbage, $3.50@5 per crate; turnips, $2.25@2.35 per bbl; beets, $4.25@4.50 per bbl and $1.25@1.50 per bu; carrots, $2.50 per crate and 25c per ⅓-bu box; celery, 50@65c and cucumbers 90c@$1 per doz; green onions, 30@40c per ⅓-box; spinach $3 and kale $2.75 per bbl; lettuce, $4.00 per bbl; radishes, 35@40c per ⅓-bu boxes.
STRAWBERRIES—Choice Florida, $9@10 per 32-quart case and Louisiana $4 per 3-gal case.
BUTTER—Receipts, 29,312 lbs. Good local demand for choice and fancy stock, offerings small and prices firm. We quote: Creamery—Good to choice, 25@27c; fancy selections, 28@30c. Dairy—Common to choice near-by, 13½@17c; medium and good, 18@22c; choice and fancy, 23@25c to 26c; roll near-by, 12@17c for common to choice, and choice Northern, 18@21c.
CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream, 11¾c; Illinois do, 10@10½c; young America, 13c, skims, 5@8c.
EGGS—Receipts, 1,697 pkgs. Firm and ready sale, ranging from 13½ to 14c per dozen.
GAME—Steady. Duck—Mixed, $1; teal, $1.50; mallard, $2.40 for undrawn and $2 for drawn; canvas back, $5; snipe, $1.75; plover, 90c; sand pipers, 25c; wild pigeon, 75c
LIVE POULTRY—Better. Chickens, $2.50@3.25; ducks, $2.50@; geese, $3 50@4.50 per doz; turkeys, 9@9½c per lb; pigeons, $1.50; spring chickens, $4@5 per dozen.
VEAL—Quiet. Choice at 5@5½c; poor at 3@3½; heretics, 2@2½.
GRASS SEED—Clover, $3.70@3.80; timothy, $2.40@2.46; red top, 50@55c; mixed and white millet, 60@70c; German millet, $1@1.15; Hungarian, 65@75c.
FLAXSEED—Prime sold higher at $1.42.
CASTOR BEANS—Prime quotable at $1.25.
HEMP SEED—Worth $1.15 pure test.
HIDES—Slow. We quote: Green salted—Cured at 6c for No. 1, and 4c for No. 2; side branded and bulls, 3¼c; all uncured, 1c ⅌ lb less; "pepper boxes" and glue stock at 2½c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 11½c; No. 2 at 8½c; dry salted at 8c; damaged at 6c; bulls and stag flint, 7c; salted, 5c; glue and "pepper boxes," 5c; fallen stock, 7½@8c round.
SHEEP SKINS—Green—Large, 80c; small to medium, 30@60c; shearlings, 10@25c. Dry—Large, 90c; small to medium, 20@50c; shearlings, 5@15c.
DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 37c; damaged, etc., one-third off; antelope skins, 20@22c; goat, 10@35c each.
BROOM CORN—Sales ranged at 2@5c for fair to 3¼@3½c for choice; crooked and damaged, half price.
FEATHERS—Firm. Prime live geese at 40@41c, top rates for small sacks; prime gray at 30@32c; mixed, old, etc., 10@30c; chicken (dry picked), 2@4c; duck, 20c; tare, 3 and 10 per cent. Turkey (packed in boxes)—Long tail, 15c; do wing, 8c; shore, 5c; body almost worthless.
BEESWAX—22½c for choice.
FURS—Quiet and easy. Quotations:

	Large No. 1.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	75	60	40	25	10
Mink	40	35	25	15	5
Fox	85	70	50	25	10
Otter	6 00	5 00	3 00	1 50	50
Beaver	5 50	4 00	2 50	1 00	25

SKUNK.

Black	80	Short	55
Narrow	40	Broad	10
Opossum	5@20	Pole and house cat	5@10
Muskrat	5@20	Wolf—Prairie	10@90
Skunk—Open Ter	25@35	Badger	10@75
Wild cat	5@30	Bear	25@$8

Uncased mink, fox, otter, skunk, opposum, muskrat, cats and badger 10@20 per cent less. Scabs worthless.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Wheat opened firm and advanced ⅛c, but soon weakened and settled back ¼@⅜c, with a moderate business; receipts, 2,750 bu; sales, 8,000 bu No. 2 red March, 88 15-16, 8,000 bu do April, 89⅛c; 1,672,000 bu do May, 89@89⅝c; 1,624,000 bu do June, 88¼@88 13-16c; 96,000 bu do August, 86¾@87⅛c; 424,000 bu do December, 90⅛@91c. Corn ¼@½c lower and heavy; mixed Western spot, 58½@61c; futures, 56@58½c; receipts, 37,300 bu; sales, 696,000 bu. Oats a shade easier and dull; Western, 37@47c; receipts, 45,000; sales, 70,000. Beef dull; new extra mess, $7@7.50. Pork firm; new mess, $15@15.25; old mess, $14.75@15. Lard quiet and easy; steam rendered, 7.95c. Butter in fair request and held firmly; Western, 14@31c; Elgin and Pennsylvania creamery, 32c; imitation creamery, 20@27c. Cheese firm at 11@12¼c, including fancy white, 12@12¼c; colored do, 11¾@12c. Sugar firm; crushed, 7¾c; powdered, 7c; granulated, 6¾c. Molasses steady; 50 test, 20½c. Coffee—Spot firm; fair Rio, 14c; options 20@40 points higher. Spirits turpentine steady at 38½c. Eggs—Western, 17¾@18c.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 23, 11 a. m.—All of the markets started out weak this morning, though the conditions surrounding them instead of being bearish were the reverse. The real cause of the weakness, judging from surface indications, was that the recent heavy slumps have put the professionals in the mood of selling on all of the strong spots and a little rally has no terrors for them. There was plenty of both wheat and corn for sale at the start to-day. May wheat opened at 77⅜@77½c, selling off in a few minutes to 77@77⅛c, and May corn opened at 50c, and eased off to 49⅝c. May pork opened at $13.82½. The May option is now quoted as follows: May wheat, 76⅝@76¾c; corn, 49¾c; oats, 30¼c; lard, $15.72½@15.75; short ribs, 7.50; pork, $13.80.

1 p. m.—Wheat steady; cash, 72c; April, 72⅛c; May, 76⅝c. Corn firmer; cash and April, 47¼; May, 50 7-16c. Oats firm; May, 30⅜c. Rye, May, 59½c. Barley—Nothing doing. Prime timothy, $2.60 Flax $1.45. Whisky $1.15. Pork steady; cash, $13.70; May, $13.82½. Lard steady; cash, 7.45c; May, 7.50c. May—Short ribs, 7.17½c. Butter firm; creamery, 25@30c; dairy, 23@24c. Eggs dull.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—Flour, quiet and unchanged; Corn meal, quiet, $2.75. Corn, steady; mixed, 60c; yellow, 60@61c; white, 60@61c. Oats, quiet; No. 2 39½@40c. Bran, quiet, unchanged. Hay quiet, unchanged. Provisions quiet. Pork, $14.50; cut meats, shoulders, 6.12½c; sides, 7.50c. Bacon, nominal, 8.25c; long clear sides, 8.15@20c. Hams, choice sugar-cured, 10¾@11¼c. Lard, refined tcs, 7c. Whisky, steady; unchanged. Exchange on New York, 75c; premium sight, none. Cotton spot, steady; net, 4,133. Gross, 4,631.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 23.—Wheat steady; No. 2 soft cash, 72½c; May, 74½c asked. Corn quiet; No. 2 cash, 42½c; April, 43c asked; May, 43c bid, 43¾c asked. Oats—No. 2 cash, no bids nor offerings; May, 29c bid; no offers. Rye—Nothing doing. Eggs, 12½c. Others unchanged.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull at 89½c. Corn weak at 52c. Oats dull at 33½c. Rye steady at 66c. Pork dull at 7.40c. Lard quiet; current make, 7.37½c. Bulk meats and bacon unchanged. Whisky steady; sales of 980 barrels on a basis of $1.09.

DETROIT, Mich., March 23.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 84c; No. 2 red, cash, 83c asked; May, 83⅜c; June, 83¼c; July, 81c. Corn—No. 2, 50c asked. Oats—No. 2, 33¼c bid; No. 2 white 35½c. Receipts—Wheat, 9,400 bu. Oats, 1,100 bu.

TOLEDO, March 23.—Wheat quiet and lower; cash, 82¾c; May and June, 83c; July, 80¼c; August, 80¼c. Corn firm; cash, 50c; May, 50⅛c. Oats quiet; May, 32½c bid. Cloverseed steady; cash, April, and May, $3.80 bid.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 23.—Wheat irregular; cash, 73¼c; March, 72¾c; May, 75¼c. Corn weak; No. 3, 45c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 33c. Rye quiet at 58c. Barley lower; No. 2, 59½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.—Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn unchanged. Receipts—Wheat, 7,000 bu.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 23.—Petroleum was fairly active, but weak. Prices opened at 93⅛c and at 1 o'clock 92½c was bid. The highest price was 93¼c and the lowest 92c.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—Petroleum firm, S. W. 110, 7¾.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, March 23.—3:30 p. m.—Close. Pork is in poor demand; prime mess, Eastern, 67s 6d, dull; do Western, 62s 6d, steady. Lard is in poor demand; spot, March, 38s 3d, dull; April and May, 38s 6d, dull. Wheat is in fair demand; new No. 2 winter, 6s 7½d, steady. do spring, 6s 7½d, steady. Flour is in poor demand at 9s, dull. Corn is in fair demand; spot and March 4s 7¼d firm; April and May, 4s 6½d, firm.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	132	2,125	2,708	41
Shipments	1,091	2,333	668	255

CATTLE—The pens were almost entirely bare of stock, consequently the market ruled dull and lifeless. Less than a dozen car-loads were offered and consisted mainly of common and light butcher stock. Buyers were in attendance, but none of them manifested much life, and it is safe to assert that they were not disappointed at finding so little stock on sale. The demand was limited and confined mainly to local speculators and the dressed beef buyers. Transfers were made mostly in retail lots. Perhaps had there been a fair supply of good, fat, native steers of 1,250 to 1,450 lbs offered Eastern shippers would have taken them at quotations, for heavy beeves are mighty scarce in the leading stock centers of the country. Country shippers are requested to make a note of this. The run of common stock to market has been too large, and prices have become demoralized in consequence.

Choice shippers, $4.75@4.90; good native shippers, $4.40@4.65; fair to medium shippers, $3.90@4.35; common shippers, $3.50@3.75; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.50; corn-fed Texas steers, $3.60@4.10; grass Texas steers, $3@3.75; cows and heifers, $1.50@3; butchers' bulls, $1.75@3.75; veal calves, $4@6.25 per head; fresh milk cows and calves, $15 to $35 per head.

Representative sales:
UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of cattle, St. [...] 1888:

No.	Description.
26	Southwest steers
13	native steers
16	Southwest steers
10	choice native cows and calves $3[...]
18	good native cows and halves $3[...]
14	fair native cows and calves $27 e[...]
23	good Southwest cows and calves $[...]
14	fair Southwest cows and calves $2[...]
19	common Southwest cows and calves
10	common Southwest cows and calves
117	retail from $2.50 to $4.25.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Description.
18	Southwest steers
14	native steers
15	Southwest oxen
22	native steers
20	yearling heifers
18	native steers
11	Southwest mixed
7	common natives
7	native steers
12	native heifers
5	Southwest steers

HOGS—Buyers made short work [...] ited offerings. About thirty car lo[...] the pens and before 10 a. m. they w[...] and weighed up. The demand fro[...] ent classes of buyers was fair, and [...] ble the number offered could have [...] were these in the pens. Many buy[...] curtail their operations. Outside [...] little can be said. Yorkers, $5.10@5[...] packing, $5@5.30; butchers and sel[...] $5.30@5.45; rough heavy, $4.50@5; p[...] 4.90.

Representative sales.
UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of hog[...] 1888:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.
67	236	$5 45	55	215
48	205	5 25	58	209
59	208	5 30	63	171
48	184	5 15	117	205
54	171	5 20	42	228
53	190	5 25	56	204
32	172	5 20	81	142
46	260	5 40	54	227
41	231	5 35	47	200

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.
63	232	$5 40	49	216
53	205	5 30	65	233
70	232	5 30	42	230
75	190	5 25	72	185
73	178	5 20	79	183
38	178	5 15	46	185
65	174	5 15	75	190
86	140	5 10	78	146
77	158	5 10	18	178
85	120	4 90	19	111
61	110	4 80	134	119
111	121	4 70		

SHEEP—Offerings moderate and ma[...] medium to fair sheep. Good to fancy m[...] scarce and wanted. Common and thin s[...] little slow. Prices range in extreme[...] $3.50@6.10 per 100 lbs.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of sheep, Ma[...] 1888:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.
30	119	$6 50	92	89
55	80	5 25	153	93
85	84	5 25	61	72
45	135	6 25	162	77

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra $[...]
Heavy draft, good
Drivers, extra
Drivers, good
Streeters, extra
Southern horses and mares
Plugs, extra, dull
Plugs, common, dull

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years, dull
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old
15½ hands, medium
15½ hands, extra
16 to 16½ hands, extra

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Hogs—Receipts, [...] market opened fairly active, and pri[...] higher, later ruled quiet and prices [...] slightly: Light, $5.20@5.40; rough pac[...] $5.20@5.30; mixed, $5.25@5.45; heavy pac[...] and shipping, $5.35@5.55. Cattle—Rece[...] 8,000; market slow; beeves, $3.30@5.50; c[...] $2@3.40; stockers, $2.30@3.60. Sheep—Recei[...] 5,500; market slow; natives, $4.50@6; W[...] erns, $5@5.90; Texans, $3.90@4.85; lambs, [...] @6.50.

THE WEATHER.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, March 23, 1[...]

LOCAL TIME.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Dew-point.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	St[ate of] We[ather]
5:59 a. m.	30.20	30.0	24	SE	22	Fair
1:59 p. m.	29.92	61.0	35	SW	23	Fair
5:59 p. m.	....	....	....	....	....	
Means	....	....	....	....	....	

Maximum temperature, 62.0.
Minimum temperature, 28.0.
Normal for the day, 44.0.

V. P. CHAPPEL,
Sergt. Signal Corp[s]

The Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23, 18[...]

The following observations are taken at [...] 75th meridian time:

STATIONS.	Barom.	Therm.	Change in 24 h.	Wind.	Rainfall in 24 h.	W[eather]
Jacksonville, Fla	30.50	86	-24	NW	....	Cl[...]
Vicksburg	30.42	42	†4	SE	....	Cl[...]
New Orleans	30.40	44	-2	E	....	Clo[...]
Shreveport	30.30	48	†8	S	....	Clo[...]
Little Rock	30.30	42	†12	S	....	Clou[...]
Galveston	30.30	60	....	SE	....	Clou[...]
Memphis	30.34	34	†6	SE	....	Clou[...]
Nashville	30.42	24	....	SE	....	Clear
Louisville	30.42	20	-4	SE	....	Clear
Indianapolis	30.38	18	†8	S	....	Cloud[...]
Cincinnati	30.42	20	†8	SW	....	Fair.
Pittsburg	30.22	14	-8	W	*	Snow.
Marquette, Mich	Miss.					
Chicago	30.20	18	†16	S	....	Cloud
Duluth	30.22	-4	†6	NE	....	Fair.
St. Paul	30.34	8	†22	NE	.01	Snow.
La Crosse	30.20	8	†16	SE	....	Cloud
Davenport	30.16	22	†22	S	.04	Snow
Cairo	30.32	30	†10	E	....	Fair
St. Louis	30.20	30	†16	SE	....	Fair
Leavenworth	29.96	34	†20	SE	....	Clou[...]
Omaha	29.84	32	†24	S	....	Clea[...]
Moorhead	30.00	10	†30	SE	.08	Snow
St. Vincent	30.16	2	....	E	....	Clou[...]
Bismarck	29.82	18	†18	NE	....	Clou[...]
Ft. Buford	29.78	20	†4	NE	....	Fair
Ft. Assinaboine	29.76	30	-4	S	....	Fair
Deadwood	Miss.					
North Platte	29.82	28	†14	W	....	Clea[...]
Denver	29.90	34	....	S	....	Fair.
W. Las Animas	29.82	36	†14	SW	....	Cloudy
Dodge City	29.82	38	†18	SE	....	Fair.
Ft. Elliot	29.90	40	†18	S	....	Clear.
El Paso	29.90	50	†10	E	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.74	44	†10	NE	....	Clear.
San Francisco	29.92	52	†2	W	....	Cloudy

Dash (*—) indicates trace of rainfall or snow; † [in]dicates rise; - indicates fall; — below zero.

V. P. CHAPPEL,
Sergeant Signal Corp[s]

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Indicati[ons] for the twenty-four hours commencing at [...] m. to-day:

For Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansa[s]: Fresh to brisk southerly winds, warmer f[...] weather followed by occasional rain or sn[ow] in Kansas.

The Lower Missouri and Upper Ohio riv[ers] will rise somewhat; the Savannah will fal[l at] Augusta; the other rivers will change sligh[tly].

THE RIVERS.

Local River Report.

ST. LOUIS, March 23, 1[...]

STATIONS.	Above Low Beach-mark.	CHANGE. Rise.	CHANGE. Fall.
St. Louis	18.6 ft.	1.7	0.0
Peoria	12.3 ft.	0.0	0.1
Beardstown	00.0 ft.	0.0	0.0
Hermann	11.2 ft.	1.7	0.0
Grand Tower	14.5 ft.	0.7	0.0

*T indicates traces of rain or snowfall.

V. P. CHAP[PEL],
Sergt. Signal [Corps]

Dock and Dock.

The locals went out on time.

The New South to Paducah at 5 thi[s after]noon.

River swelling. Weather milder, clea[r with] a strong southwest wind blowing.

The electric lights of the Will S. Hay[s will] be put on Capt. Harry W. Brolaski's [...] Annie P. Silver. The Silver is a be[...] but now she will be lighter.

River Telegrams.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 23.—Rive[r ...] inch. Departed, City of Baton Rou[ge, St.] Louis, 1 a. m. Weather clear and pl[easant].

CINCINNATI, March 23.—River 18 feet [...] falling. Cloudy, light snow; thermom[eter ...] deg. Arrived—De Soto, Memphis.

CAIRO, Ill., March 23.—Arrived—[...] St. Louis, 8 a. m. River 25 feet 6 inc[hes] falling. Clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, March 23.—River rising, [...] 10 inches in the canal; 6 feet 8 inche[s on] falls. Cloudy and cool.